



Advancing Innovation for Older Persons: Mapping needs for medical and assistive devices

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WHO Goals

- Ensure ageing with dignity, quality of life, health
- Delay, manage, reduce functional and cognitive decline for as long as possible
- Early diagnosis, prevention and treatment of prevalent diseases (e.g., non-communicable diseases), reduction of their risk factors,
- Create socially supportive and inclusive environments whilst reducing inequities.
- Non-institutionalization
- Develop/adapt health and social delivery systems
- Integrated approaches
 - Urban planning



WHY INNOVATE?









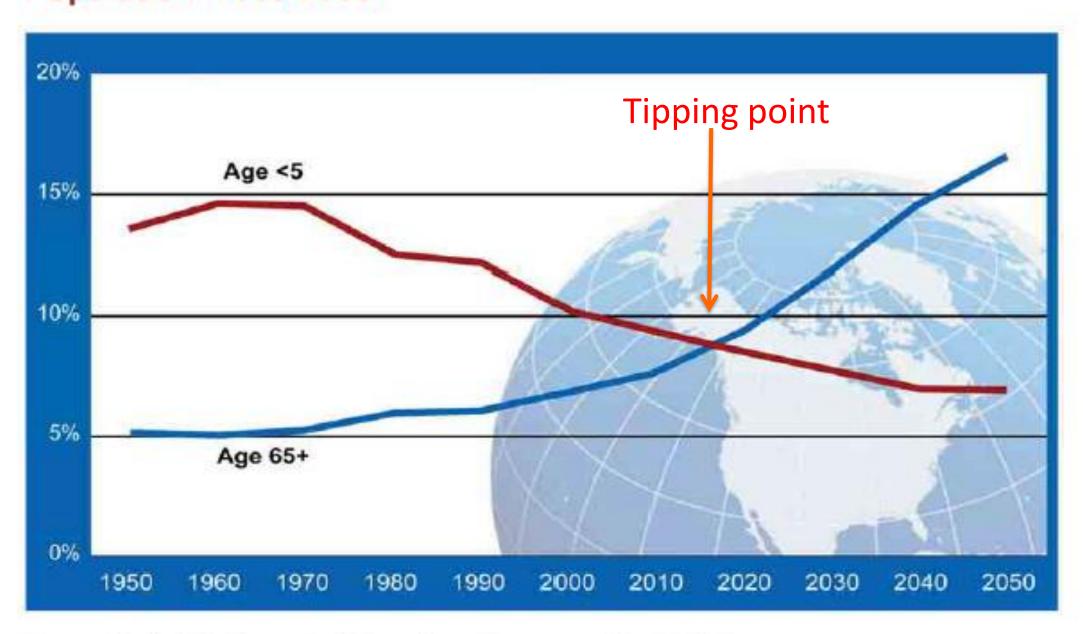








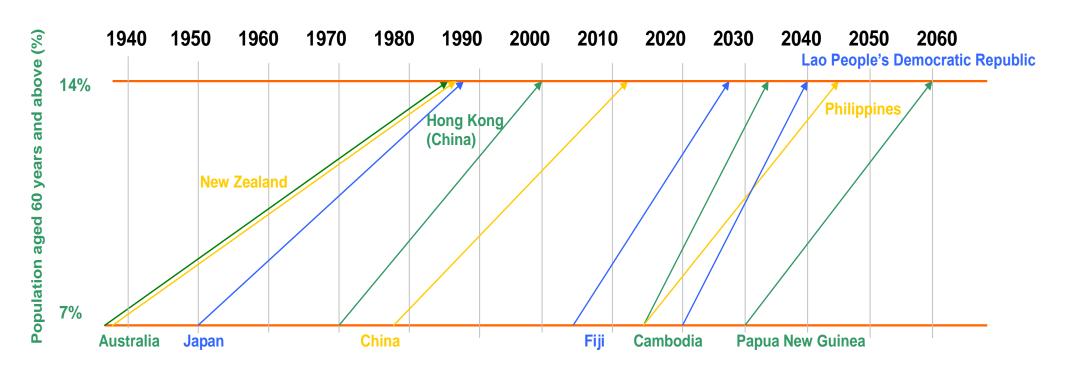
Young Children and Older People as a Percentage of Global Population: 1950-2050



Source: United Nations. World Population Prospects: The 2010 Revision. Available at: http://esa.un.org/unpd/wpp.



