WHO-PQ RECOMMENDED PATIENT INFORMATION LEAFLET

This patient information leaflet focuses on uses of the medicine covered by WHO's Prequalification Team - Medicines. The recommendations for use are based on WHO guidelines and on information from stringent regulatory authorities.*

The medicine may be authorised for additional or different uses by national medicines regulatory authorities.

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^{*} https://extranet.who.int/pqweb/sites/default/files/documents/75%20SRA%20clarification_Feb2017_newtempl.pdf Page 1 of 7

Information for the patient

[MA100 trade name][†]

Artemether/lumefantrine

Read all of this leaflet carefully before you start taking this medicine because it contains important information for you.

- Keep this leaflet. You may need to read it again.
- If you have questions about the medicine, ask your health care provider.
- This medicine has been prescribed for you only. Do not pass it on to others. It may harm them, even if their signs of illness seem to be the same as yours.
- If you are concerned about any side effects, talk to your health care provider. This includes unwanted effects not listed in this leaflet. See section 4.

What is in this leaflet

- 1. What [MA100 trade name] is and what it is used for
- 2. What you need to know before you take [MA100 trade name]
- 3. How to take [MA100 trade name]
- 4. Possible side effects
- 5. How to store [MA100 trade name]
- 6. Contents of the pack and other information

1. What [MA100 trade name] is and what it is used for

[MA100 trade name] is a medicine used to treat malaria in adults and children. It contains two active substances, artemether and lumefantrine, which work together to kill the malaria parasite.

Malaria is caused by infection with a parasite called *Plasmodium*, spread by the bite of an infected mosquito. [MA100 trade name] is used when the malaria is caused by a type of malaria parasite called *Plasmodium* falciparum and only when the infection is not severe enough to affect the brain or other key organs.

Your health care provider will follow the most recent official guidelines on the use of malaria medicines to select the right medicine for your malaria treatment.

2. What you need to know before you take [MA100 trade name] Do not take [MA100 trade name]:

- if you are allergic (hypersensitive) to artemether, lumefantrine, or any of the other ingredients of this medicine (listed at the end of this leaflet). If you think you may be allergic, ask your health care provider for advice.
- if your health care provider tells you that you have severe malaria (affecting the brain or with complications affecting other organs such as lungs or kidneys).
- if you have a heart condition, such as dangerously irregular heartbeats (arrhythmias), an alteration in the electrical activity of the heart called prolonged QT interval, slow heartbeat, or severe heart disease.
- if any member of your family (e.g., parents, grandparents, brothers and sisters) has died suddenly due to a heart rate problem or is known to have been born with heart rate problems.
- if you are taking certain medicines (see "Other medicines and [MA100 trade name]").
- if you have low blood levels of electrolytes such as potassium or magnesium.

[†] Trade names are not prequalified by WHO. This is the national medicines regulatory agency's responsibility.

If any of these apply to you, tell your health care provider before taking [MA100 trade name].

Warnings and precautions

Talk to your health care provider before taking [MA100 trade name]:

- If you have severe liver or kidney problems. Your health care provider may recommend extra tests to monitor your heart and the level of potassium in your blood.

Take special care with [MA100 trade name]:

- If your condition worsens, or if you feel too unwell to eat and drink, contact your health care provider immediately. Your health care provider may want to perform a test called an electrocardiogram (ECG) and check the levels of electrolytes, such as potassium and magnesium in your blood before and during treatment.
- If you are taking or have taken any other medication for the treatment of malaria, talk to your health care provider, because some of these medicines must not be given together with [MA100 trade name].
- [MA100 trade name] is used to treat malaria due to *Plasmodium falciparum*. If you are also infected with another type of malaria parasite, *Plasmodium vivax*, your health care provider will give you another medicine for you to take after completing [MA100 trade name] treatment.

Other medicines and [MA100 trade name]

It is important that you tell your health care provider if you are taking or have recently taken any other medicines, including medicines obtained without a prescription. These may affect the action of [MA100 trade name], or [MA100 trade name] may affect their action. Side effects of either medicine may become worse and/or the medicines may become less effective.

