

WHO Prequalification of In Vitro Diagnostics PUBLIC REPORT

Product: OraQuick HIV 1/2 Rapid Antibody Test
WHO reference number: PQDx 0159-055-00

OraQuick HIV 1/2 Rapid Antibody Test with product codes **5x4-0010, 5x4-0012, 5x4-0014, 5x4-0015** and **5X4-0062** manufactured in Thailand for **OraSure Technologies, Inc., Rest-of-World regulatory version**, was accepted for the WHO list of prequalified in vitro diagnostics and was listed on 8 April 2016.

Summary of WHO prequalification assessment for OraQuick HIV 1/2 Rapid Antibody Test

	Date	Outcome
PQ listing	8-Apr-2016	listed
Dossier review	26-Jan-2016	MR
Site inspection of quality management system	3-5-Nov-2014	MR
Laboratory evaluation	28-Jan-2016	MR

MR: Meets requirements

Report amendments and/or product changes

This public report has since been amended. Amendments may have arisen because of changes to the prequalified product for which WHO has been notified and has undertaken a review. Amendments to the report are summarized in the following table, and details of each amendment are provided below.

Version	Summary of amendment	Date of report amendment
2.0	Changes in relation to the manufacturing process, facility or equipment, manufacturing quality control procedures and materials.	11-Oct-2016
3.0-6.0	Correction of typographical errors.	20 -Jun-2018
7.0	Addition of two new generic product codes 5x4-0014 and 5x4-0015 and to make changes to product labelling, country specific (Ghana, Nigeria and Russia).	27-Jul- 2018
8.0	1. Addition of a paediatric claim for intended use population from 2 years of age and above of the OraQuick Rapid HIV-1/2 Antibody Test for professional use.	24-Jan-2020.

	2. Increasing warehousing capacity to meet the ongoing increase in demand for the OraQuick HIV Self-Test. The new facility will be used for raw material storage, warehousing and distribution. 3. Addition of a product code for a Thailand-specific, oral fluid only variant (product code 5X4-0062) of the OraQuick Rapid HIV-1/2 Antibody Test”.	
9.0	Updating of manufacturing site inspection related commitments.	13-Feb-2020
10.0	Revision of the IFU for the OraQuick Rapid HIV-1/2 Antibody test (professional use) to include the measles reactivity results in the ‘Interfering Substances and Unrelated Medical Conditions’ section.	15-Nov-2021

Intended use:¹

According to the claim of the manufacturer, *“OraQuick HIV-1/2 Rapid Antibody Test is a qualitative, in vitro immunoassay. It detects antibodies to the human immunodeficiency virus types 1 and 2 (HIV-1/2) in human oral fluid, whole blood, serum or plasma (EDTA). The assay is read visually, and is intended for the detection of such antibodies from individuals infected by HIV-1 or HIV-2”*.

Assay description:

According to the claim of the manufacturer, *“OraQuick HIV-1/2 is a visually read, qualitative immunochromatographic test for the detection of IgG antibodies to HIV-1 and HIV-2. The flat pad that contacts the gums is treated with a mild surfactant, and no materials of viral origin are used in the manufacture of the test. One cannot become infected with HIV by taking this test. The device is placed into the subject’s mouth, so that the flat pad is between the cheek and the outer gums, then swabbed across the outer gum line (see oral fluid procedure in the IFU). The device is then placed into a vial containing a premeasured amount of developer solution, and allowed to develop. Use only the stand provided to hold the developer vial. Fluid from the surface of the gums enters the device through the flat pad, then flows onto a test strip. As it migrates across the strip, it hydrates and mixes with a red-colored reagent (protein A bound to colloidal gold). IgG antibodies in the specimen bind to the reagent. In turn the bound IgG antibody recognizes synthetic HIV-1 or HIV-2 antigen immobilized on the strip enclosed in the housing, a colored line forms in the ‘T’ (test) area of the result window. If not, no line forms there.*

Further up the strip, the colored reagent encounters an immobilized biochemical that recognizes human antibodies. The line that forms in this ‘C’ area of the result window is the control line. It demonstrates assay validity, indicating that the oral fluid contains IgG, that the strip is functioning properly, and that fluid is migrating appropriately through

¹ This product is one that uses Protein A to detect human IgG antibodies. Protein A is also able to detect other classes of human antibody (IgA, IgD, IgE and IgM) but not as reliably as it does IgG. This product has been prequalified with respect to its ability to detect human IgG antibodies. Any claim to detect other types of antibodies on this kind of product has not been validated based on WHO prequalification requirements.

the device.

Alternatively, a whole blood, serum or plasma specimen can be collected using a loop. The loop is immersed into the developer and stirred to mix. See the test procedure for whole blood, serum or plasma in the IFU.

Kit controls for OraQuick HIV-1/2 are available separately. These serve to demonstrate that the test is maintaining adequate performance (see Kit Control insert)".

Test kit contents:

Configuration	100 tests			500 tests	
	5x4-0010	5x4-0014	5X4-0062	5x4-0012	5x4-0015
Pouch containing 1 test device, 1 desiccant, 1 developer solution vial containing 1ml of phosphate buffer saline solution containing polymers and an antimicrobial agent.	100	100	100	500	500
Test stands	10	10	10	20	20
Specimen collection loops, 5µl	5	5	N/A	25	25
Instructions for use	1	1	3	1	1

Items required but not provided:

Item	Description
Consumables, for testing on fingerstick whole blood specimen	Alcohol swabs, Sterile lancets
Equipment	Timer or watch

Accessories:

Item	Product code
OraQuick ADVANCE Rapid HIV-1/2 Antibody Test Kit Controls 3 Vials Vial 1 - 1x HIV-1 positive control; Vial 2 - 1x HIV-2 positive control; and Vial 3 - 1x Negative control. Sufficient to run approximately 25 tests. Unopened expiry date: 12-months Opened expiry date: 8-weeks when stored at 2 - 8 °C.	1001-0077
Loop package of 5; package of 25.	1001-0144 1001-0145

Test Stand package of 5	004-0002
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Storage:

The test kit should be stored at 2 - 30 °C.

