# WHO Prequalification of In Vitro Diagnostics PUBLIC REPORT

Product: FalciVax - Rapid test for Malaria Pv/Pf WHO reference number: PQDx 0290-025-00

FalciVax - Rapid test for Malaria Pv/Pf with product codes 503010025(1T), 503010010, 503010025, 503010050, 503010100 and 503010025 manufactured by Zephyr Biomedicals — A Division of Tulip Diagnostics (P) Ltd., CE-mark, was accepted for the WHO list of prequalified in vitro diagnostics and was listed on 3 June 2020.

# Summary of WHO prequalification assessment for FalciVax - Rapid test for Malaria Pv/Pf

	Date	Outcome
Prequalification listing	3 June 2020	listed
Dossier assessment	20 January 2020	MR
Site inspection(s) of the	21-25 January 2019	MR
quality management system		
Product performance	2018	MR
evaluation		

MR: Meets Requirements

# Report amendments and product changes

This public report has since been amended. Amendments may have arisen because of changes to the prequalified product for which the WHO has been notified and has undertaken a review. Amendments to the report are summarized in the following table, and details of each amendment are provided below.

Version	Summary of amendment	Date of report
		amendment
2.0	1. Change in use of specimen applicator from sample	24 June 2022
	loops to Inverted cups.	
	2. Change in use of lancets from stainless steel sterile	
	blood lancets to blood lancet plastic (twist off).	
3.0	Updates on commitments status.	7 July 2022
4.0	Addition of a pack size, with single tests in a	10 May 2023
	pack of 25 tests (product code 503010025 (1T).	

# Intended use

According to the claim of intended use from Zephyr Biomedicals – A Division of Tulip Diagnostics (P) Ltd., "FalciVax [- Rapid test for Malaria Pv/Pf] is a rapid, qualitative, two site sandwich immunoassay utilizing capillary and venous whole blood specimens of symptomatic patients for the detection of P.falciparum specific histidine rich protein-2 (Pf. HRP-2) and P.vivax specific plasmodium Lactate Dehydrogenase (pLDH) antigens and it is used in aiding the diagnosis and differentiation of malaria infections caused by P.falciparum and P.vivax. It is intended to be used by trained healthcare or laboratory professionals or other health care workers who have received appropriate training. This product can be used by trained lay providers operating at point-of-care in resource-limited settings. This product is not intended for self-testing and it is not for blood donor screening. The test is not automated; it needs to be performed and interpreted manually by the user".

# **Assay description**

According to the claim of assay description from Zephyr Biomedicals – A Division of Tulip Diagnostics (P) Ltd., "FalciVax [- Rapid test for Malaria Pv/Pf] utilizes the principle of agglutination of antibodies/ antisera with respective antigen in immuno-chromatography format along with use of nano gold particles as agglutination revealing agent. As the test specimen flows through the membrane assembly of the device after addition of the clearing buffer, the colored colloidal gold conjugates of the Agglutinating Sera for HRP-2 and the Agglutinating Sera for P. vivax specific pLDH complexes the HRP-2/ pLDH in the lysed specimen. This complex moves further on the membrane to the test region where it is immobilized by the Agglutinating Sera for Malaria specific pLDH and / or Agglutinating Sera for HRP-2 coated on the membrane leading to formation of pink-purple colored band/s which confirms a positive test result. A band will appear under Pf at the test region in falciparum positive specimens, while a band will appear under Pv in vivax malaria positive specimens. Appearance of band under Pf as well as Pv in the test region suggests a mixed infection. Absence of colored band/s in the test region indicates a negative test result. The unreacted conjugate and unbound complex if any, move further on the membrane and are subsequently immobilized by Agglutinating Sera for Rabbit globulin coated on the membrane at the control region, forming a pink-purple band. The control band formation is based on the 'Rabbit globulin / Agglutinating Sera for Rabbit globulin' system. Since it is completely independent of the analyte detection system, it facilitates formation of consistent control band signal independent of the analyte concentration. This control band serves to validate the test performance."

# **Test kit contents**

Component	25 tests (product code 503010025(1T)	10 tests (product code 503010010)	25 tests (product code 503010025)	50 tests (product code 503010050)	100 tests (product code 503010100)
Pouch-sealed test with desiccant and specimen	25 x 1T (25 single kit test/kit)	10	25	50	100
transfer device	25 x 1.0 ml	1 bottle	1 bottle	2 bottles	4 bottles
Clearing buffer bottle	25 X 1.0 MI	(total volume 3.0 ml)	(total volume 4.0 ml)	(total volume 8.0 ml)	(total volume 16.0 ml)
Alcohol swabs	25	10	25	50	100
Sterile lancets	25	10	25	50	100
Instructions for Use	25	1	1	1	1
Pictorial instructions for use	25	1	1	1	1

# Items required but not provided

Item	Description
Consumables:	
Disposable micropipette tips	NA
Venipuncture blood collection kit	
Additional alcohol swabs	
Additional sterile lancets	
Durables:	
Permanent marker	NA
Biohazard waste container	
Equipment:	Micropipette should be
Calibrated micropipette	capable of delivering 5µl
Timer	of specimen

# **Storage**

The test kit should be stored between 1°C to 40°C.

# Shelf-life upon manufacture

24 months

# Warnings/limitations

Refer to the Instructions for Use (IFU) attached to this report.

# Prioritization for prequalification

Based on the established criteria for acceptance in the WHO product testing of malaria RDTs Round 8<sup>1</sup>, FalciVax - Rapid test for Malaria Pv/Pf was given priority for WHO prequalification assessment.

# **Dossier assessment**

Zephyr Biomedicals – A Division of Tulip Diagnostics (P) Ltd. submitted a product dossier for FalciVax - Rapid test for Malaria Pv/Pf as per the "Instructions for compilation of a product dossier" (PQDx\_018 version 3). The information (data and documentation) submitted in the product dossier was reviewed by WHO staff and external technical experts (assessors) appointed by WHO.

The manufacturer's responses to the nonconformities found during dossier screening and assessment findings were accepted on 20 January 2020.

# **Commitments for prequalification**

- 1. The manufacturer will submit by 30 June 2020 an additional study investigating the potential interference of certain substances as per WHO document TSS-3. The commitment is under review.
- 2. The manufacturer will submit by 30 June 2020 an additional study investigating the potential cross-reactivity of certain substances as per WHO document TSS-3. The commitment is under review.

The manufacturer submitted additional studies. The additional information is currently under review.

Based on the product dossier screening and assessment findings, the product dossier for FalciVax - Rapid test for Malaria Pv/Pf meets WHO prequalification requirements.