Time taken for population aged 60 years and above to double, selected countries, Western Pacific Region



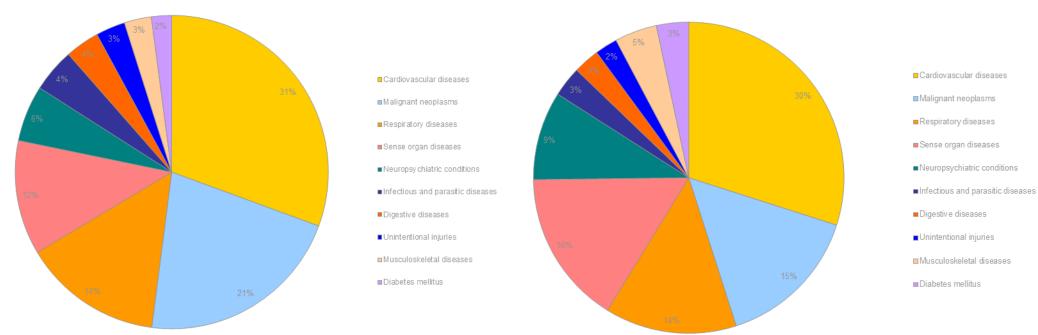
Source: Population Division of the Department of Economic and Social Affairs of the United Nations Secretariat, World Population Prospects: The 2010 Revision



Morbidity and disability in older people

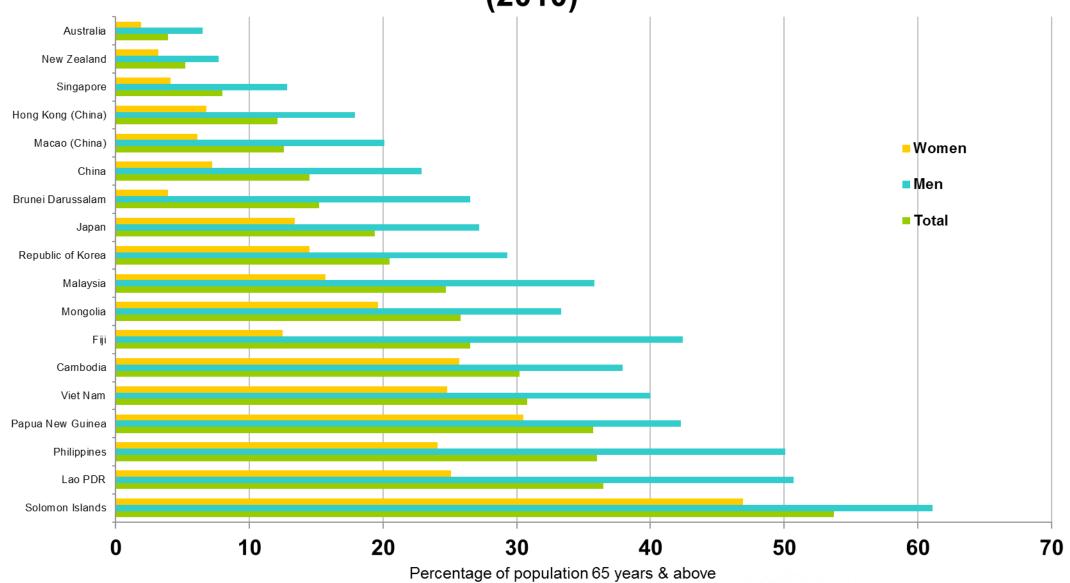
Top 10 causes of DALYs lost for men, 60-79 years, Western Pacific Region (2004)

Top 10 causes of DALYs lost for women, 60-79 years, Western Pacific Region (2004)





Labor force participation of population 65 years and above, selected countries, Western Pacific Region (2010)

