

Viet Nam - Haiphong (Ages 13-15) Global Youth Tobacco Survey (GYTS) FACT SHEET



The Viet Nam - Haiphong GYTS includes data on prevalence of cigarette and other tobacco use as well as information on five determinants of tobacco use: access/availability and price, exposure to secondhand smoke (SHS), cessation, media and advertising, and school curriculum. These determinants are components Viet Nam - Haiphong could include in a comprehensive tobacco control program.

The Viet Nam - Haiphong GYTS was a school-based survey of students in grades 8, 9 and 10 conducted in 2003.

A two-stage cluster sample design was used to produce representative data for Viet Nam - Haiphong. At the first stage, schools were selected with probability proportional to enrollment size. At the second stage, classes were randomly selected and all students in selected classes were eligible to participate. The school response rate was 100.0%, the class response rate was 100.0%, the student response rate was 94.0%, and the overall response rate was 94.0%. A total of 793 students aged 13-15 participated in the Viet Nam - Haiphong GYTS.

Prevalence

- 15.0% of students had ever smoked cigarettes (Boy = 26.5%, Girl = 6.1%)
- 5.4% currently use any tobacco product (Boy = 10.3%, Girl = 1.3%)
- 4.7% currently smoke cigarettes (Boy = 8.8%, Girl = 1.2%)
- 2.5% currently use other tobacco products (Boy = 5.4%, Girl = 0.3%)
- 6.8% of never smokers are likely to initiate smoking next year

Knowledge and Attitudes

- 21.7% think boys and 7.4% think girls who smoke have more friends
- 11.9% think boys and 5.0% think girls who smoke look more attractive

Access and Availability - Current Smokers

- 24.2% usually smoke at home
- 43.3% buy cigarettes in a store

Exposure to Secondhand Smoke (SHS)

- 56.5% live in homes where others smoke in their presence
- 86.2% think smoking should be banned from public places
- 77.9% think smoke from others is harmful to them
- 53.7% have one or more parents who smoke
- 2.8% have most or all friends who smoke

Cessation - Current Smokers

- 85.4% have ever received help to stop smoking

Media and Advertising

- 89.5% saw anti-smoking media messages, in the past 30 days
- 63.0% saw pro-cigarette ads on billboards, in the past 30 days
- 42.1% saw pro-cigarette ads in newspapers or magazines, in the past 30 days
- 16.1% have an object with a cigarette brand logo
- 6.6% were offered free cigarettes by a tobacco company representative

School

- 66.4% had been taught in class, during the past year, about the dangers of smoking
- 38.4% had discussed in class, during the past year, reasons why people their age smoke

Highlights

- 5.4% of students currently use any form of tobacco; 4.7% currently smoke cigarettes; 2.5% currently use some other form of tobacco.
- SHS exposure is high – close to 3 in 5 students live in homes where others smoke; over half the students have at least one parent who smokes.
- More than three-quarters of the students think smoke from others is harmful to them.
- Over 8 in 10 students think smoking in public places should be banned.
- One in 6 students has an object with a cigarette brand logo on it.
- Nine in 10 students saw anti-smoking media messages in the past 30 days; over 6 in 10 students saw pro-cigarette ads on billboards and more than 2 in 5 saw pro-tobacco ads in newspapers or magazines in the past 30 days.