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https://www.who.int/malaria/publications/atoz/9789241514965/en/

# Manufacturing site inspection

An inspection of Zephyr Biomedicals – A Division of Tulip Diagnostics (P) Ltd. located at *M46-47, Phase III B, Verna, Goa, 403722, India,* was conducted between 21-25 January 2019. At the time of considering the product application for Prequalification, the Manufacturer of the product had a well-established quality management system and manufacturing practices in place that would support the manufacture of the product of consistent quality. Routine inspections of the Manufacturer will be conducted with copies of these WHO Public Inspection Reports (WHOPIRs) published on the WHO Prequalification web page as per Resolution WHA57.14 of the World Health Assembly. To note that a WHOPIR reflects the information on the most current inspection performed at a manufacturing site for in vitro diagnostic products and gives a summary of the inspection findings,

Information on the most current inspection can be found at:

https://extranet.who.int/pqweb/inspection-services/prequalification-reports/whopirs-vitro-diagnostics

All published WHOPIRs are with the agreement of the manufacturer.

# **Product performance evaluation**

FalciVax - Rapid test for Malaria Pv/Pf was evaluated in the eighth<sup>2</sup> round of WHO product testing of RDTs for malaria antigen detection, completed in 2018.

FalciVax - Rapid test for Malaria Pv/Pf was evaluated against a *Plasmodium falciparum* cultured line panel, *P. falciparum wild-type* parasite panel, *P. vivax* wild type parasite panel and a *P. falciparum* and *P. vivax* negative panel.

https://www.who.int/malaria/publications/atoz/9789241514965/en/

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Performance characteristics				
	P. falciparum	P. vivax		
Panel detection score at 200 parasites/µL	95	100		
(Pf N=100) (Pv N=35)				
False positive results %	0.5			
(N= 208)				
Invalid rate %	0			
(N= 1210)				
Inter-reader variability %*	Not applicable			
Lowest concentration of	Not applicable.			
HRP2/pLDH detected using the				
1 <sup>st</sup> WHO International standard				
for Pf antigens (NIBSC code:				
16/376)*				

<sup>\*</sup> Not applicable for assays evaluated in WHO product testing of RDTs for malaria antigen detection

# Operational characteristics and ease of use

This assay does not require laboratory equipment and can be performed in laboratories with limited facilities or non-laboratory settings.

Key operational characteristics	
Number of steps*	2 steps in total
Time to result	20 minutes
Endpoint stability (interval)	10 minutes (the test can be read between 20 and 30 minutes after the addition of diluent)
Internal QC	Yes. The test has a control line. The test has an internal control line. The presence of the control line indicates that migration of liquid has occurred; however, it does not guarantee that the correct specimen type or volume was added or that the test procedure was followed correctly.

<sup>\*</sup> Definition: each action required to obtain a result (excluding specimen collection, device preparation – opening the pouch), e.g. for RDTs: add specimen, add buffer (2 steps).

Based on these results, the performance evaluation for FalciVax - Rapid test for Malaria Pv/Pf meets the WHO prequalification requirements.

# Labelling

- 1. Labels
- 2. Instructions for use

# 1. Labels

# 1.1 Kit box labels

Size: 150 x 120 mm



Contents:

1 x Test device.

1 x Test device.

1 x Cleaning buffer bottle.

1 x Disposable specimen application.

1 x Disposable specimen application.

1 x Pictorial instructions for use.

1 x A Pictorial instructions for use.

1 x Starte larcet.

1 x Starte larcet.

1 x Buffer larcet.

1 x Test do d'C Store at 1'C to 40'C Do Not Freeze or Do N

Size: 55 x 65 mm

Size: 55 x 18 mm

\*\*TalciVax\*\*\*

\*\*Inc.\*\*\*\*

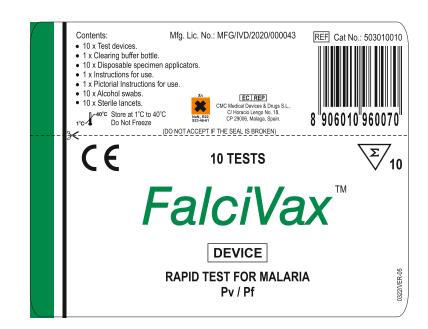
\*\*FalciVax\*\*\*

\*\*CLEARING BUFFER

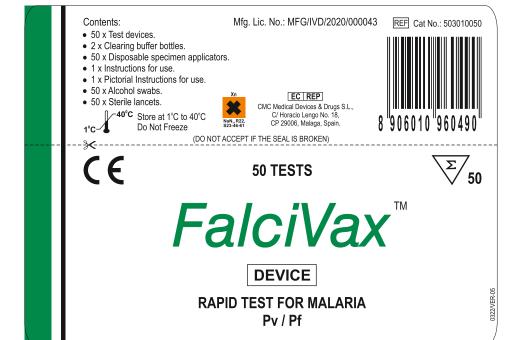
\*\*BUFF

1 mm

1









- 100 x Test devices.
- 4 x Clearing buffer bottles.
- 100 x Disposable specimen applicators.
- 1 x Instructions for use.
- 1 x Pictorial Instructions for use.
- 100 x Alcohol swabs.
- 100 x Sterile lancets.



**40°C** Store at 1°C to 40°C Do Not Freeze



(DO NOT ACCEPT IF THE SEAL IS BROKEN)

### EC REP

Mfg. Lic. No.: MFG/IVD/2020/000043

CMC Medical Devices & Drugs S.L., C/ Horacio Lengo No. 18, CP 29006, Malaga, Spain.

