

This part outlines the scientific assessment and knowledge about this product at the time of prequalification. Updates to this information are included in parts 1 to 5 and 8 of this WHOPAR.

SCIENTIFIC DISCUSSION

Name of the Finished Pharmaceutical Product	[MA139 trade name]*
Manufacturer of Prequalified Product	Guilin Pharmaceutical Co Ltd Oral Solid Dosage Workshop 1 No. 43, Qilidian Road, Guilin – 541004 Guangxi China
Active Pharmaceutical Ingredient(s) (API)	Dihydroartemisinin and Piperazine phosphate
Pharmaco-therapeutic group (ATC Code)	Artemisinin and derivatives, combinations (artemimol and piperazine, P01BF05)
Therapeutic indication	[MA139 trade name] is indicated for the treatment of uncomplicated malaria in adults, children and infants. [MA139 trade name] is active against all Plasmodium parasites that cause malaria in humans.

1. Introduction

[MA139 trade name] is indicated for the treatment of uncomplicated malaria. [MA139 trade name] is active against all Plasmodium parasites that cause malaria in humans.

Treatment regimens should take into account the most recent official treatment guidelines (e.g. those of the WHO) and local information on the prevalence of resistance to antimalarial drugs.

2. Assessment of quality

The assessment was done in accordance with the requirements of WHO's *Guidelines on submission of documentation for a multisource (generic) finished pharmaceutical product for the WHO Prequalification of Medicines Programme: quality part*.

Active pharmaceutical Ingredients (APIs)

Dihydroartemisinin and piperazine phosphate (piperazine tetraphosphate tetrahydrate) have been prequalified by WHO according to WHO's Procedure for assessing the acceptability, in principle, of active pharmaceutical ingredients for use in pharmaceutical products (WHO Technical Report Series No. 953, 2009, Annex 4). This procedure provides an assurance that these APIs, used in the manufacture of [MA139 trade name], are of good quality and manufactured in accordance with WHO Good Manufacturing Practices. API prequalification consists of a comprehensive evaluation procedure that has two components: Assessment of the API master file (APIMF) to verify compliance with WHO norms and standards, and assessment of the sites of API manufacture to verify compliance with WHO GMP requirements.

* Trade names are not prequalified by WHO. This is the national medicines regulatory authority's responsibility.

Other ingredients

Other ingredients used in the tablet formulation include pregelatinized starch, microcrystalline cellulose, dextrin, croscarmellose sodium, sucralose and magnesium stearate, all being conventional pharmaceutical ingredients complying with the requirements of the pharmacopoeia. Magnesium stearate is of vegetable origin. The commercially sourced proprietary sweet and orange flavours which are included in the tablet formulation are supported by appropriate declarations and controlled by acceptable specifications. TSE/BSE free certificates from the suppliers have been provided with regards to all the excipients.

Finished pharmaceutical product (FPP)

Pharmaceutical development and manufacture

The multisource product is a white or pale yellow, round, tablet debossed with “D” on one side and a score line on the other side. The score-line is only to facilitate breaking for ease of swallowing and not to divide the tablet into equal doses. The tablets are presented in PA/Alu/PVC-Alu blisters.

Two strengths of dihydroartemisinin/piperazine phosphate dispersible tablets proportionally similar in composition and manufactured from a common blend were developed: 40 mg/320 mg and 20 mg/160 mg. The development focused on the higher strength, which was used in the BE study against the WHO comparator product Eurartesim[®], (dihydroartemisinin/piperazine tetraphosphate 40 mg/320 mg tablets). Once the formulation for the 40 mg/320 mg strength was finalized, the 20 mg/160 mg strength was pursued using dose-proportionality approach.

The aim of the development was to formulate a stable fixed dose combination tablet, which is bioequivalent to the WHO comparator product Eurartesim[®]. The excipients were chosen and finalized based on the excipients used in the comparator product and API-excipient compatibility studies. Sweet and orange flavours were used to improve the taste of the dispersible tablet. Sucralose was used to enhance the sweet taste by masking the bitterness of the APIs. Due to the high dose, low solubility, poor flowability of the APIs and thermolability of dihydroartemisinin, the manufacturing process was developed by wet granulation of piperazine phosphate together with some of the excipients whereafter a mixture of dihydroartemisinin with the remaining excipients was added before the final blend was compressed into tablets. Based on satisfactory data of optimization trials, the formulation was finalized resulting in a product matching the quality target product profile. Appropriate in-process controls were set to ensure batch-to-batch reproducibility.

Specifications

The finished product specifications include tests for description, identification of the APIs (LC-MS, HPLC and UV), loss on drying, friability, uniformity of dosage units (by content), disintegration time limit (3 min), fineness of dispersion, dissolution of dihydroartemisinin (HPLC detection), dissolution of piperazine phosphate (UV detection), related substances (LC-MS, TLC and HPLC), assay (HPLC) and microbial limits. The test procedures have been adequately validated.