Especially tell your health care provider if you take or have recently taken:

- Any other medicines to treat or prevent malaria
- Medicines for your heart
- Antipsychotic medicines (for treatment of abnormal condition of the mind)
- Antidepressants (medicines for depression and low mood)
- Antibiotics
- Antihistamines (for treatment of, e.g., allergies)
- Medicines to treat HIV infection
- Medicines to treat hepatitis B or hepatitis C infection
- Medicines against fungal infection
- Hormonal methods of birth control (for example birth control pills or contraceptive patch)

[MA100 trade name] with food and drink

[MA100 trade name] should be taken with food or a milky drink.

Pregnancy, breast-feeding and fertility

Pregnancy

[MA100 trade name] can be used during pregnancy.

Breast-feeding

The amounts of the active substances of [MA100 trade name] that pass into breast milk are low and [MA100 trade name] can be used during breast-feeding.

Fertility

There is no information on the effects of [MA100 trade name] on fertility in humans.

Driving and using machines

[MA100 trade name] may cause dizziness and tiredness. If you feel dizzy or tired while taking [MA100 trade name], do not drive and do not use any tools or machines.

3. How to take [MA100 trade name]

Your health care provider will explain to you how many tablets of [MA100 trade name] to take. The dose depends on your weight. You should take the medicine for 3 days, with no breaks in between.

The usual doses of the medicine for patients of different weights are described below:

Patient's weight	Time					
	Day 1		Day 2		Day 3	
	Immediately after diagnosis/ onset of symptoms	8 hours after previous dose	12 hours after previous dose	12 hours after previous dose	12 hours after previous dose	12 hours after previous dose
Up to 15kg	½ tablet	½ tablet	½ tablet	½ tablet	½ tablet	½ tablet
From 15kg up to 25kg	1 tablet	1 tablet	1 tablet	1 tablet	1 tablet	1 tablet
From 25kg up to 35kg	1½ tablets	1½ tablets	1½ tablets	1½ tablets	1½ tablets	1½ tablets
From 35kg	2 tablets	2 tablets	2 tablets	2 tablets	2 tablets	2 tablets

Take the first dose immediately when your health care provider has diagnosed malaria.

Take the second dose 8 hours after the first dose.

Then take the remaining doses 12 hours apart.

If you vomit within 1 hour of taking the medication, you should repeat the dose.

[MA100 trade name] should be taken with food or a milky drink. If you are not able to swallow the tablets whole, the tablets may be crushed and added to a small amount of soft food or liquid, all of which should be consumed immediately.

If you are unable to tolerate food, [MA100 trade name] should still be taken, but your body may take up less of the medicine.

You should always take [MA100 trade name] exactly as described by the health care provider and it is important to complete the course of tablets that is recommended. Check with your health care provider if you are not sure.

If you take more [MA100 trade name] than you should

If you take too many tablets, immediately contact your health care provider or the nearest hospital emergency department for further advice. Bring the medicine box with you, so that you can easily describe what you have taken.

If you forget to take [MA100 trade name]

Try to make sure that you do not miss any dose. However, if you do forget a dose, take the missed dose as soon as you realise that you have forgotten it. Then take the next dose after the prescribed interval. Do not take a double dose to make up for a forgotten tablet. **Make sure you take all six doses of this regimen**.

If you stop taking [MA100 trade name]

You should keep taking the medicine for as long as your health care provider has ordered, even if you are feeling better. If you stop the medicine too soon, the infection may not be completely cured.

If you have any further questions on the use of this product, ask your health care provider.

4. Possible side effects

Like all medicines, [MA100 trade name] can cause side effects, although not everybody gets them. It is important that you inform the health care provider of any change in your health.

Most of the side effects are mild to moderate and generally disappear after a few days to a few weeks after treatment.

However, some side effects could be serious and need immediate medical attention. Allergic (hypersensitivity) reactions may occur rarely, in up to 1 person in 1000.

