

# Nigeria-Cross River State (Ages 13-15) Global Youth Tobacco Survey (GYTS)



## FACT SHEET . . . . .

The Nigeria-Cross River State GYTS includes data on prevalence of cigarette and other tobacco use as well as information on five determinants of tobacco use: access/availability and price, exposure to secondhand smoke (SHS), cessation, media and advertising, and school curriculum. These determinants are components Nigeria-Cross River State could include in a comprehensive tobacco control program.

The Nigeria-Cross River State GYTS was a school-based survey of students in Junior Secondary 1, 2 and 3, and Senior

Secondary 1, 2 and 3 conducted in 2000. A two-stage cluster sample design was used to produce representative data for all of Nigeria-Cross River State. At the first stage, schools were selected with probability proportional to enrollment size. At the second stage, classes were randomly selected and all students in selected classes were eligible to participate. The school response rate was 90.0%, the class response rate was 100%, the student response rate was 85.7%, and the overall response rate was 77.1%. A total of 914 students participated in the Nigeria-Cross River State GYTS.

### Prevalence

- 14.6% of students had ever smoked cigarettes (Boys = 16.5%, Girls = 9.9%)
- 18.1% currently use any tobacco product (Boys = 22.6%, Girls = 11.2%)
- 7.0% currently smoke cigarettes (Boys = 7.7%, Girls = 3.3%)
- 14.0% currently use other tobacco products (Boys = 18.6%, Girls = 9.4%)
- 19.8% of never smokers are likely to initiate smoking next year

### Knowledge and Attitudes

- 42.5% think boys and 26.9% think girls who smoke have more friends
- 14.9% think boys and 13.5% think girls who smoke look more attractive

### Access and Availability - Current Smokers

- 22.2% usually smoke at home
- 41.9% buy cigarettes in a store
- 44.3% who bought cigarettes in a store were NOT refused purchase because of their age

### Environmental Tobacco Smoke

- 34.3% live in homes where others smoke in their presence
- 49.6% are around others who smoke in places outside their home
- 60.2% think smoking should be banned from public places
- 35.4% think smoke from others is harmful to them
- 14.1% have one or more parents who smoke
- 7.3% have most or all friends who smoke

### Cessation - Current Smokers

- 85.9% want to stop smoking\*
- 87.2% have ever received help to stop smoking

### Media and Advertising

- 65.9% saw anti-smoking media messages, in the past 30 days
- 59.6% saw pro-cigarette ads on billboards, in the past 30 days
- 51.7% saw pro-cigarette ads in newspapers or magazines, in the past 30 days
- 24.7% have an object with a cigarette brand logo
- 13.7% were offered free cigarettes by a tobacco company representative

### School

- 42.1% had been taught in class, during the past year, about the dangers of smoking
- 28.7% had discussed in class, during the past year, reasons why people their age smoke
- 50.0% had been taught in class, during the past year, the effects of tobacco use

\* sample size <35 participants

### Highlights

- Almost 1 in 5 students currently use some form of tobacco; 7% currently smoke cigarettes; 14% currently use some other form of tobacco.
- ETS exposure is moderate – over one-third of students live in a home where others smoke; nearly half of students are exposed to smoke in public places; over 1 in 10 have one or more parents who smoke.
- More than one-third of students think smoke from others is harmful to them.
- Six in 10 students think smoking should be banned from public places.
- Over 8 in 10 smokers want to stop.
- One in 4 students has an object with a cigarette brand logo on it.
- Nearly two-thirds of students saw anti-smoking media messages in the past 30 days; almost 6 in 10 students saw pro-cigarette ads on billboards and over half of students saw pro-cigarette ads in newspapers or magazines in the past 30 days.