Stability testing

Stability studies have been performed at 25°C/60%RH (zone II) and 30°C/75%RH (zone IVb) as long-term storage conditions and for six months at 40°C/75%RH as accelerated conditions. Degradation was observed for dihydroartemisinin at long term storage conditions, with significant changes for assay and degradation products observed at accelerated condition. Based on the available stability data, the proposed shelf-life and storage conditions as stated in the SmPC are acceptable. The tablets must be protected from light and moisture.

Conclusion

The quality part of the dossier is accepted.

3. Assessment of bioequivalence

For the 40 mg/320 mg dispersible tablet, 2 bioequivalence studies have been performed according to internationally accepted guidelines, 1 study analysing only dihydroartemisinin and 1 study analysing only piperazine.

The following bioequivalence study have been carried out in 2016:

A randomized, open label, balanced, two-treatment, four-period, two-sequence, single dose, full replicate crossover study to evaluate bioequivalence for DHA component of the FDC of dihydroartemisinin 40 mg and piperazine tetraphosphate 320 mg dispersible tablets of Guilin Pharmaceutical Co Ltd, and Eurartesim[®] dihydroartemisinin 40 mg and piperazine tetraphosphate 320 mg film coated tablets, manufactured by Sigma-tau Industrie Farmaceutiche Riunite S.p.A., Italy in normal, healthy, adult, male human subjects under fasting condition (study no. ARL/16/074).

The objective of the study was to compare the bioavailability of the stated dihydroartemisinin/piperazine tetraphosphate 40 mg/320 mg FDC dispersible tablet manufactured by/for Guilin Pharmaceutical Co Ltd, China (test drug) with the reference formulation Eurartesim[®] (Sigma-tau Industrie Farmaceutiche Riunite S.p.A.) and to assess bioequivalence for dihydroartemisinin. The comparison was performed as a single centre, open label, randomized, fully replicate crossover study in healthy subjects under fasting conditions. Each subject was assigned to receive each of the following two treatments in a randomized fashion:

Treatment T: Test – 1 dispersible tablet [MA139 trade name]
(dihydroartemisinin 40 mg + piperazine tetraphosphate 320 mg)
Batch no. DS160201.

Treatment R: Reference – 1 tablet Eurartesim[®]
(dihydroartemisinin 40 mg + piperazine tetraphosphate 320 mg)
Batch no. 150246

At least a 3-day wash-out period was observed between administration of test and reference. Serial blood samples (1 pre-dose sample and 16 samples within 24h post dose) were taken during each study period to obtain bioavailability characteristics AUC, C_{max} and t_{max} for bioequivalence evaluation. Drug concentrations for dihydroartemisinin were analyzed using a validated LC-MS/MS method. The limit of quantification was stated to be about 1.0 ng/mL for dihydroartemisinin.

The study was performed with 48 participants; data generated from a total of 47 subjects were utilized for analysis to establish pharmacokinetic parameters and assess bioequivalence.

Arithmetic mean and geometric mean values of the pharmacokinetic variables for dihydroartemisinin as well as statistical results are summarised in the following table

Dihydroartemisinin

Pharmacokinetic Parameter	Test formulation (T) arithmetic mean ± SD (geometric mean)	Reference (R) arithmetic mean ± SD (geometric mean)	log-transformed parameters	
			Ratio T/R (%)	Conventional 90% CI (ANOVAlog)
t _{max} (h)	1.27 ± 0.58	1.35 ± 0.75	-	-
C _{max} (ng/mL)	107 ± 54 (93)	119 ± 68 (99)	93.9	86.2 – 102.2
AUC _{0-t} (ng·h/mL)	233 ± 122 (200)	237 ± 127 (202)	99.3	93.8 – 105.0
AUC _{0-inf} (ng·h/mL)	236 ± 122 --	240 ± 128 --	-	-

The results of the study show that preset acceptance limits of 80 -125 % are met by both AUC and C_{max} values regarding dihydroartemisinin.

The following bioequivalence study have been carried out in 2016:

A randomized, open label, balanced, two-treatment, two-period, two-sequence, single dose, crossover study to evaluate bioequivalence for piperazine component of the FDC of Dihydroartemisinin 40 mg and Piperazine tetraphosphate 320 mg dispersible tablets of Guilin Pharmaceutical Co Ltd, and Eurartesim[®] dihydroartemisinin 40 mg and piperazine tetraphosphate 320 mg film coated tablets, manufactured by Sigma-tau Industrie Farmaceutiche Riunite S.p.A., Italy in normal, healthy, adult, male human subjects under fasting condition (study no. ARL/16/075).