engo No. 18, 8 9 0 6 0 1 0 1 9



**100 TESTS** 



REF Cat No.: 503010100

100

FalciVax TM

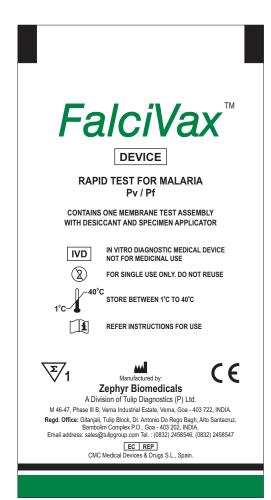
**DEVICE** 

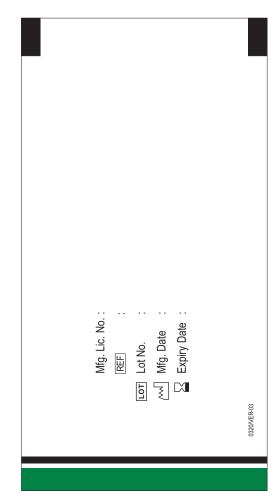
RAPID TEST FOR MALARIA Pv / Pf

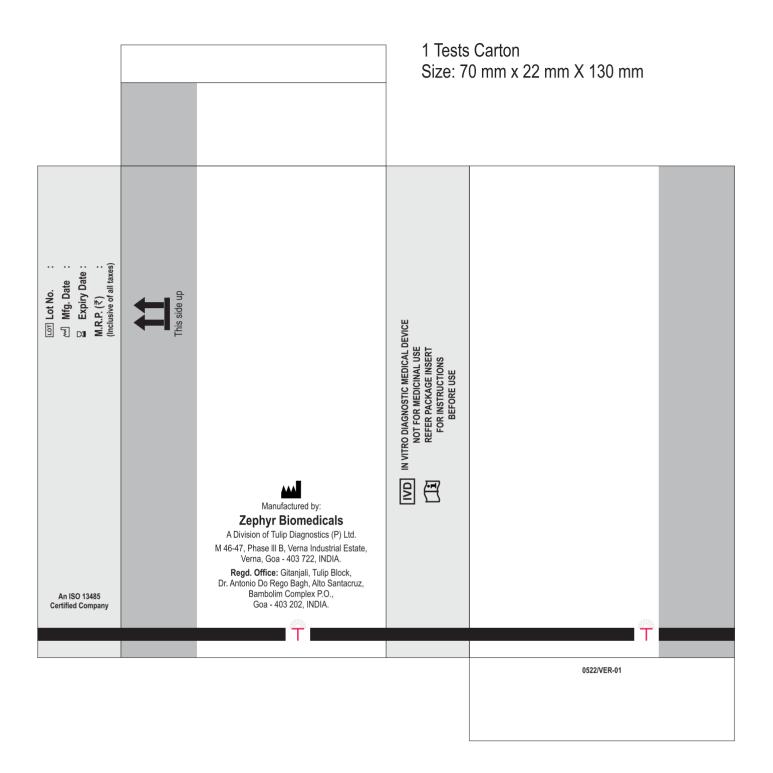
ODAVED.