- Store unopened and unused tests at 2 - 30 °C. Do not open the foil pouch until you are ready to perform a test.
- This test should be performed at temperatures in the range of (15 - 37 °C). If stored in a refrigerator, ensure that the Divided Pouch is brought to operating temperature (15 - 37 °C) before performing testing.
- If the test kit is stored at temperatures outside of ambient temperature (2 - 27 °C) or used outside of the operating temperature (15 - 37 °C), use the Kit Controls to ensure performance of the test.

Shelf-life upon manufacture:

30 months.

Warnings:

- Handle specimens and materials contacting specimens as if potentially infectious biological materials in accordance with Universal Precautions. It has been reported that infectious HIV can be isolated from the oral fluid of some HIV infected individuals. When detectable in oral fluid, infectious virus is present at low levels compared with blood and may be inactivated by salivary inhibitors.
- Clean and disinfect any oral fluid- or blood-containing spills. Use a 0.5% sodium hypochlorite (1:10 household bleach) solution, or other appropriate disinfectant.
- Dispose of all potentially contaminated materials in accordance with local regulations for disposal of biohazardous materials.
- If an oral fluid test must be repeated (following the gum-swab procedure), wait 15 minutes and start the process over using a new test device, and use the whole blood test procedure.
- Use adequate lighting to visually check a test result. If two lines are present at any visible intensity, the test result is interpreted as reactive.
- Do not cover or otherwise obstruct the two small holes on the back of the test device. The flow of fluid can be impaired.
- Individuals infected with HIV-1 and/or HIV-2 who are receiving antiretroviral therapy (ART) may produce false negative results.
- Individuals undergoing preventive treatment for HIV may produce false negative results.
- Do not use the test beyond the expiration date printed on the Divided Pouch. Always check expiration date prior to testing.

Limitations

1. The OraQuick HIV-1/2 Rapid Antibody Test must be used in accordance with these instructions to obtain an accurate result.
2. Oral fluid specimens for testing must be freshly collected, as detailed in the procedure. For blood-based testing, aged specimens or specimens, which have undergone repeated freeze-thaw cycles may give incorrect results.
3. Blood-based specimens that have been heat or chemically inactivated may not give accurate results.
4. The test is not for use with body fluids not specified here, with oral fluid collected by other methods or with other commercially available oral fluid collectors, or with pooled specimens.
5. Clinical data has not been collected to demonstrate the performance of OraQuick HIV-1/2 Rapid Antibody Test in persons under 13 years of age.
6. Do not use this test as the sole basis for a diagnosis of AIDS, ARC or HIV infection. Any reactive result should be confirmed.
7. For a reactive result, the intensity of the test line does not necessarily correlate to the titer of antibody in the specimen.
8. A non-reactive result does not preclude the possibility of exposure to HIV or infection by HIV. An antibody response to recent exposure may take some time to reach detectable levels.
9. If a red background in the result window makes it difficult to read the test at 20 minutes, wait until the background clears to read the result (but not more than 40 minutes total time).

Prioritization for prequalification:

Based on the established eligibility criteria, OraQuick HIV 1/2 Rapid Antibody Test was given priority for WHO prequalification assessment.

Product dossier assessment

The manufacturer submitted a product dossier for OraQuick HIV 1/2 Rapid Antibody Test as per the *“Instructions for compilation of a product dossier”* (PQDx_018 v1). The information (data and documentation) submitted in the product dossier was reviewed by WHO staff and external technical experts (assessors) appointed by WHO.

The manufacturer's responses to the nonconformities found during dossier screening and assessment findings were accepted on 26 January 2016.

Based on the product dossier screening and assessment findings, the product dossier for OraQuick HIV 1/2 Rapid Antibody Test meets WHO prequalification requirements.

Manufacturing site inspection

A comprehensive inspection was undertaken at a key supplier (Pacific Biotech, 42M004 Phetchabun Chalianglub Rd., Napa, Muang, Petchabun 6700, Thailand) of the OraQuick HIV 1/2 Rapid Antibody Test, on 22-26 July 2019 as per the “Information for manufacturers on prequalification inspection procedures for the sites of manufacture of diagnostics” (PQDx_014). The inspection found that the manufacturer had an acceptable quality management system and good manufacturing practices in place that ensured the consistent manufacture of a product of good quality.

The manufacturer’s responses to the nonconformities found at the time of the inspection were accepted on 5 February 2020 resulting in the addition of another manufacturing site (Pacific Biotech Co., Ltd, 137 Moo 1 General Industrial Zone Hi-Tech Industrial Estate, Banlane, Bangpa-In Ayutthaya, 13160, Thailand). A previous inspection of the facility was conducted in November 2014 found the site compliant. A desk review of the quality management system was conducted 22 January 2016. Based on the site inspections, desk review and corrective action plan review, the quality management system for OraQuick HIV 1/2 Rapid Antibody Test meets WHO prequalification requirements.

Product performance evaluation

OraQuick HIV-1/2 Rapid Antibody Test was evaluated at the Institute of Tropical Medicine on behalf of WHO in 2014 on serum/plasma specimens and in 2015 for oral fluid specimens. From this evaluation, we drew the following conclusions:

OraQuick HIV-1/2 Rapid Antibody Test is a qualitative rapid immunochromatographic test for the detection of antibodies to HIV 1/2 in oral fluid, whole blood, serum or plasma specimens. This type of assay requires no sophisticated equipment and can therefore be performed in laboratories with limited facilities and non-laboratory settings. Reading of the results can be done visually i.e. subjectively read.

