

GNPR 2009-2010: Vitamin and mineral nutrition - Calcium supplementation - Pregnant women (PW)

Programme: GNPR 2009-2010: Vitamin and mineral nutrition

Programme Data

Programme Description

These programmes and actions were reported by countries for the WHO Global Nutrition Policy Review 2009-2010, Module 5 on Vitamin and mineral nutrition. Please note that for simplicity, all interventions in a thematic module have been combined under the same programme for GINA, while they may not be implemented as a package and may have different partners. These data are currently being updated and completed through the GINA verification process. If you think you can help update and complete any of these data, please sign up to GINA and edit.

Program type

Community/sub-national

References

WHO (2013) Global Nutrition Policy Review. What does it take to scale up nutrition action?

http://www.who.int/nutrition/publications/policies/global_nut_policyrevi...

The Global nutrition policy review is based on a questionnaire survey conducted during 2009–2010, in which 119 WHO Member States and 4 territories participated.

Implementing organisations

Action data

Start date

Country(ies): Togo

Topic: Calcium supplementation

Micronutrient compound: Calcium

Target group: Pregnant women (PW)

Delivery: Primary health care center

Other delivery: health system

Implementation details : Supplementation with calcium was reported to the WHO Global Nutrition Policy Review (GNPR) 2009-2010. Supplementation paid by user. Dose: 500mg

Typical problems Solutions

Other actions from same programme

[GNPR 2009-2010: Vitamin and mineral nutrition - Folic acid supplementation - Pregnant women \(PW\)](#)

[GNPR 2009-2010: Vitamin and mineral nutrition - Iron and folic acid supplementation - Pregnant women \(PW\)](#)

[GNPR 2009-2010: Vitamin and mineral nutrition - Oil fortification - All population groups](#)

[GNPR 2009-2010: Vitamin and mineral nutrition - Zinc supplementation - Diarrhoea cases](#)

eLENA Link

[Calcium supplementation during pregnancy for the prevention and treatment of pre-eclampsia and eclampsia](#)