# 1.2 Clearing buffer label

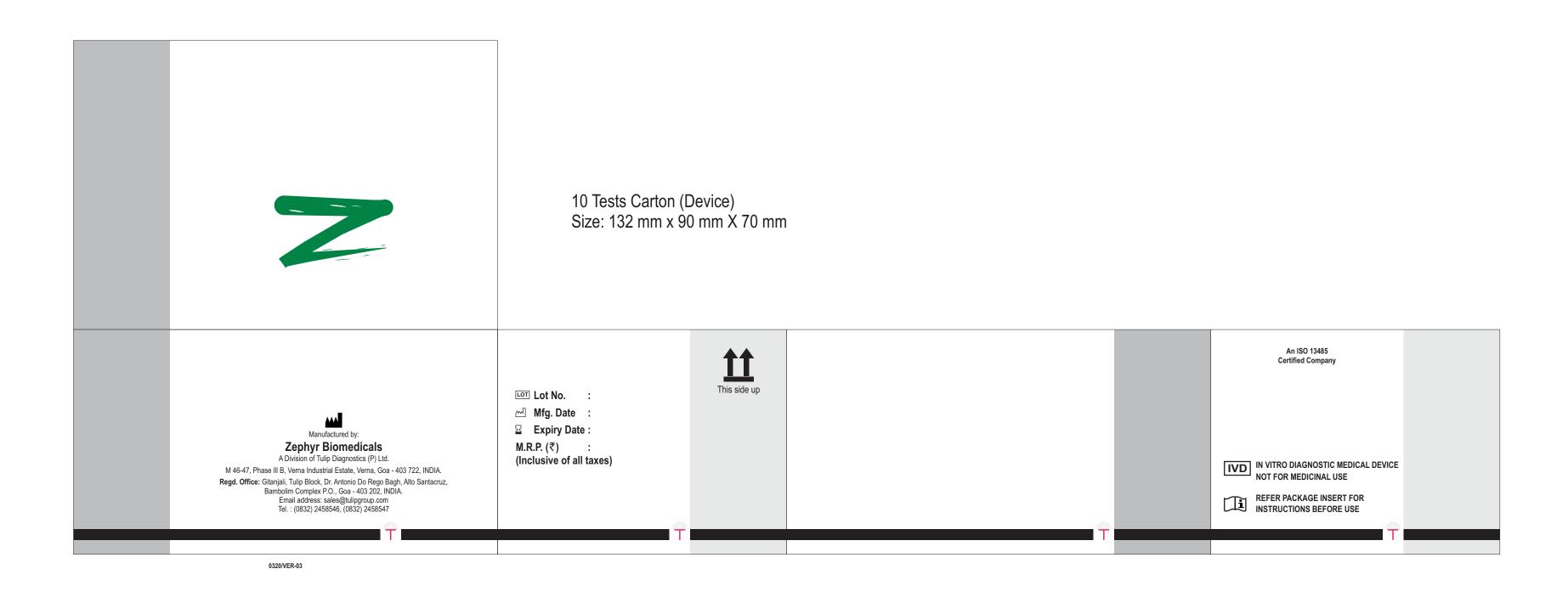


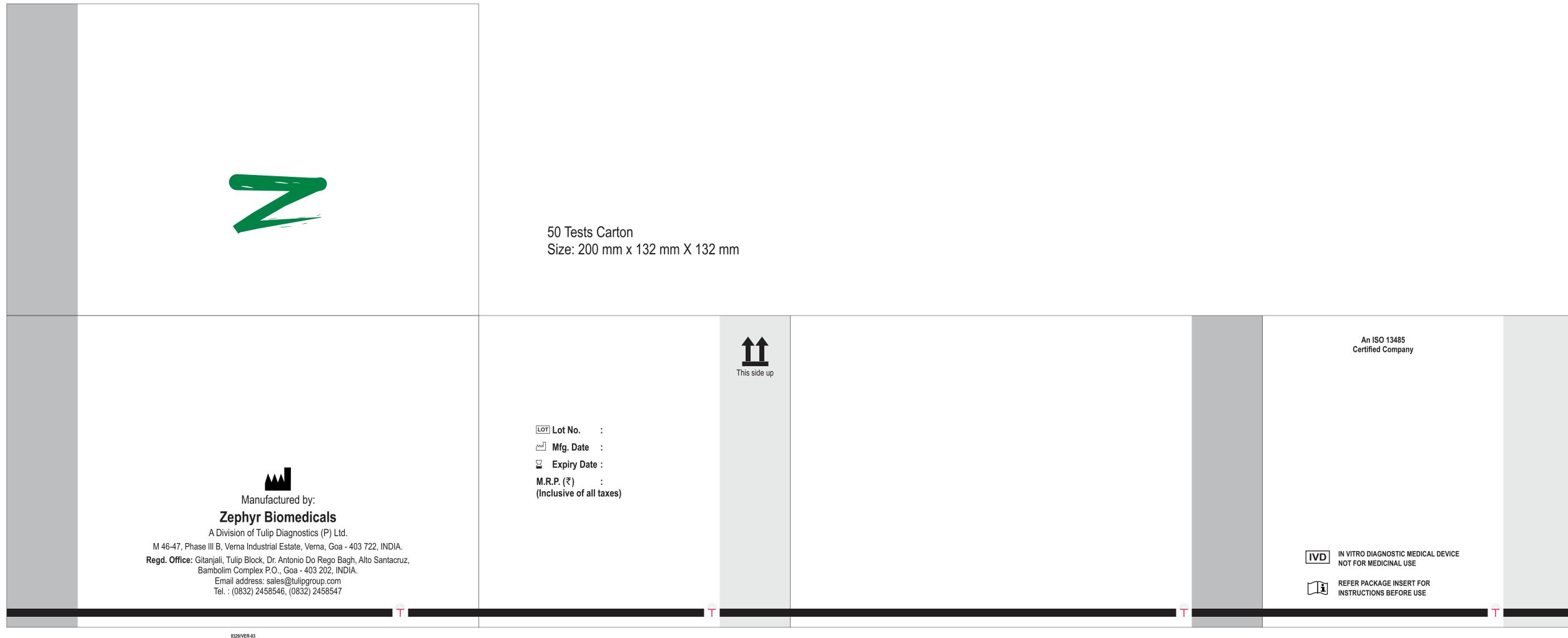


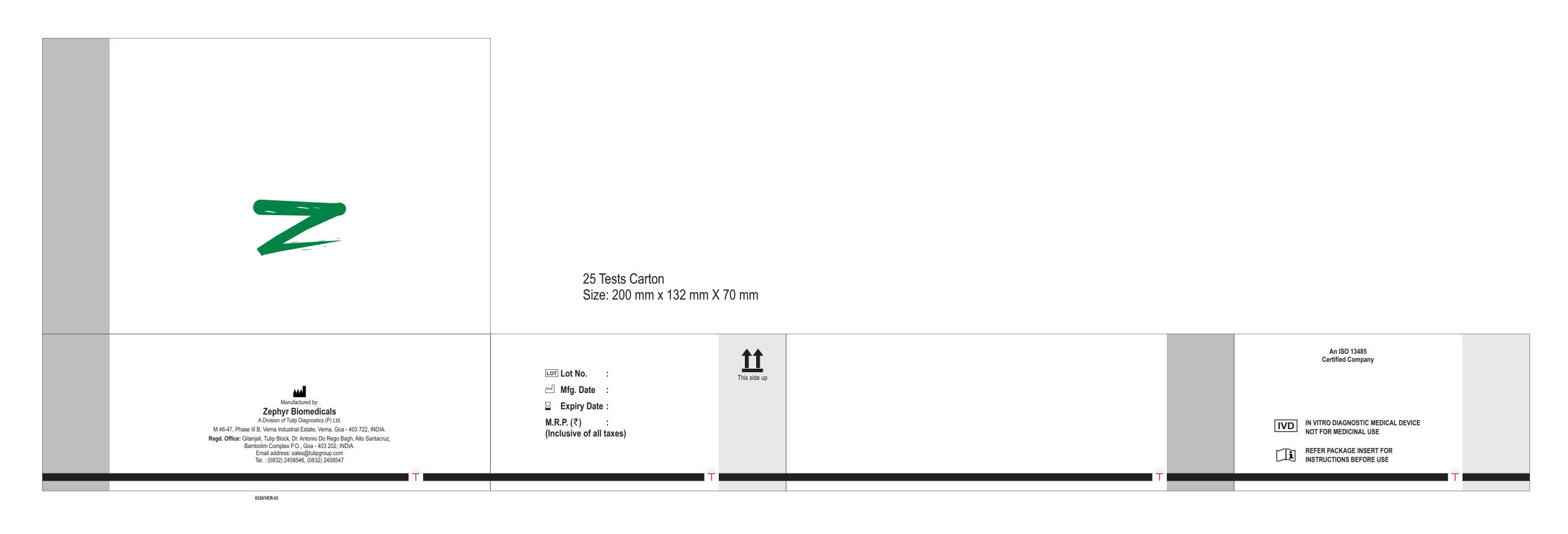


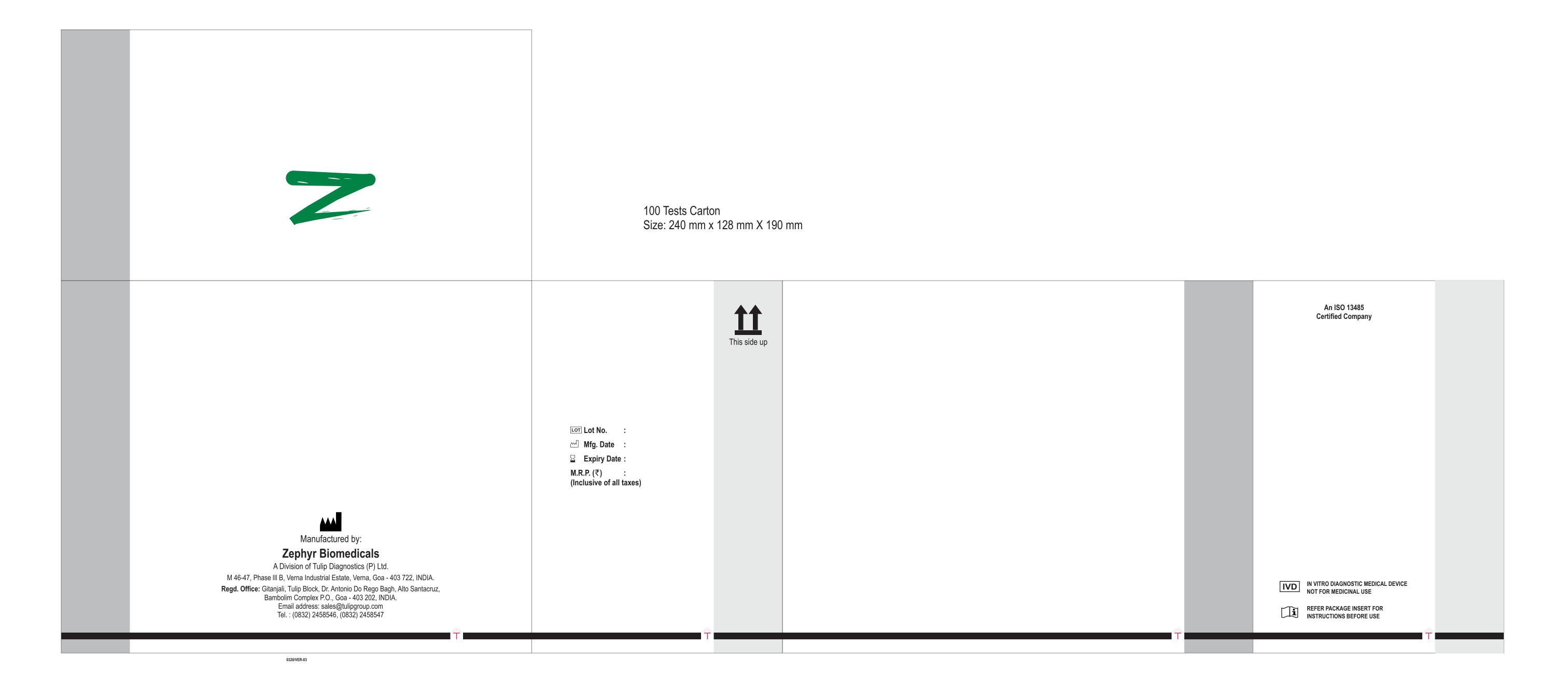


25 x 1 Test Carton Size: 300 mm x 135 mm X 145 mm This side up An ISO 13485 Certified Company LOT Lot No. : △ Mfg. Date : M.R.P. (₹) : (Inclusive of all taxes) Manufactured by: **Zephyr Biomedicals** A Division of Tulip Diagnostics (P) Ltd. M 46-47, Phase III B, Verna Industrial Estate, Verna, Goa - 403 722, INDIA. Regd. Office: Gitanjali, Tulip Block, Dr. Antonio Do Rego Bagh, Alto Santacruz, Bambolim Complex P.O., Goa - 403 202, INDIA.
Email address: sales@tulipgroup.com
Tel.: (0832) 2458546, (0832) 2458547 IVD IN VITRO DIAGNOSTIC MEDICAL DEVICE NOT FOR MEDICINAL USE REFER PACKAGE INSERT FOR INSTRUCTIONS BEFORE USE









2. Instructions for use<sup>3</sup>

2

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> English version of the IFU was the one that was assessed by WHO. It is the responsibility of the manufacturer to ensure correct translation into other languages.

REF 503010025(1T) 503010010 503010025 503010050 503010100

# RAPID TEST FOR MALARIA Pv/Pf

DEVICE

## INTENDED USE

FalciVax™ is a rapid, qualitative, two site sandwich immunoassay utilizing capillary and venous whole blood specimens of symptomatic patients for the detection of P. falciparum specific histidine rich protein-2 (Pf. HRP-2) and P. vivax specific plasmodium Lactate Dehydrogenase (pLDH) antigens and it is used in aiding the diagnosis and differentiation of malaria infections caused by P. falciparum and P. vivax.

It is intended to be used by trained healthcare or laboratory professionals or other health care workers who have received appropriate training. This product can be used by trained lay providers operating at point-of-care in resource-limited settings. This product is not intended for self-testing and it is not for blood donor screening. The test is not automated; it needs to be performed and interpreted manually by the user.

#### SHMMARY

Four species of the Plasmodium parasites are responsible for malarial infections in human viz. *P. falciparum*, *P. vivax*, *P. ovale* and *P. malariae*. Of these *P. falciparum* and *P. vivax* are considered the "Big Two" due to incidence of cerebral malaria and drug resistance associated with *P. falciparum* malaria, and high rate of infectivity and relapse associated with *P. vivax*. As the course of treatment is dependent on the species, differentiation between *P. falciparum* and *P. vivax* is of utmost importance for better patient management and speedy recovery.

In FalciVax<sup>TM</sup>, the detection system for *P. falciparum* malaria is based on the detection of *P. falciparum* specific histidine rich protein-2 (Pf. HRP-2), which is a water soluble protein that is released from parasitised red blood cells of infected individuals. The detection system for *P. vivax* malaria is based on presence of *P. vivax* specific pLDH.