In the evaluation on a panel of 1,118 clinically-derived stored serum and plasma specimens, compared to the reference algorithm (Vironostika HIV Ag/Ab [bioMérieux] and Enzygnost Anti-HIV 1/2 [Siemens Healthcare Diagnostics] in parallel; followed by INNO-LIA HIV I/II Score [Fujirebio]), the following performance characteristics were obtained:

Performance characteristics in comparison with an agreed reference standard: serum/plasma specimens (N=1118)		
	Initial (95% CI)	Final (95% CI)
Sensitivity % (N=460)	99.1% (97.8% - 99.8%)	99.1% (97.8% - 99.8%)
Specificity % (N=658)	99.8% (99.2% - 100%)	99.8% (99.2% - 100%)
Invalid rate %	0.1%	
Inter-reader variability %	0%	

Performance characteristics in comparison with an agreed reference standard: oral fluid specimens (N=596)		
	Initial (95% CI)	Final (95% CI)
Sensitivity % (N=106)	*99.1% (94.8% - 100%)	Repeat testing was not conducted
Specificity % (N=376)	100% (99.0% - 100%)	Repeat testing was not conducted
Invalid rate %	0%	
Inter-reader variability %	0.4%	

*For patients not on antiretroviral therapy (ART)

The instruction for use includes a warning that individuals infected with HIV-1 and/or HIV-2 who are receiving antiretroviral therapy (ART) may produce false negative results and individuals undergoing preventive treatment for HIV may produce false negative results.

Additional performance characteristics for serum/plasma evaluation	
Sensitivity during seroconversion on 8 seroconversion panels in comparison with a benchmark assay; Enzygnost Anti-HIV 1/2 Plus (Siemens Healthcare Diagnostics)	Seroconversion sensitivity index of + 1.375, therefore detection is 1.375 later than the benchmark assay.
Analytical sensitivity on a mixed titer panel in comparison with an agreed reference standard	24 of 25 specimens were correctly classified. ²
Lot to lot variation on a dilution panel	Acceptable

Key operational characteristics	
Validated specimen types	Serum, plasma (EDTA), venous whole blood (EDTA, Sodium heparin and sodium citrate), capillary whole blood, oral fluid
Number of steps	2, without precision required.
Time to result	20 minutes
Endpoint stability	20 minutes (no more than 40 minutes after specimen added to developer vial)
Internal QC	Yes, internal quality control in form of control line for detection of IgG.
In-use stability of reagents	The foil pouch should be opened just before use.

² All anti-HIV positive/HIV-1 antigen positive and anti-HIV negative/HIV-1 antigen negative specimens were correctly classified. One out of the eleven anti-HIV positive/HIV-1 antigen negative specimens was not detected by the assay. All six anti-HIV indeterminate/HIV-1 antigen positive specimens were not detected by the assay.

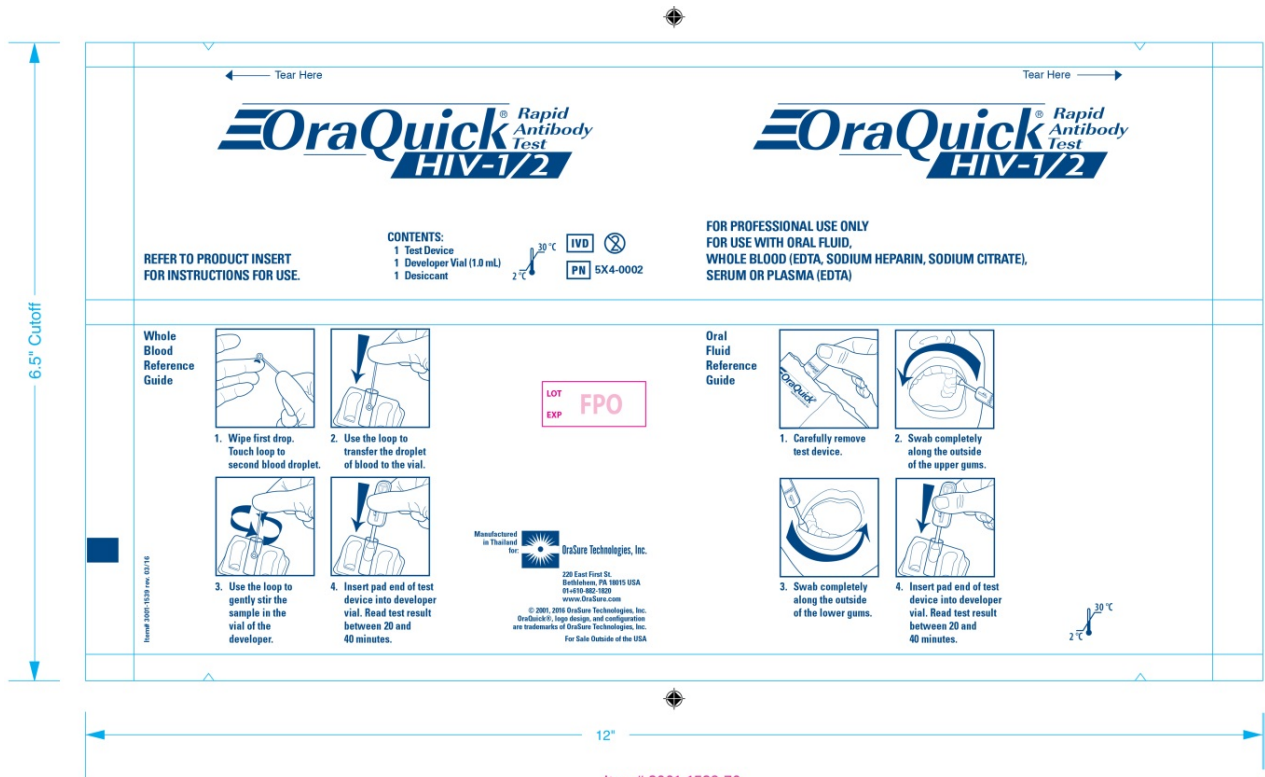
Labelling

- 1. Labels**
- 2. Instructions for use**


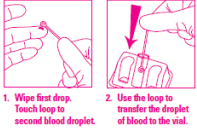
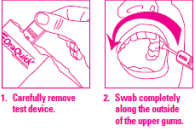

1. Labels


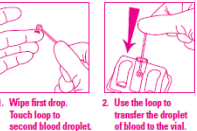
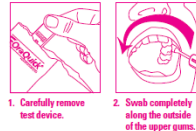

