

National NCD Targets for United Republic of Tanzania

Premature mortality from noncommunicable disease



• 20% reduction in mortality among people less than 70 years due to cardiovascular disease, chronic respiratory disease, cancer and diabetes by 2020

Harmful alcohol use



• 10% relative reduction in persons aged 15+ per capita consumption of alcohol by 2020 (baseline 2012)

Physical inactivity



• 10% reduction in the proportion of individuals who are physically inactive by 2020 (baseline 2012)

Sodium intake



• Reduce the mean population salt intake to less than 5 grams per day by 2020

Tobacco use



• 30% reduction in the prevalence of tobacco use by 2020 (baseline 2012 STEPS data)

Raised blood pressure



• 25% reduction in the prevalence of raised blood pressure by 2020 (baseline 2012)

Diabetes and obesity



• 10% reduction in the prevalence of diabetes by 2020 (baseline 2012)

• 0% increase in obesity prevalence by 2020 (baseline 2012)

Drug therapy to prevent heart attacks and strokes



• 50% of people diagnosed with stroke or heart disease use aspirin for prevention of further cardiovascular diseases by 2020

Essential noncommunicable disease medicines and basic technologies to treat major noncommunicable diseases



• 50% increase in access to essential medicines for those diagnosed with the major NCDs by 2020 (baseline 2012)