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Global database on the Implementation of Nutrition Action (GINA) notation of

Tamil Nadu Integrated Nutrition Programme (TINP II) - Nutrition education and counselling - Lactating women (LW)|Pregnant women (PW)

Programme: Tamil Nadu Integrated Nutrition Programme (TINP II)

Programme Data

Programme Description

TINP II built off the lessons learned during TINP I. The components of TINP II remained the same as those in TINP II, although additional components were added.

Referral of infants and young children and pregnant women as needed

Program type

Large scale programmes

Cost

Community health worker (CHW)intensity was reported as 1:150 households, or 40:1000 households.

References

WHO (2013) Essential Nutrition Actions – Improving maternal, newborn, infant and young child health and nutrition, which provides a compact of WHO guidance on nutrition interventions targeting the first 1000 days of life. Part I presents the interventions currently recommended by WHO, summarizes the rationale and the evidence, and describes the actions require to implement them. Part II provides an analysis of community-based interventions aimed at improving nutrition and indicates how effective interventions can be delivered in an integrated fashion. It shows how the essential nutrition actions described in the first part have been implemented in large-scale programmes in various settings, what the outcomes have been, and to examine the evidence for attribution of changes in nutritional outcomes to programme activities. This summary of TINP IIis retrieved from the ENA Part II where TINP IIis one of 32 large-scale community-based programs that has been reviewed in detail and evaluated.

http://www.who.int/nutrition/publications/infantfeeding/essential nutrition actions/en/

Implementing organisations

Action data

Start date

End date January 1970

Country(ies): India
Status: Completed
Area: Rural

Topic: Nutrition education and counselling

Target group: Lactating women (LW)

Pregnant women (PW)

Delivery: Community-based

Coverage level (%): Approximately 80 % by area (316/385 rural blocks)

Outcome indicator(s): Underweight

M&E system: Among TINP II participants, there was an approximate 6.0 ppt/year decrease in underweight

prevalence. In TINP areas, there was an average 1.1 ppt/year decline in underweight prevalence. The

sustained rate of reduction in population underweight attributed to TINP II was 1.1 ppt/year.

Other lessons learnt: Overall, TINP II was found to be successful in achieving its objective to decrease severe malnutrition

but not successful in achieving its objective for moderate malnutrition. The latter objective may have

been too ambitious, and underlying trends may have been overestimated.

Typical problems Solutions

Other actions from same programme

Tamil Nadu Integrated Nutrition Programme (TINP II) - Growth monitoring and promotion - Infants and young children|Preschool-age children (Pre-SAC)|School age children (SAC)

Tamil Nadu Integrated Nutrition Programme (TINP II) - Food distribution/supplementation for prevention of acute malnutrition - Infants and young children|Lactating women (LW)|Pregnant women (PW)|Preschool-age children (Pre-SAC)|School age children ...

Tamil Nadu Integrated Nutrition Programme (TINP II) - Vitamin A supplementation - Infants and young children|Lactating women (LW)|Pregnant women (PW)|Preschool-age children (Pre-SAC)|School age children (SAC)