1.1 Pouch labels

Generic pouch label



Pouch label for the Ghana variant

6.5" Cutoff 1.5"	← Tear Here	Tear Here →
		
	<p>MINISTRY OF HEALTH, GHANA FOR SINGLE USE ONLY - NOT FOR SALE</p> <p>Refer to Product Insert for Instructions for Use.</p>	<p>MINISTRY OF HEALTH, GHANA FOR SINGLE USE ONLY - NOT FOR SALE</p> <p>FOR PROFESSIONAL USE ONLY FOR USE WITH ORAL FLUID, WHOLE BLOOD (EDTA, SODIUM HEPARIN, SODIUM CITRATE), SERUM OR PLASMA (EDTA)</p>
	<p>Whole Blood Reference Guide</p>  <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Wipe first drop. Touch loop to second blood droplet. 2. Use the loop to transfer the droplet of blood to the vial. 3. Use the loop to gently stir the sample in the vial of the developer. 4. Insert pad end of test device into developer vial. <i>Read test result between 20 and 40 minutes.</i> 	<p>Oral Fluid Reference Guide</p>  <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Carefully remove test device. 2. Swab completely along the outside of the upper gums. 3. Swab completely along the outside of the lower gums. 4. Insert pad end of test device into developer vial. <i>Read test result between 20 and 40 minutes.</i>
	<p>CONTENTS: 1 Test Device 1 Developer Vial (1.0 mL) 1 Desiccant</p> <p>IVD PN 5X4-0003 2°C 30°C</p> <p>For Sale Outside of the USA.</p> <p>Manufactured in Thailand for  220 East First St. Bethlehem, PA 18016 USA www.OraSure.com</p> <p>© 2001, 2015 OraSure Technologies, Inc. OraQuick, loop design, and configuration are trademarks of OraSure Technologies, Inc.</p>	<p>BN: HIVCO-### PD: DD MMM, YYYY EXP: DD MMM, YYYY</p> <p>For Export Only</p> <p>2°C 30°C</p>
	12"	

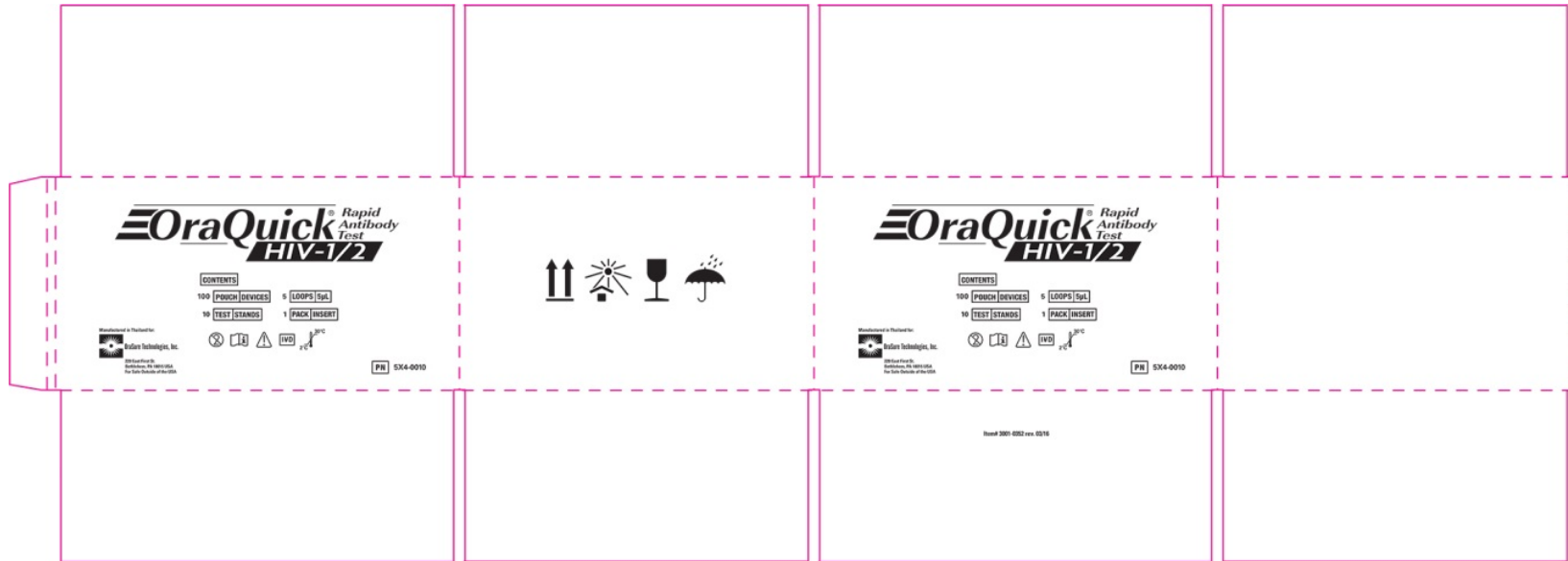
6.5" Cutoff 1.5"	← Tear Here	Tear Here →
		