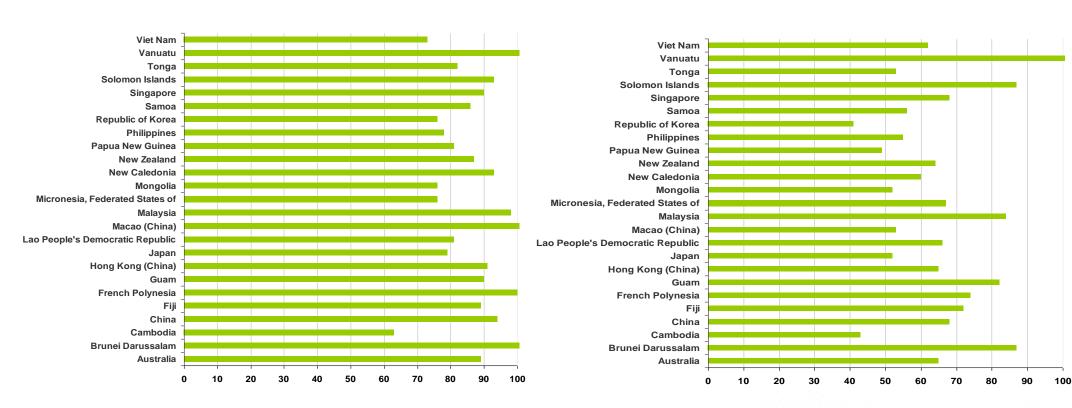




The feminization of ageing

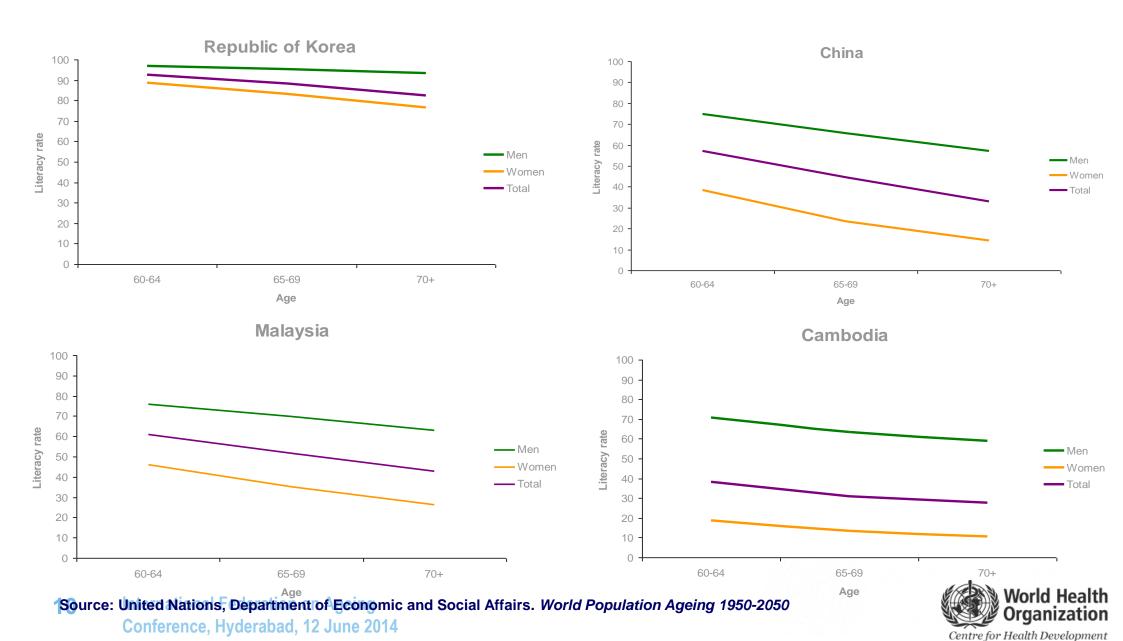
Sex ratio of population aged 60 years & above, Western Pacific Region (2010)

Sex ratio of population aged 80 years & above, Western Pacific Region (2010)

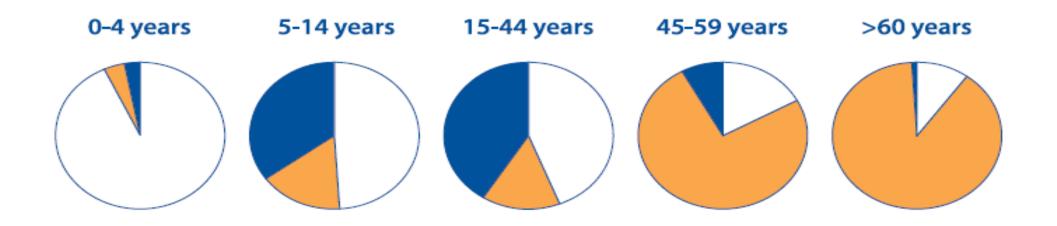




Literacy in population aged 60 years and above, selected countries, Western Pacific Region (2000)



Leading causes of <u>death</u>, low and middle income countries, by age.