The objective of the study was to compare the bioavailability of the stated dihydroartemisinin/piperazine tetraphosphate 40 mg/320 mg FDC dispersible tablet manufactured by/for Guilin Pharmaceutical Co Ltd, China (test drug) with the reference formulation Eurartesim[®] (Sigma-tau Industrie Farmaceutiche Riunite S.p.A.) and to assess bioequivalence for piperazine. The comparison was performed as a single centre, open label, randomized, crossover study in healthy subjects under fasting conditions. Each subject was assigned to receive each of the following two treatments in a randomized fashion:

- Treatment T: Test – 1 dispersible tablet [MA139 trade name]
(dihydroartemisinin 40 mg + piperazine tetraphosphate 320 mg)
Batch no. DS160201.
- Treatment R: Reference – 1 tablet Eurartesim[®]
(dihydroartemisinin 40 mg + piperazine tetraphosphate 320 mg)
Batch no. 150246

A 103-day wash-out period was observed between administration of test and reference. Serial blood samples (1 pre-dose sample and 20 samples within 72h post dose) were taken during each study period to obtain bioavailability characteristics AUC, C_{max} and t_{max} for bioequivalence evaluation. Drug concentrations for piperazine were analyzed using a validated LC-MS/MS method. The limit of quantification was stated to be about 0.3 ng/ml for piperazine.

The study was performed with 100 participants; data generated from a total of 93 subjects were utilized for analysis to establish pharmacokinetic parameters and assess bioequivalence.

Arithmetic mean and geometric mean values of the pharmacokinetic variables for piperazine as well as statistical results are summarised in the following table:

Piperazine

Pharmacokinetic Parameter	Test formulation (T) arithmetic mean ± SD (geometric mean)	Reference (R) arithmetic mean ± SD (geometric mean)	log-transformed parameters	
			Ratio T/R (%)	Conventional 90% CI (ANOVAlog)
t _{max} (h)	3.65 ± 1.97	3.86 ± 1.77	–	–
C _{max} (ng/mL)	28 ± 12 (25)	30 ± 17 (26)	94.7	87.5 – 102.4
AUC _{0-t} (ng·h/mL)	718 ± 284 (664)	735 ± 281 (679)	97.7	91.9 – 103.9
AUC _{0-inf} (ng·h/mL)	1474 ± 912 --	1460 ± 673 --	-	-

The results of the study show that preset acceptance limits of 80 -125 % are met by both AUC and C_{max} values regarding piperazine.

Accordingly, the test dihydroartemisinin/piperazine tetraphosphate 40 mg/320 mg FDC dispersible tablet meets the criteria for bioequivalence with regard to the rate and extent of absorption and is therefore bioequivalent to the reference formulation Eurartesim[®] (Sigma-tau Industrie Farmaceutiche Riunite S.p.A.).

4. Summary of product safety and efficacy

[MA139 trade name] has been shown to conform to the same relevant standards of quality, efficacy and safety as those required of the comparator product. According to the submitted data on quality and bioavailability, [MA139 trade name] is pharmaceutically and therapeutically equivalent and thus interchangeable with the comparator product, Eurartesim® (Sigma-tau Industrie Farmaceutiche Riunite S.p.A.) for which benefits have been proven in terms of clinical efficacy. The clinical safety of [MA139 trade name] is considered acceptable when guidance and restrictions stated in the summary of product characteristics (SmPC) are considered. Refer to the SmPC (WHOPAR part 4) for data on clinical safety.

5. Benefit risk assessment and overall conclusion

Quality

Physicochemical and biological aspects relevant to the uniform pharmaceutical characteristics have been investigated and are controlled in a satisfactory way. The quality of this product is considered to lead to an acceptable clinical performance when [MA139 trade name] is used in accordance with the SmPC.

Bioequivalence

[MA139 trade name] has been shown to be bioequivalent with Eurartesim® (Sigma-tau Industrie Farmaceutiche Riunite S.p.A.).

Efficacy and Safety

Regarding clinical efficacy and safety, [MA139 trade name] is considered effective and safe to use when the guidance and restrictions in the SmPC are taken into consideration.

Benefit Risk Assessment

Based on WHO's assessment of data on quality, bioequivalence, safety and efficacy the team of assessors considered that the benefit–risk profile of [MA139 trade name] was acceptable for the following indication: 'for the treatment of uncomplicated malaria in adults, children and infants', and would allow inclusion of [MA139 trade name], manufactured at Guilin Pharmaceutical Co Ltd, Oral Solid Dosage Workshop 1, No. 43, Qilidian Road, Guilin – 541004, Guangxi, China in the list of prequalified medicinal products.