

# GNPR 2009-2010: School-based nutrition - Implementation of legislation on marketing of unhealthy foods and beverages to children - School age children (SAC)

Programme: GNPR 2009-2010: School-based nutrition

## Programme Data

### Programme Description

These programmes and actions were reported by countries for the WHO Global Nutrition Policy Review 2009-2010, Module 4 on School-based nutrition programmes. Please note that for simplicity, all interventions in a thematic module have been combined under the same programme for GINA, while they may not be implemented as a package and may have different partners. These data are currently being updated and completed through the GINA verification process. If you think you can help update and complete any of these data, please sign up to GINA and edit.

### Program type

Community/sub-national

### References

WHO (2013) Global Nutrition Policy Review. What does it take to scale up nutrition action?

[http://www.who.int/nutrition/publications/policies/global\\_nut\\_policyrevi...](http://www.who.int/nutrition/publications/policies/global_nut_policyrevi...)

The Global nutrition policy review is based on a questionnaire survey conducted during 2009–2010, in which 119 WHO Member States and 4 territories participated.

### Implementing organisations

### Funding sources

- Government
  - Education and research
  - Details:  
more  
Ministry of Education, Sport and Culture

## Action data

Start date

Country(ies): Zimbabwe

Topic: Implementation of legislation on marketing of unhealthy foods and beverages to children

Target group: School age children (SAC)

Delivery: Kindergarten/school

Other delivery: school

Implementation details : Marketing of high-fat, energy dense, and/or micronutrient-poor foods and beverages not allowed on school premises was reported during the WHO Global Nutrition Policy Review (GNPR) 2009-2010.

**Typical problems      Solutions**