## **PRINCIPLE**

FalciVax™ utilizes the principle of agglutination of antibodies/ antisera with respective antigen in immuno-chromatography format along with use of nano gold particles as agglutination revealing agent. As the test specimen flows through the membrane assembly of the device after addition of the clearing buffer, the colored colloidal gold conjugates of the Agglutinating Sera for HRP-2 and the Agglutinating Sera for *P. vivax* specific pLDH complexes the HRP-2/ pLDH in the lysed specimen. This complex moves further on the membrane to the test region where it is immobilized by the Agglutinating Sera for Malaria specific pLDH and / or Agglutinating Sera for HRP-2 coated on the membrane leading to formation of pink-purple colored band/s which confirms a positive test result. A band will appear under Pf at the test region in falciparum positive specimens, while a band will appear under Pv in vivax malaria positive specimens. Appearance of band under Pf as well as Pv in the test region suggests a mixed infection.

Absence of colored band/s in the test region indicates a negative test result. The unreacted conjugate and unbound complex if any, move further on the membrane and are subsequently immobilized by Agglutinating Sera for Rabbit globulin coated on the membrane at the control region, forming a pink-purple band. The control band formation is based on the 'Rabbit globulin / Agglutinating Sera for Rabbit globulin' system. Since it is completely independent of the analyte detection system, it facilitates formation of consistent control band signal independent of the analyte concentration. This control band serves to validate the test performance.

## REAGENTS AND MATERIALS SUPPLIED

## FalciVax<sup>™</sup> kit contains:

- A. Individual pouches, each containing:
  - 1. DEVICE Membrane assembly pre-dispensed with Agglutinating Sera for HRP-2 colloidal gold conjugate, Agglutinating Sera for *P. vivax* specific pLDH colloidal gold conjugate, rabbit globulin colloidal gold conjugate, Agglutinating Sera for HRP-2, Agglutinating Sera for Malaria specific pLDH and Agglutinating Sera for Rabbit globulin at the respective regions.
  - Desiccant pouch.
  - 3. PIPETTE Disposable Plastic Specimen Applicator.
- B. BUF Clearing buffer in a dropper bottle.
- C. Instructions for use.
- D. Pictorial instructions for use.
- E. Alcohol swabs 70% Isopropyl alcohol.
- F. Sterile lancets.

Product codes	REF	503010025(1T)	503010010	503010025	503010050	503010100
Pouch Sealed tests 🔻		25 x 1T	10	25	50	100
		(25 single kit test/kit)				
Clearing buffer bottles		25 x 1.0ml	01 x 3.0ml	01 x 4.0ml	02 x 4.0ml	04 x 4.0ml
Alcohol swabs		25	10	25	50	100
Sterile lancets		25	10	25	50	100
Instructions for use		25	01	01	01	01
Pictorial instructions for	use	25	01	01	01	01

# MATERIALS REQUIRED BUT NOT PROVIDED

Calibrated micropipette capable of delivering 5µl specimen accurately, disposable micropipette tips.

Permanent marker Pen/pencil, disposable gloves, timer.

Biosafety sharps container and Biohazard waste container (for potentially infectious waste).

Venipuncture blood collection kit (if whole blood is collected by venepuncture).

Additional alcohol swabs (if any included in the kit are found dry) and additional sterile lancets (if any included in the kit have the sterility seal broken).

# STORAGE AND STABILITY

The sealed pouches in the test kit & the kit components may be stored between 1°C to 40°C till the duration of the shelf life as indicated on the pouch/ carton. DO NOT FREEZE. After first opening of the clearing buffer bottle, it can be stored between 1°C to 40°C for the remaining duration of its shelf life.