	<p>FOR EXPORT ONLY</p> <p>Refer to Product Insert for Instructions for Use.</p>	<p>FOR EXPORT ONLY</p> <p>FOR PROFESSIONAL USE ONLY FOR USE WITH ORAL FLUID, WHOLE BLOOD (EDTA, SODIUM HEPARIN, SODIUM CITRATE), SERUM OR PLASMA (EDTA)</p>
	<p>Whole Blood Reference Guide</p>  <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Wipe first drop. Touch loop to second blood droplet. 2. Use the loop to transfer the droplet of blood to the vial. 3. Use the loop to gently stir the sample in the vial of the developer. 4. Insert pad end of test device into developer vial. <i>Read test result between 20 and 40 minutes.</i> 	<p>Oral Fluid Reference Guide</p>  <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Carefully remove test device. 2. Swab completely along the outside of the upper gums. 3. Swab completely along the outside of the lower gums. 4. Insert pad end of test device into developer vial. <i>Read test result between 20 and 40 minutes.</i>
	<p>CONTENTS: 1 Test Device 1 Developer Vial (1.0 mL) 1 Desiccant</p> <p>IVD PN 5X4-0003 2°C 30°C</p> <p>Manufactured in Thailand for  </p> <p>220 East First St. Bethlehem, PA 18016 USA www.OraSure.com</p> <p>© 2001, 2015 OraSure Technologies, Inc. OraQuick, loop design, and configuration are trademarks of OraSure Technologies, Inc.</p>	<p>Manufacture/Packed by: Pacific Biotech Co., Ltd, 42, Moo 4, Napa, Muang, Petchaboon 67000 Thailand NAFDAC REG NO: 03-1442</p> <p>BN: HIVCO-### PD: DD MMM, YYYY EXP: DD MMM, YYYY</p> <p>2°C 30°C</p> <p>FOR SALE OUTSIDE THE U.S.A.</p>
	12"	

