

UNFPA's risk based approach to quality control and monitoring of time and temperature sensitive health products

Linda Serwaa on behalf of Johnson
Moyo
Product Quality Assurance Team, SCMU
&
Joanna Trachimowicz
Team Lead, Logistics & Shipping
Supply Chain Management Unit, UNFPA

Agenda

- Introduction
- Risk Assessment
- Product Profiling
- SOPs and Guidance Documents
- Training and Awareness
- Data Analysis and Continuous Improvement
- Supply Chain Collaboration
- Challenges & Opportunities
- Logistics Management

Introduction

- UNFPA's TTSHP Program
- A risk based approach to fulfil mandate of supplying quality assured products to end users.
- Rolled out November 2021

UNFPA Supply Chain Management Unit



Risk Assessment

- Assessment of :
 - sensitivity of products to temperature variations
 - inherent risks in various modes of transportation

- Inputs from
 - Manufacturers
 - Specialist Consultants
 - In-house expertise

Product Profiling

UNFPA Freight Conditions Requirements for RH medical products

Product category	Subcategory / or product name	SEA Freight conditions AND ROAD transport over TWO WEEKS	Air freight
Pharmaceuticals - Temperature sensitive products	Currently Oxytocin, Ergometrin (under Oxytocics category), Anti-D (RhO) immunoglobulin 300mcg, Test Rhesus, anti-D (other pharmaceuticals) and Test blood-group, anti-A, Test blood-group, anti-AB, Test blood-group, anti-B (under Diagnostics and Lab reagents category).	Temperature controlled 2-8 °C (Reefer containers) AND DATA LOGGER	1. Up to three days, PASSIVE Container can be used 2. Longer than 3 days- ACTIVE Container 3. Smaller aircrafts (cannot accommodate reefer container)- PASSIVE
Medical Devices	Anatomical Models (as categorized in UNFPA catalog)	General cargo and NO data logger	NO data logger

SOPs and Guidance Documents

1. SOPs

- a. Operationalizing temperature monitoring of TTSHPs
- b. Temperature monitoring - Placement of data loggers in shipments
- c. Temperature data retrieval and analysis
- d. Handling temperature excursions

1. Guidance Documents

- a. Freight Conditions Guidelines for RH Medical Products
- b. Frequently asked Questions

Training and Awareness

Webinars and Document Sharing With:

- Colleagues
- Suppliers
- TPP partners

Data Analysis and Continuous Improvement

1. Record all deviations in the 'Deviation/Non-conformance Log'
1. Periodic analysis of trends
 - a. Products
 - b. Mode of transport
 - c. Locations
1. Collaborate with suppliers on changes to requirements and new regulations

Supply Chain Collaboration

- Respond to queries for exemption to reefer and data logger inclusion
- Risk versus benefit versus costs
 - availability of appropriate vessels/vehicles

Challenges & Opportunities

- Reliance on human factor to report excursions
 - option to use cloud based tools with WiFi enabled DL
- Monitoring to the last mile
 - Multi-use DL
- Reluctance of carriers to have DL in general cargo
- Cost and availability of reefers/aircraft cold chain.
- Increasing number of suppliers wanting all TTSHP to go into reefers.

Logistics Management

- Logistics function at UNFPA SCMU
- Identifying transport solutions
- Operationalization of the TTSHP project
- Ensuring end to end visibility



Thank You