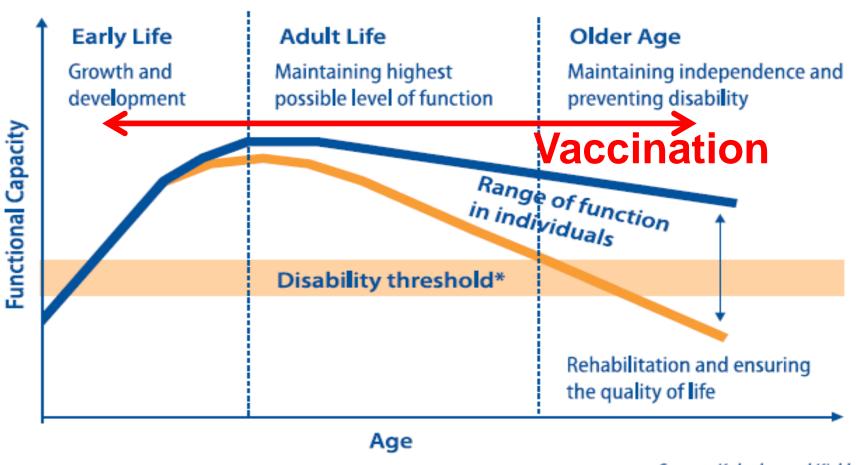
Injuries

Communicable diseases, maternal and perinatal conditions and nutritional deficiencies

Source: World Health Report 1999 Database



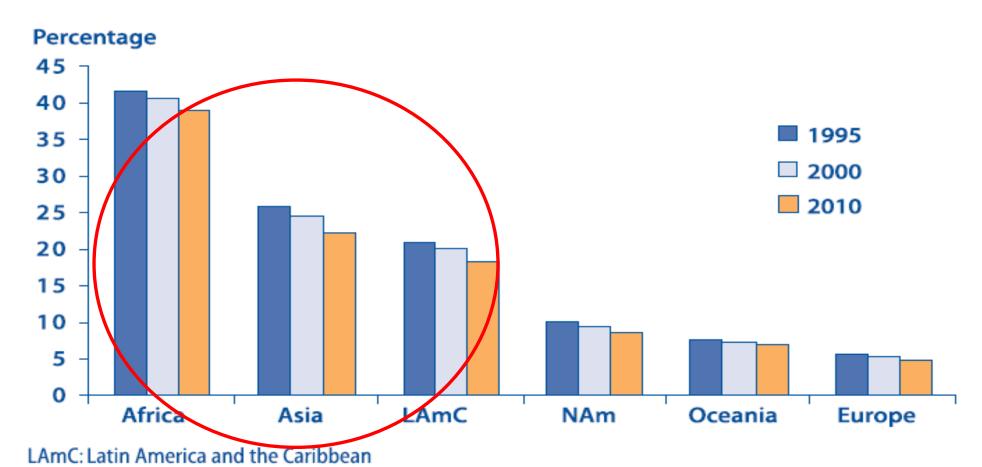
Maintaining functional capacity over the life-course