Pouch label for the Russian variant



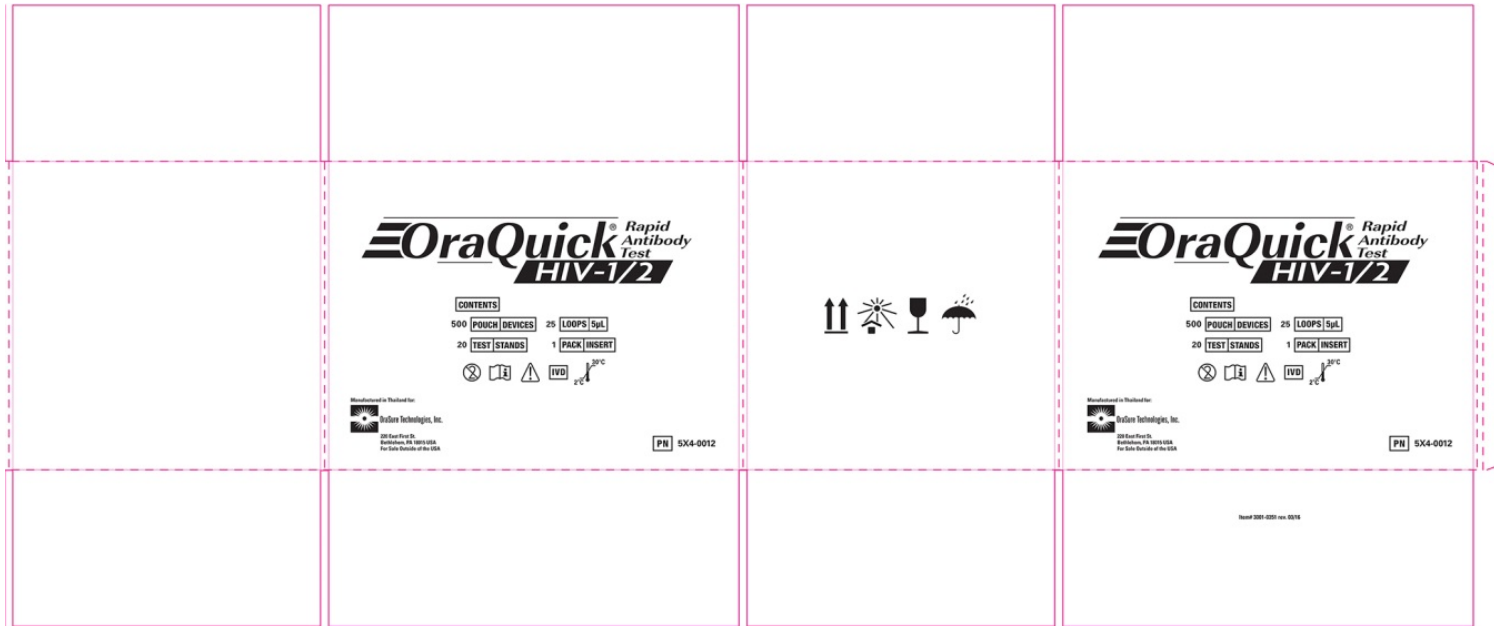
1.2 Shipper box labels

100 Tests box label



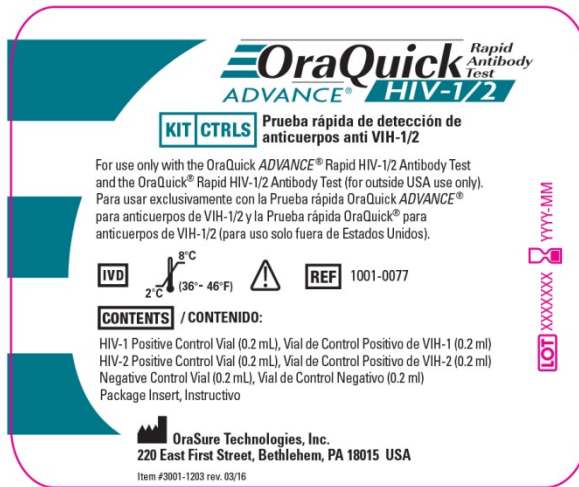
Item# 3001-0352-70
rev. 03/16

500 Tests box label

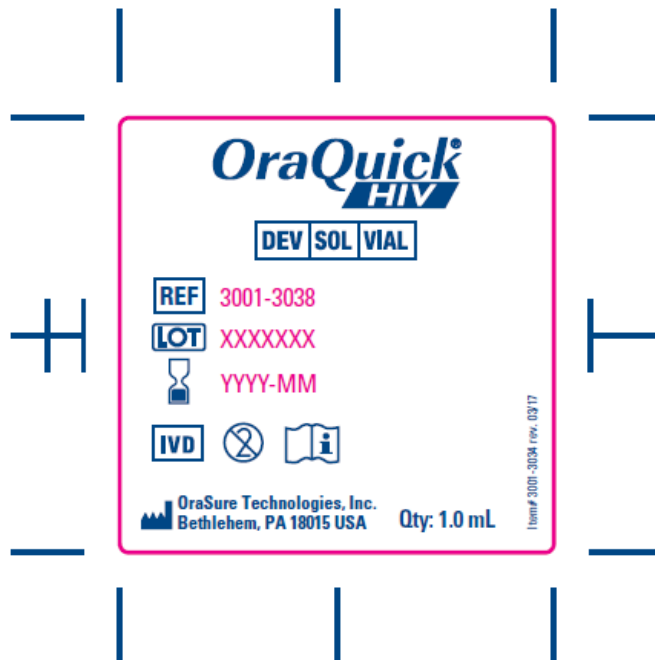


Item# 3001-0351-70
rev. 03/16

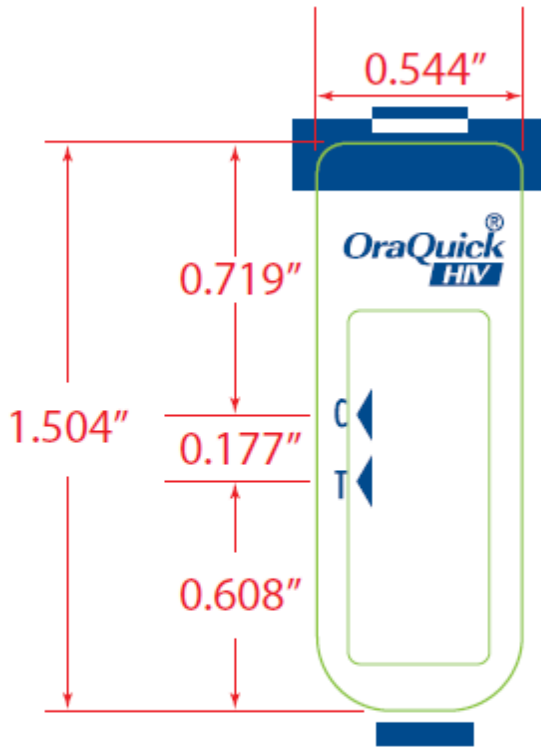
1.3 Kit control box label



1.4 Developer vial label



1.5 Device label



Item# 3001-3035-70
rev. 03/17

2.0 Instructions for use³

³ English version of the IFU was the one that was assessed by WHO. It is the responsibility of the manufacturer to ensure correct translation into other languages.

PN 204-7052 rev. 12/19 (Oral Fluid, Whole blood, Plasma or Serum)

- **Individuals infected with HIV-1 and/or HIV-2 who are receiving highly active antiretroviral therapy (HAART) or are undergoing preventive treatment for HIV may produce false negative results.**
- Do not use the test beyond the expiration date printed on the Divided Pouch. Always check expiration date prior to testing.
- The OraQuick® device may not detect HIV infections that have occurred within the last 3 months. If you are using this test earlier than 3 months since a risk event and your test is NEGATIVE, you should test again 3 months after the risk event.



STORAGE

- Store unused OraQuick® HIV-1/2 tests unopened at 2-30 °C. Do not open the foil pouch until you are ready to perform a test.
- This test should be performed at temperatures in the range of 5-37 °C (59-99 °F). If stored refrigerated, ensure that the Divided Pouch is brought to operating temperature 15-37 °C (59-99 °F) before performing Testing.
- the test kit is stored at temperatures outside of ambient temperature 2-30 °C (36-86 °F), or used outside of the operating temperature 15-37 °C (59-99 °F), use the Kit Controls to ensure performance of the test.

SPECIMEN COLLECTION and TEST PROCEDURE (oral fluid)

The administrator of the test should first instruct the subject about the test and how to collect an oral fluid sample. The test device is then offered to the subject. Instruct the subject to collect a sample, as outlined below.

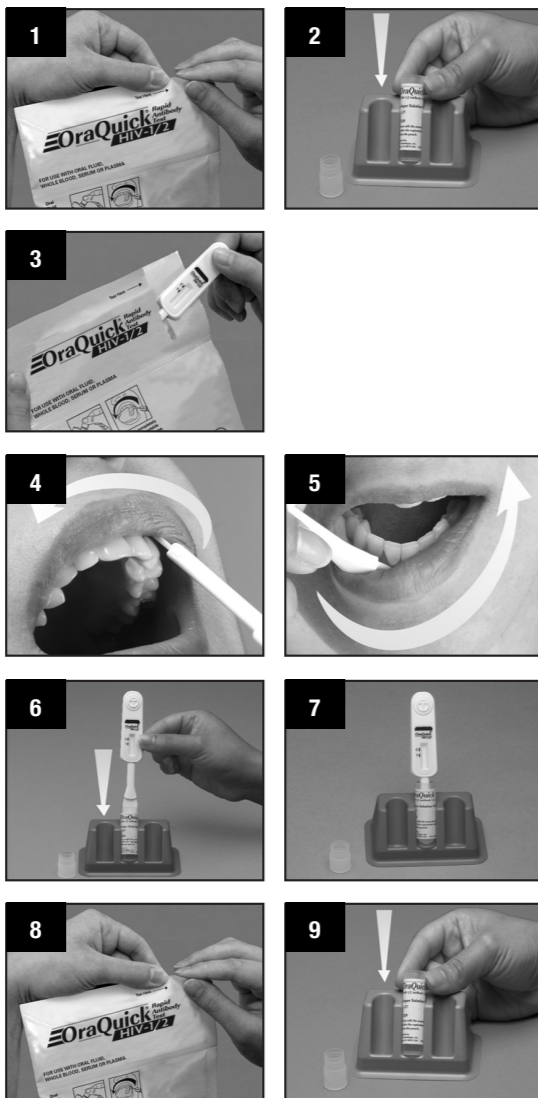
1. Ensure prior to testing that the subject has not had anything to eat, drink or has chewed gum for at least 15 minutes. Have the subject wait for at least 30 minutes prior to testing if they have used any oral care products. Set the reusable stand on a flat, level surface. Tear open the foil pouch containing the test device and developer vial (see picture 1). Remove the developer vial. Carefully uncap the vial by gently rocking the cap back and forth. Place the uncapped vial into the stand (see picture 2).
2. Have the subject grasp the test device and remove it from the foil pouch without touching the collection pad (see picture 3). **Check to see if absorbent packet is present. If no absorbent packet is present, discard the unit.**
3. Instruct the subject to swab completely around the **outer** gums with the test device, by gently wiping the **flat pad** completely across the **upper** and **lower** gums, one time around (see pictures 4 and 5).
4. When the subject has finished swabbing the gums, have the subject insert the **pad end** of the test device all the way down into the vial (see picture 6). Be sure the result window faces **forward** so it can be read (see picture 7). Start the timer, or note the time. Do not removed the device from the vial while the test is running.
5. **Read test results no sooner than 20 minutes but no later than 40 minutes after the device has been placed in the buffer vial.** Record the test result seen in the result window (refer to Interpretation of Results and Limitations of the Procedure, below), then dispose of the device and vial in a biohazardous waste container.