# **WARNINGS**

Read the instructions carefully before performing the test.

For in vitro diagnostic use only. NOT FOR MEDICINAL USE. For professional use.

The test is for aiding in diagnosis of malaria infection and not for screening which requires confirmation.

Do not use beyond expiry date.

Do not use components from different lots of the product.

The device, specimen applicator, alcohol swab and blood lancet are for single use only.

Contact with the contents of desiccant pouch containing, among other substances, cobalt chloride (CAS#7646-79-9) should be kept to a minimum. Inhalation / swallowing may cause harm.

Handle all specimens as potentially infectious.

Follow standard biosafety guidelines for handling and disposal of potentially infectious material.

Clearing buffer contains Sodium Azide(0.1%), avoid skin contact with this reagent. Azide may react with lead and copper in the plumbing system and form highly explosive metal oxides. Flush with large volumes of water to prevent azide build up in the plumbing.

# SPECIMEN COLLECTION AND PREPARATION

# For specimen collection, refer to pictorial instructions for use.

Fresh capillary/venous whole blood from finger prick / puncture should be used as a test specimen. However, fresh anti-coagulated venous whole blood may also be used as a test specimen. Using standard blood collection practices, collect venous whole blood into the commercially available anti-coagulant tube such as EDTA or CPDA or Heparin or Oxalate or Tri-sodium Citrate. If immediate testing is not possible then the specimen may be stored at 2°C to 8°C for upto 72 hours before testing and should be brought to room temperature (20°C to 30°C) before use on the test. Clotted, hemolysed or lipaemic whole blood specimens should not be used for performing the test.

# TESTING PROCEDURE AND INTERPRETATION OF RESULTS

- Bring the FalciVax<sup>™</sup> kit components to room temperature (20°C to 30°C) before testing.
- Open the pouch and retrieve the device, specimen applicator and desiccant pouch. Check the color of the desiccant. It should be blue, if it has turned colorless or pink, discard the device and use another device. Once opened, the device must be used immediately.
- Label the test device with patient identifier.
- Place the testing device on a flat horizontal surface. 4.
- Tighten the cap of the clearing buffer bottle provided with the kit in the clockwise direction to pierce the buffer bottle nozzle.

#### 6. Specimen application

- Venous whole blood: Evenly mix the anti-coagulated whole blood by gentle swirling. Dip the specimen applicator into the whole blood. Ensuring that an applicator full of blood is retrieved, immediately blot the blood so collected in the specimen port 'A'(This delivers approximately 5µl of the whole blood specimen). Alternatively, 5µl of the anti-coagulated venous whole blood specimen may be delivered in the specimen port 'A' using a micropipette.
- Capillary whole blood: Touch the specimen applicator to the whole blood on the finger prick. Ensuring that an applicator full of blood is retrieved, immediately blot the blood so collected in the specimen port 'A'(Care should be taken that whole blood specimen is not clotted and transfer to the specimen port is immediate). Alternatively, 5µl of the capillary finger-prick whole blood specimen may be delivered in the specimen port 'A' using a micropipette.
- Note: Ensure that the whole blood from the specimen applicator has been completely taken up at the specimen port 'A'.
- Immediately dispense two drops of clearing buffer into buffer port 'B' holding the buffer bottle vertically and switch on the timer. To avoid contamination of clearing buffer bottle, do not touch the buffer port 'B' with the tip of clearing buffer bottle.
- Read the results at the end of 20 minutes as follows:



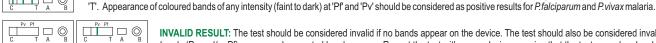
NEGATIVE for malaria: Only one pink-purple band appears in the control window 'C'.



POSITIVE for P.vivax malaria: In addition to the control band, a pink-purple band also appears under the region marked 'Pv' in the test window 'T'. Appearance of a coloured band of any intensity (faint to dark) at 'Pv' should be considered as positive result for Pvivax malaria.



POSITIVE for P.falciparum malaria: In addition to the control band, a pink-purple band also appears under the region marked 'Pf' in the test window 'T'. Appearance of a coloured band of any intensity (faint to dark) at 'Pf should be considered as positive result for P.falciparum malaria. POSITIVE for P.falciparum and P.vivax malaria: In addition to the control band, two pink-purple bands appear under the regions marked 'Pf' and 'Pv' in the test window



INVALID RESULT: The test should be considered invalid if no bands appear on the device. The test should also be considered invalid if only test

bands (Pv and/or Pf) appear and no control band appears. Repeat the test with a new device ensuring that the test procedure has been followed

CAUTION: Do not read results after 30 minutes as it may show erroneous results.

## **PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS**

# A. Analytical Performance Study

# A1. Potentially interfering exogenous and endogenous substances:

The following Potentially interfering substances have no impact on test results of *FalciVax*™:

Type of Specimen			Sr. No.	Potential Interfering substances
			1	Total Protein
			2	Bilirubin, conjugated
	Endogenous substance	е	3	Cholesterol
			4	Triglycerides
			5	Haemoglobin
		A -4:L: -4: -	1	Amoxicillin
Commo	n Drugs	Antibiotic	2	Ciprofloxacin
Commi	ili Diugs	Anti inflammatan	1	Aspirin
		Anti-inflammatory	2	Ibuprofen
			1	Chloroquine
		Anti-Malaria Drugs		Doxycycline
				ACT
	Anti-Ma			Primaquine
			5	Mefloquine
			6	Sulfadoxine
Exogenous Substance			7	Pyrimethamine
			1	Ethambutol
	Anti-	TB Drugs	2	Isoniazide
			3	Rifampin
			1	Lamivudine
			2	Efavirenz
	Anti-Ret	roviral Drugs	3	Emtricitabine
			4	Tenofovir
		5	Atazanavir	

# A2. Cross Reacting infections, disease and medical conditions:

The following 17 potential cross reacting infections/diseases/conditions did not affect the performance of  $\textit{FalciVax}^{\text{TM}}$ .