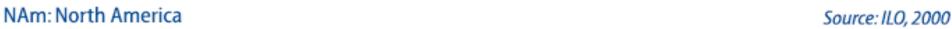


Source: Kalache and Kickbusch, 1997



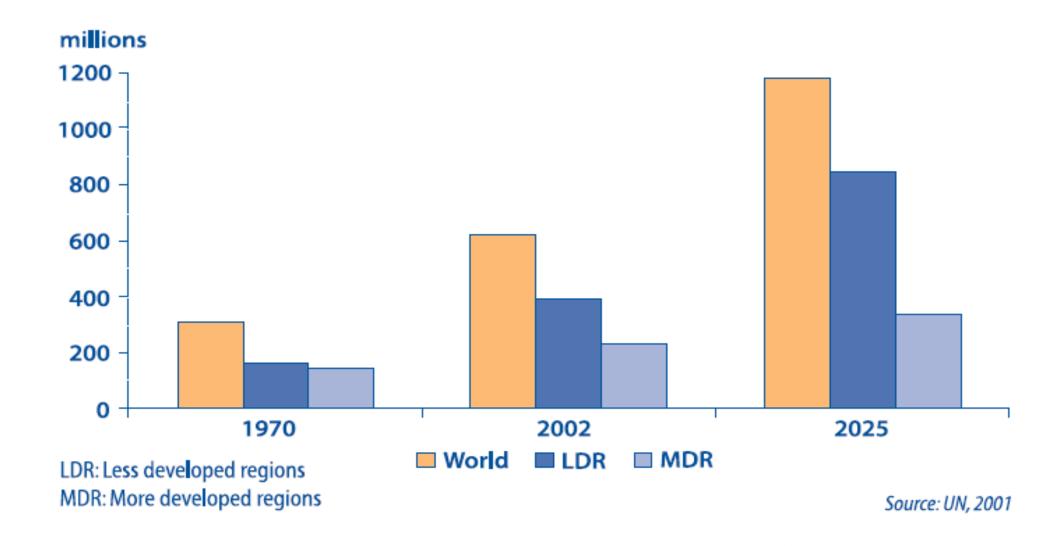
Percentage of labour force participation by people 65 and older, by region







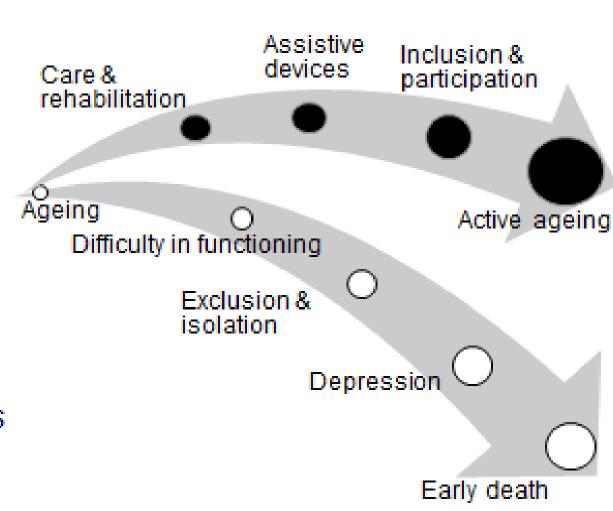
The number of people over 60, in less and more developed regions.





Ageing and functional limitation

- Ageing and functional limitation (physical & mental) are synonyms
- 46% of people over the age of 60 are disabled.
- Disabled people are living longer due to improvements in health care etc. a double burden if poor then triple burden
- Rehabilitation, assistive devices can improve and maintain functioning





Health condition – hospitalization – catastrophic disability

- Catastrophic disability: loss of independence in ≥ 3 ADL
 - 72% who experience catastrophic disability have been hospitalized
- Leading causes of catastrophic disability
 - Strokes
 - CHF
 - Pneumonia and influenza
 - Ischemic heart disease
 - Hip fracture



In all countries, and in developing countries in particular, measures to help older people remain healthy and active are a necessity, not a luxury.



So...

- Many years of ill-health in elderly in all regions...
- Need for health and social support services
- Health technologies are essential tools...





But...

- Focused, prioritized set of technologies needed
- Government/overall strategy needed
- Ethnography/mapping of the needs and preferences of elderly
 - Their needs; culture; language; literacy
 - Identify key obstacles and challenges to accessing technologies
- Affordability

Innovation: Medical and assistive devices



What are health technologies?

- For
 - Diagnosis
 - Prevention
 - Treatment
 - Rehabilitation
- Medicines and vaccines
- Medical and assistive devices
- Information technology

Technological Innovation

- Tools that can significantly
 - Increase quality of life and dignity
 - Prevent and manage co-morbidities; functional and cognitive decline;
 - Enable health preventive, promotion, treatment, rehabilitation and palliative services
 - Reduce institutionalization and keep people at home
 - Reduce social isolation
- A holistic approach: Must be integrated with health and community delivery systems; ecosystem for innovation
- Listening to the elderly: respond to their needs and preferences

Technological Innovation

- Frugal
- 6 key parameters
 - Affordable
 - Available
 - Acceptable
 - Adaptable
 - Accessible
 - Quality (safe and effective)