SPECIMEN COLLECTION and TEST PROCEDURE (whole blood, serum, plasma)

Please observe Universal Precautions* when performing blood testing procedures.

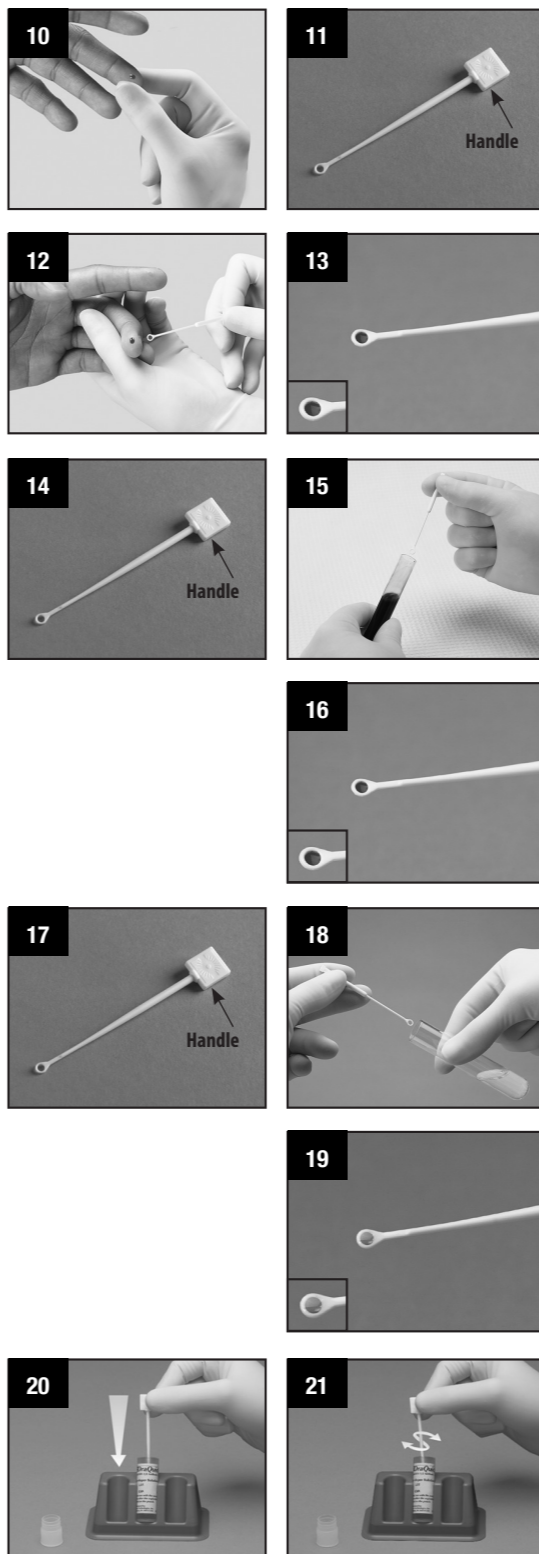
STEP 1.

Set the reusable stand on a flat, level surface. Tear open the foil pouch containing the test device and developer solution vial (see picture 8). Remove the vial. Carefully uncap the vial by gently rocking the cap back and forth. Place the uncapped vial into the stand (see picture 9).



STEP 1.A: FINGERSTICK WHOLE BLOOD

1. Using an antiseptic wipe, clean the finger of the person being tested. After cleansing the skin puncture site, allow the area to air dry, so the antiseptic action of the alcohol can take effect. Using a sterile lancet, puncture the skin just off the center of the finger pad. Hold the finger downward. Apply gentle pressure beside the point of the puncture. Avoid squeezing the finger to make it bleed (see picture 10). Wipe away this first drop of blood with a sterile gauze pad. Allow a new drop of blood to form.
2. Pick up an unused Specimen Collection Loop ("Loop") by the thick "handle" end (see picture 11). Put the "rounded" end of the Loop on the drop of blood (see picture 12). Make sure that the Loop is completely filled with blood (see picture 13). NOTE: If the Loop is dropped or comes in contact with any other surface, discard it in a biohazard waste container. Get a new Loop for the collection of the blood sample.



STEP 1.B: VENIPUNCTURE WHOLE BLOOD

1. Using standard venous phlebotomy procedures, collect a whole blood sample using a tube containing any of the following anticoagulants: EDTA, sodium heparin, or sodium citrate. **Other anticoagulants have not been tested and may give an incorrect result.** If the specimens are not tested at the time of collection, the whole blood may be stored at 2-30 °C (36-86 °F) for up to 5 days. Prior to testing, mix the blood tube gently by inversion several times to ensure a homogeneous sample.
2. Pick up an unused Specimen Collection Loop ("Loop") by the thick "handle" end (see picture 14). Put the "rounded" end of the Loop into the tube of blood (see picture 15). Make sure that the Loop is completely filled with blood (see picture 16). NOTE: If the Loop is dropped or comes in contact with any other surface, discard it in a biohazard waste container. Get a new Loop for the collection of the blood sample.