Potential Cross reacting infections/diseases/conditions					
1	T. cruzi	10	Toxoplasma gondii		
2	Dengue virus	11	Influenza A/B		
3	Leishmania spp	12	Yellow fever virus		
4	Brucella spp	13	Leptospira spp		
5	Measles virus (Rubeola virus)	14	Treponema pallidum		
6	HAV	15	HAMA		
7	HBV	16	ANA		
8	HCV	17	Rheumatoid factor		
9	HIV-1/HIV-2				

# A3. Precision (Repeatability)

Within run, precision was determined using 10 replicates of 5 different venous whole blood specimens in 03 different lots of *FalciVax*™ which is summarized below:

*Quality control Panel	Accuracy (%)
Malaria Negative	100%
P.falciparum Positive (Moderate Positive)	100%
P.falciparum Positive (Weak Positive)	100%
P.vivax Positive (Moderate Positive)	100%
P.vivax Positive (Weak Positive)	100%

# A4. Precision (Reproducibility)

Between run, precision was determined using 5 different blinded venous whole blood specimens in 3 different lots of FalciVax<sup>™</sup> X 3 different operators X 3 different sites X 5 different days which is summarized below:

*Quality control Panel		Accuracy (%)				
Quality Collifor Faller	Between Day	Between Operator	Between lot	Between site		
Malaria Negative	100%	100%	100%	100%		
P.falciparum Positive (Moderate Positive)	100%	100%	100%	100%		
P.falciparum Positive (Weak Positive)	100%	97.7%	100%	100%		
P.vivax Positive (Moderate Positive)	100%	100%	100%	100%		
P.vivax Positive (Weak Positive)	100%	100%	100%	100%		

<sup>\*</sup>Quality control panel specimens have been confirmed by microscopy as malaria negative and malaria positive. Malaria positive specimens were classified as moderate or weak positive based on respective parasite counts as determined by microscopy.

A5. Analytical Sensitivity
The sensitivity of *FalciVax*™ for *P.falciparum* is 100 parasites/µl and for *P.vivax* is 200 parasite/µl based on microscopy results.

# B. Clinical Performance study: Diagnostic Specificity and Diagnostic Sensitivity

B1. In an in-house study, a panel of 200 venous whole blood specimens whose results were earlier confirmed with microscopy were tested with FalciVax<sup>TM</sup>. The results obtained are as follows:

Specimens	Total no. of specimens tested	Falc	iVax™	Sensitivity	Specificity
Specimens	Total no. of specimens tested	Positive	Negative	(95% CI)	(95% CI)
P.falciparum	20	20	0	100% (83.16% to 100.00%)	-
P.vivax	25	25	0	100% (86.28% to 100.00%)	-
Pf and Pv Malaria Negative	155	0	155	-	100% (97.65% to 100.00%)

# B2. External evaluation studies:

## Table 1

	Total Number of	Specimen Type		Number of	Number of	Number of	
Study Site	Malaria Negative specimens Tested	Population type	Mode of Collection	specimens Negative by Microscopy	specimens Negative in <i>FalciVax</i> ™	specimens falsely Positive in <i>FalciVax</i> ™	
Jharkhand, India	985	Hospitalized Patients	Finger prick/ venous phlebotomy	985	985	0	
Maharashtra, India.	1000	Blood Donors	Venous whole blood	1000	1000	0	
Goa. India.	39	Symptomatic/ Asymptomatic Individuals	Capillary Whole Blood	39	39	0	
ood, maid.			Venous Whole Blood	39	39	0	
Odisha, India	545		Venous Whole Blood	545	545	0	
Odisha, India	497	Neonates	Heel Prick	497	497	0	
Based on above data:							
Total Nos. tested			Overall Specificity		95% Confidence Interval		
3105			100%		99.88% to 100.00%		

# Table 2

Study Site	Total Number of Malaria Positive	Population type	Specimen Type		Number of specimens Positive	Number of specimens Positive	Number of specimens falsely	
	specimens Tested	. opailation type	Mode of Collection	Species Type	by Microscopy	in <i>FalciVax</i> ™	Negative in <i>FalciVax</i> ™	
	403	Hospitalized Patients	Finger prick/ venous	P.falciparum	403	403	0	
	312		phlebotomy	P.vivax	312	312	0	
	26	Symptomatic/	Capillary and	P.falciparum	26	26	0	
India	29	Asymptomatic	Venous	P.vivax	29	29	0	
	06	Individuals	Whole Blood	P.falciparum + P.vivax	06	06	0	
	01	Pregnant Women	Venous Whole Blood	P.falciparum	01	01	0	
	04			P.vivax	04	04	0	
	01	Neonates	Heel Prick	P.falciparum	01	01	0	
	02			P.vivax	02	02	0	

# Based on above data:

baood on above data.						
Plasmodium species	Total Nos. tested	Overall Sensitivity	95% Confidence Interval			
P.falciparum	431	100%	99.15% to 100.00%			
P.vivax	347	100%	98.94% to 100.00%			
P.falciparum + P.vivax	06	100%	54.07% to 100.00%			

### LIMITATIONS OF THE TEST

- 1. As with all diagnostic tests, the results must always be correlated with clinical findings.
- 2. The results of test are to be interpreted within the epidemiological, clinical and therapeutic context.
- 3. Any modification to the above procedure and / or use of other reagents will invalidate the test procedure.
- 4. Hook effect may be observed at parasite density ≥3,00,000 parasite/µl. In such cases, repeat the test by using different dilutions of same specimen. Other clinical data (e.g symptoms, travel history, risky factors) should be used in conjunction with the test results.
- Potential cross-reacting diseases such as HAT, Tick-borne Encephalitis and those caused by Schistosoma spp have not been tested in this product, and their associated interference in FalciVax™ is not known.
- 6. Interference due to presence of heterophile antibodies in patient's specimen can lead to erroneous analyte detection in immunoassay, has been reported in various studies. *FalciVax*™ uses HETEROPHILIC BLOCKING REAGENT (HBR) to inhibit majority of these interferences.
- In case of (Pv+Pf) mixed infections, FalciVax<sup>Till</sup> detects P.vivax as low as 200 parasite/µl even in presence of high P.falciparum densities of ~2,00,000 parasite/µl. In suspected cases of P. falciparum densities > 2,00,000 parasite/µl, confirm the results with microscopy.
- 8. FalciVax M is 100% sensitive to P. falciparum and P. vivax malaria. However, a negative test result does not rule out the possibility of infection with P. ovale and P. malariae.
- 9. In P. falciparum malaria infection, Pf. HRP-2 is not secreted in gametogony stage. Hence in "Carriers", the 'Pf' band may be absent.
- 10. Since Pf. HRP-2 persists for upto a fortnight even after successful therapy, a positive test result does not indicate a failed therapeutic response. If the reaction of the test remains positive with the same intensity after 5-10 days, post treatment, the possibility of a resistant strain of malaria has to be considered.

#### WARRANTY

This product is designed to perform as described on the label and Instructions for use. The manufacturer disclaims any implied warranty of use and sale for any other purpose. In the event of performance changes or product malfunction, please contact manufacturer.

# **BIBLIOGRAPHY**

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- 2. Parra, M.E., et al., 1991: Identification of Plasmodium falciparum Histidine-Rich Protein 2 in the Plasma of Humans with Malaria. J. Clin. Microbiol., 29, 1629-1634.
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- 7. Palmer, C. J., (1998) Evaluation of OptiMal test for rapid diagnosis of Plasmodium vivax and Plasmodium falciparum. J. Clin Microbiol. 36(1) 203-206.
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- 9. Data on file: Zephyr Biomedicals.

