

Premature mortality from noncommunicable disease



- Reduce premature NCD mortality among men from 52% (2015) to \leq 39% (2025) and among women from 60% (2015) to \leq 45% (2025)

Harmful alcohol use



- Reduce prevalence of harmful use of alcohol to \leq 6.8% by 2025 (7.5% 2015)

Physical inactivity



- Reduce prevalence of physical inactivity to \leq 10.5% by 2025 (11.7% 2015)

Sodium intake



- Reduce mean salt/sodium intake among rural population from 2.3% (2015) to \leq 1.6% (2025) and among urban population from 1.2% (2015) to \leq 0.8% (2025)

Tobacco use



- Reduce prevalence of tobacco use among adults to \leq 16.6% by 2025 (27.3% 2015)

Raised blood pressure



- Reduce prevalence of raised blood pressure to \leq 21.5% by 2025 (28.6% 2015)

Diabetes and obesity



- 0% increase in diabetes by 2025 (9.3% 2015)

- 0% increase in obesity by 2025 (18.8% 2015)

Drug therapy to prevent heart attacks and strokes



- 50% coverage of drug therapy and counselling, \geq 69 trained health facilities by 2025

Essential noncommunicable disease medicines and basic technologies to treat major noncommunicable diseases



- 80% coverage of NCD medicines and technologies within health facilities (\geq 111 health facilities) by 2025