STEP 1.C: PLASMA

1. Using standard venous phlebotomy procedures, collect a whole blood sample using a tube containing EDTA anticoagulant. **Other anticoagulants have not been tested and may give an incorrect result.** If the specimens are not tested at the time of collection, the specimen may be stored as whole blood for up to 5 days at 2-30 °C (36-86 °F) or as plasma for up to 7 days at 2-8 °C (36-46 °F).
2. Pick up an unused Specimen Collection Loop ("Loop") by the thick "handle" end (see picture 17). Put the "rounded" end of the Loop into the tube of plasma (see picture 18). Make sure that the Loop is completely filled with plasma (see picture 19). NOTE: If the Loop is dropped or comes in contact with any other surface, discard it in a biohazard waste container. Get a new Loop for the collection of the plasma sample.

STEP 2. MIX

1. Immediately insert the blood-filled end of the Loop all the way into the Vial (see picture 20). Use the Loop to stir the blood sample in the Developer Solution ("Solution") (see picture 21). Remove the used Loop from the Solution. Throw the used Loop away in a biohazard waste container.

STEP 3. TEST

1. Grasp the test device and remove it from the foil pouch without touching the collection pad (see picture 22). **Check to see if absorbent packet is present. If no absorbent packet is present, discard the unit.** Insert the **pad end** all the way down into the vial (see picture 23). Be sure the result window faces **forward** so it can be read (see picture 24). Start the timer, or note the time. Do not remove the device from the vial while the test is running.
2. **Read test results no sooner than 20 minutes but no later than 40 minutes after the device has been placed in the buffer vial.** Record the test result seen in the result window (refer to Interpretation of Results and Limitations of the Procedure, below), then dispose of the device and vial in a biohazardous waste container.

QUALITY CONTROL

A control line in the 'C' area of the result window indicates a valid result. A valid result indicates a suitable sample was collected and the test functioned properly. The control line will appear on all valid tests, whether or not the result is reactive. (refer to Interpretation of Results, below).

Kit control reagents are available separately. These are used to verify adequate test performance. Kit controls should be run once per shift by the test administrator, and whenever changing to a different lot of tests. Refer to the Kit Control product insert when using these reagents.

INTERPRETATION OF RESULTS – Refer to the result window

NON-REACTIVE – only the control line appears

If a single complete line appears on the test strip, adjacent to the 'T' and 'C' triangles, respectively, the result is considered **non-reactive**. The diagram at the right shows a non-reactive result. It suggests the **absence** of anti-HIV antibodies in the specimen.

NOTE: using the **Negative Kit Control** gives this result (see insert for OraQuick ADVANCE® HIV-1/2 Kit Controls).

REACTIVE – two lines appear

If two complete lines appear on the test strip, adjacent to the 'T' and 'C' triangles, respectively, the result is considered **reactive**. One of these lines may be darker than the other. At the right are examples of reactive results, which suggest the **presence** of anti-HIV antibodies in the specimen.

Reactive results should be confirmed by another method.

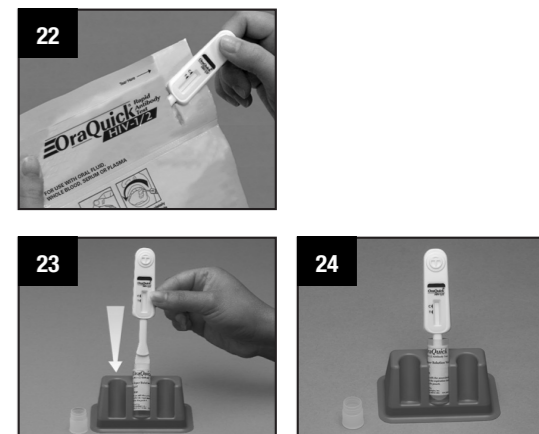
NOTE: using the **HIV-1 Kit Control** or **HIV-2 Kit Control** gives a result like the one shown in the center panel (see insert for OraQuick ADVANCE® HIV-1/2 Kit Controls).

INVALID – no line present in 'C' area of window

If there is no line in the area labeled 'C', or either the 'T' or 'C' line is not complete, the result is **invalid**. An invalid test should be repeated with a new test device. If the invalid test was obtained with an oral fluid specimen, use the blood test procedure for repeat testing. At the right are examples of invalid results. If a test must be repeated, use a new Collection Loop, new Test Device and new Developer Vial.

LIMITATIONS OF THE PROCEDURE

1. The OraQuick® HIV-1/2 test kit must be used in accordance with these instructions to obtain an accurate result.
2. Oral fluid specimens for OraQuick® HIV-1/2 testing must be freshly collected, as detailed in the procedure. For blood-based testing, aged specimens or specimens which have undergone repeated freeze-thaw cycles may give incorrect results.
3. Blood-based specimens that have been heat or chemically inactivated may not give accurate results.
4. The test is not for use with body fluids not specified here, with oral fluid collected by other methods or with other commercially available oral fluid collectors, or with pooled specimens.
5. Clinical data has not been collected to demonstrate the performance of OraQuick® HIV-1/2 in persons under 2 years of age.
6. Do not use this test as the sole basis for a diagnosis of AIDS, ARC or HIV infection. Any reactive result should be confirmed.
7. For a reactive result, the intensity of the test line does not necessarily correlate to the titer of antibody in the specimen.
8. Reactive results should be verified using other assays to confirm the HIV diagnosis.
9. A non-reactive result does not preclude the possibility of exposure to HIV or infection by HIV. An antibody response to recent exposure may take some time to reach detectable levels.
10. If a red background in the result window makes it difficult to read the test at 20 minutes, wait until the background clears to read the result (but not more than 40 minutes total time).
11. Patients on anti-retroviral (ARV) therapy may have low levels of antibodies to HIV resulting in false non-reactive results.



NON-REACTIVE



REACTIVE REACTIVE REACTIVE



INVALID INVALID INVALID INVALID

PN # 3001-3074 rev. 03/19 (Oral fluid only)