# SYMBOL KEYS

1	Temperature Limitation	***	Manufacturer	DEVICE	Device	EC T	Authorised Representative	
$\square$	Use by		Consult Instructions for use	PIPETTE	Disposable Plastic Specimen Applicator	100	in the European Community	
M	Date of Manufacture	REF	Catalogue Number	BUF	Clearing Buffer	Xn	Harmful if swallowed. Do not breathe vapour. If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show this container or label. Avoid release to the environment. Refer to special instructions.	
LOT	Batch Number / Lot Number	IVD	In vitro Diagnostic Medical Device	11	This side up	Nain, R22		
Σ	Contains sufficient for <n> tests</n>	(2)	Do not reuse	8	Do not use if package is damaged	S23-46-61		



Manufactured by:

# **Zephyr Biomedicals**

A Division of Tulip Diagnostics (P) Ltd.

M 46-47, Phase III B, Verna Industrial Estate, Verna, Goa - 403 722, INDIA.

Regd. Office: Gitanjali, Tulip Block, Dr. Antonio Do Rego Bagh, Alto Santacruz, Bambolim Complex P.O., Goa - 403 202, INDIA.
Email address: sales@tulipgroup.com
Tel.: (0832) 2458546, (0832) 2458547

EC REP

CMC Medical Devices & Drugs S.L., Spain.

# Interpretation of Results



**NEGATIVE** 

for Malaria

No band on 'C'&'T' Area

INVALID

Repeat the test





Band on 'C'&'T'-Pf Area POSITIVE for P.falciparum



Band on 'C'&'T'-Pv,Pf Area POSITIVE for P. v. & P. f.



No band on 'C'. Band on 'T'-Pf Area Band on 'T'-Pv Area INVALID INVALID Repeat the test Repeat the test



Band on 'T'-Pv & Pf Area INVALID Repeat the test

Note: Coloured bands of any intensity (faint to dark) at 'Pv' and/or 'Pf' should be considered as positive result.

For further information, contact

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CMC Medical Devices & Drugs S.L., Spain.





REF 503010025(1T) 503010010 503010025 503010050 503010100

Fig. B

5µ1

For blood collection, hold the specimen applicator vertically as shown above Fig A. With the pricked finger facing downwards

towards the specimen applicator, allow the blood drop to touch the cup side of specimen applicator, Fig.B. Ensure that the cup full of

Fig. C

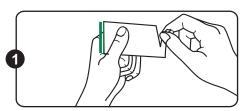
# Test Procedure using Capillary whole blood specimen —

Fig. A

blood is retrieved Fig C.

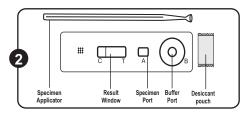
6

specimen pad.



Open pouch at cut mark and remove all content; the device, disposable specimen applicator & desiccant pouch. Once opened, the device must be used immediately.

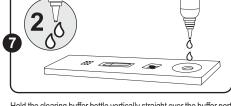
Note: Before opening the pouch, check the date of expiration on the back side of the pouch. Do not use beyond expiry date.



Component details are shown above. Check the colour of the desiccant. It should be blue, if it has turned colourless or pink, discard the device & use a new device.



Clean finger to be pricked with an alcohol swab. Allow to dry. "Avoid finger with callus".

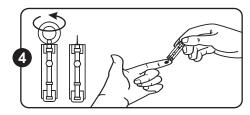


Blot the collected blood ( $5\mu I$ ) in the specimen port 'A' by touching

applicator vertically straight onto the specimen pad. Ensure that the

blood from the applicator has been completely taken up at the

Hold the clearing buffer bottle vertically straight over the buffer port 'B' without having contact with the pad to avoid contamination & add exactly 2 drops of buffer onto the buffer port. Start the stop watch.



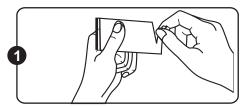
Take a sterile lancet. Open the lancet by twisting the cap. Squeeze the finger tip then prick the lateral side of the tip with sterile lancet. Safely dispose off the used lancet as biohazardous sharps waste.



Read the test Results at the end of 20 minutes. Do not read test results after 30 minutes.

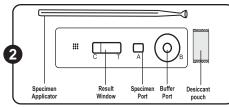


# Test Procedure for Venous Whole Blood Specimen

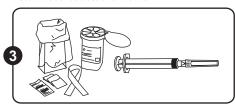


Open pouch at cut mark and remove all content; the device, disposable specimen applicator & desiccant pouch. Once opened, the device must be used immediately.

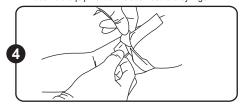
Note: Before opening the pouch, check the date of expiration on the back side of the pouch. Do not use beyond expiry date.



Component details are shown above. Check the colour of the desiccant. It should be blue, if it has turned colourless or pink, discard the device & use a new device.



Assemble equipment & include needle & syringe.



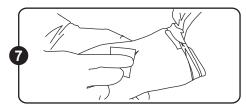
Apply a tourniquet, about 4 to 5 finger widths above the selected venepuncture site.



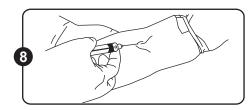
Ask the patient to form a fist.



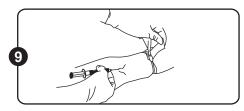
Put on well fitting non-sterile gloves.



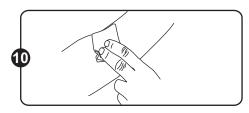
Disinfect the site using 70% Isopropyl Alcohol and let it dry completely.



Enter the syringe in vein swiftly at a 30° angle.



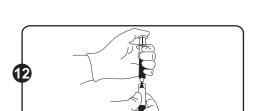
Release the tourniquet once sufficient blood has been collected.



Withdraw the needle gently and then give the patient a clean cotton.



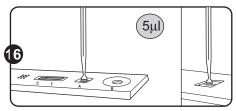
Label the tube with respective patient's name.



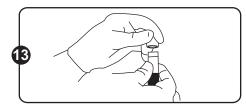
Transfer blood to the labeled tube.



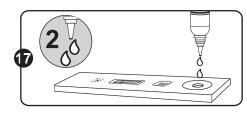
Dip the cup side of the specimen applicator in the tube. Ensure that an applicator full of blood is retrieved as shown in the above figure.



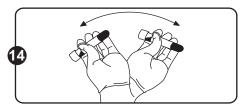
Blot the collected blood  $(5\mu l)$  in the specimen port 'A' by touching applicator vertically straight onto specimen pad. Ensure that the blood from the applicator has been completely taken up at the specimen pad.



Place the cap in the tube.



Hold the clearing buffer bottle vertically straight over the buffer port 'B' without having contact with the pad to avoid contamination & add exactly 2 drops of buffer onto the buffer port. Start the stop watch.



Invert specimen tube back and forth 5-10 times to mix the additives with the whole blood.



Read the test result at the end of 20 minutes. Do not read test result after 30 minutes