- If you get a rash, swelling of the face, lips, tongue or throat with difficulty in swallowing or breathing, tell your health care provider straight away.

Of the other side effects that may occur with [MA100 trade name], the *most commonly* reported side effects (in more than 1 in every 10 patients treated) include

- fast heart beat (palpitations)
- headache
- dizziness
- cough
- nausea (feeling sick) or vomiting (being sick)
- abdominal (belly) pain
- decreased appetite
- joint pain
- muscle pain
- general weakness or tiredness
- sleep disorders.

Other common side effects (reported in more than 1 in every 100 patients treated) include

- changes in the electrical activity of the heart (QT-prolongation) seen in tests
- abnormal blood tests for liver function
- rash
- itching
- diarrhoea
- abnormal walking*
- needles and pins (paraesthesia) or numbness of the hands and feet*
- involuntary, rhythmic, muscular contractions (clonus)
- insomnia.

Uncommon side effects (greater than 1 in every 1000 patients treated but less than 1 in 100) include

- clumsiness or difficulty in making movements smoothly (ataxia)*
- decreased skin sensitivity*
- sleepiness
- nettle rash (urticaria).

There have also been some reports of anaemia (low numbers of red blood cells) due to breakdown of the red blood cells, which has been reported up to a few weeks after treatment has been stopped (delayed haemolytic anaemia). It is not clear how often this may occur.

If any of the side effects gets serious, or if you notice any side effects not listed in this leaflet, please tell your health care provider as soon as possible.

Reporting of side effects

If you get any side effects, talk to your health care provider. This includes unwanted effects not listed in this leaflet. If available, you can also report side effects directly through the national reporting system. By reporting side effects, you can help improve understanding about the safety of this medicine.

^{*}These side effects have been reported in adults and adolescents above 12 years of age.

5. How to store [MA100 trade name]

Keep this medicine out of the sight and reach of children.

Do not store above 30°C. Store in original container.

Do not use this medicine after the expiry date stated on the carton or blister after "EXP". The expiry date refers to the last day of that month.

Do not use this medicine if you notice visible signs of deterioration or that it is different from the description below.

Do not throw away any medicines in wastewater or household waste. Ask your health care provider how to throw away medicines you no longer use. These measures will help protect the environment.

6. Contents of the pack and other information

What [MA100 trade name] contains

- The active ingredients are 40 mg artemether and 240 mg lumefantrine.
- The other ingredients of [MA100 trade name] are: colloidal silicon dioxide, croscarmellose sodium, crospovidone, hypromellose, magnesium stearate, microcrystalline cellulose, polysorbate 80 and talc.

There is too little sodium in this medicine to have any effect, even if you are on a low-sodium diet.

What [MA100 trade name] looks like and contents of the pack

[MA100 trade name] is a yellow, round, flat-faced, beveled edge tablet debossed with 'M' on one side of the tablet and 'AL' above the score and '2' below the score on the other side.

The tablet can be divided into equal doses.

The tablets are provided in Alu-Alu (desiccant-embedded) blisters, Alu-Alu blisters or clear, transparent PVC/Aclar-Alu blisters.

One carton contains 1 blister card of 12 tablets each.

Supplier

Mylan Laboratories Limited Plot No. 564/A/22, Road No.92, Jubilee Hills Hyderabad – 500096, Telangana, India

Email: ProductSafety@viatris.com

Manufacturers

Mylan Laboratories Limited F-4, F-12, Malegaon M.I.D.C. Sinnar, Nashik – 422113 Maharashtra state India

Mylan Laboratories Limited Plot No. 11, 12 & 13 Indore Special Economic Zone Pharma Zone, Phase II, Sector III Pithampur, District Dhar Madhya Pradesh – 454775 India

For any information about this medicine, contact the local representative of the supplier.

This leaflet was last revised in May 2023.

Detailed information on this medicine is available on the World Health Organization (WHO) website: https://extranet.who.int/pgweb/medicines