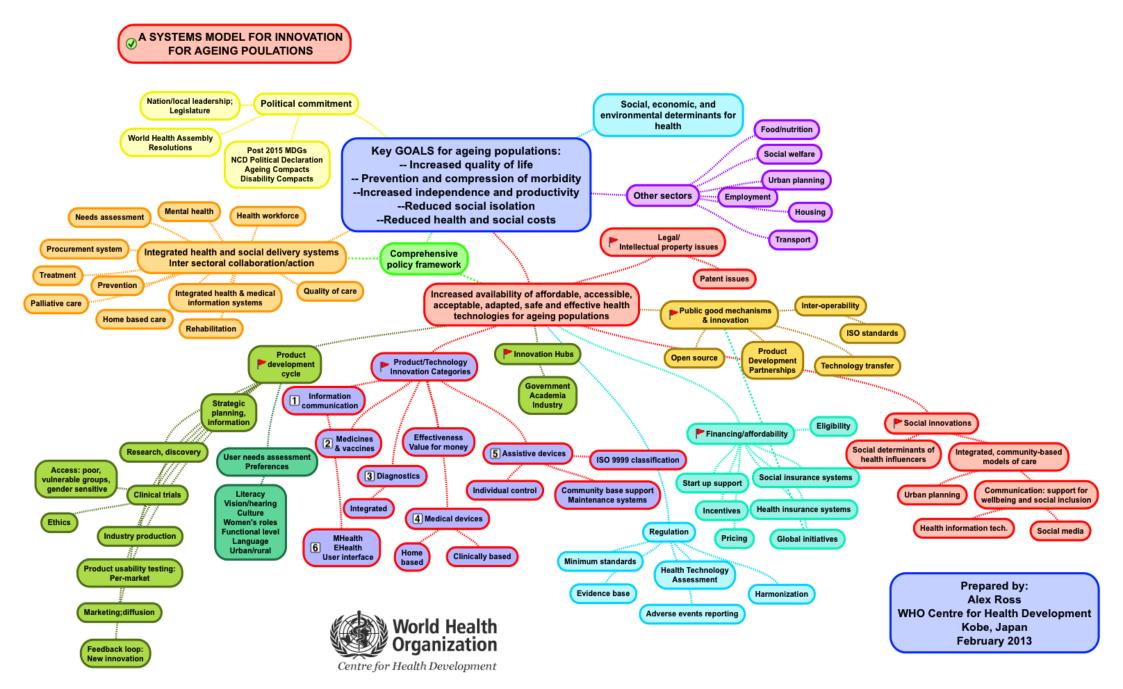


Opportunities

- Link disability and ageing communities
 - Community based rehabilitation systems
- Universal Health Coverage
- Integrating health and social (welfare) delivery systems
- Respond to demographic shifts



AN ecosystem for innovation



In the context of universal health coverage

 Current increased attention on universal coverage has created some kind of momentum and platform for developing national health financing systems

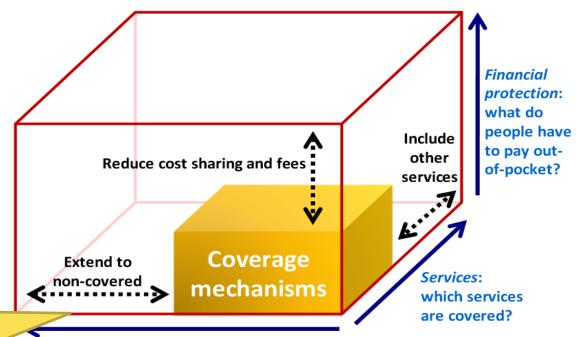
 Services = promotion, prevention, treatment, rehabilitative, palliation

Who? Ever ne!

Conference, Hyde

Financing Innovation

Towards universal coverage



Population: who is covered?



To ensure improved access of safe, quality medical devices

development

Research and Regulations Assessment

Management

Research and development based on needs

Regulations: Medical devices

Registration and premarket approval

Health **Technology Assessment**

Approved list of devices for interventions

Needs Assessments Selection

Installation, Inventories; User training Maintenance

Post market surveillance and Adverse event reporting

Decommissioning



Some examples of frugal innovations for ageing populations

- Low cost smart phones easy to see and use
- A solar powered hearing aid
- Low cost vision solutions (including cataract)
- Assistive solutions: streamlined availability and maintenance
- Appropriate wheelchair
- The cane, with sensors
- GIS and sensors: cognitive decline
- Utility companies homes early warning
- Social innovation (e.g. housing, social media, etc)
 - Older persons associations
- Senior centers = social participation, meals, self care
- Many others

Thank you

http://www.who.int/kobe_centre



