WHO Kobe Centre

Advocate of Urban Health Metrics Development



WHO Centre for Health Development (WHO Kobe Centre)



Vision Health for all in urban environments

Mission

Promoting and leading urban health research to assess trends and build evidence for policy makers to achieve urban health equity

Webpage www.who.int/kobe_centre

E-mail wkc@who.int



WHO Kobe Centre and Urban Health



Commission on Social Determinants of Health



Knowledge Network on Urban Settings





Commission's Recommendations

- Improve daily living conditions
- Tackle the inequitable distribution of power, money and resources
- Measure and understand the problem, and assess the impact of action





- How can we better capture the health situation of cities with metrics?
- How can we improve the link between metrics and appropriate action?



What We Need

- Statistically robust, valid, and relevant metrics that capture health outcomes and determinants as well as the equity dimension of each
- Metrics that are feasible, readily understandable and appeal to policy makers, locally and globally





Global Health Observatory: Urban Health Theme Page

- Global, regional and national statistics on key urban health indicators
- Disaggregation by urban wealth quintile
- Trend analysis showing progress on MDGs
- Country urban health
 profiles

www.who.int/gho/urban_health



Urban health



mortality

Global situation: In 2009, for the first time in human history, more than half of the world's population resides in urban areas. In 33 countries, globally, 80% or more of the population live in urban areas. Urban growth has outpaced the ability of governments to build essential infrastructures, and one in three urban dwellers lives in slums or informal settlements.

View interactive graph 🗳

Situation	Health outcomes	Health determinants		
50.1%	86%	828 million		
of the global population was living in an urban area in 2009, up from 33% in 1960	of the countries studied improved their overall under-five mortality rates in urban areas between 1990–1999 and 2000–2007	urban residents live in slum conditions worldwide Slum residence		
Urban population growth	Under-five mortality rate			
Situation and trends in key indicators Changes in urban population over time	Health risk factors Obesity among women and tobacco consumption	Contact us Please send us your comment or question by e-mail.		
Health outcomes Disease prevalence and	Health determinants Social,			

behavioural and

environmental

factors

Hidden Cities Report, 2010



8 11th International Conference on Urban Health 4-7 March, 2014, Manchester, UK



Hidden Cities Report, 2010



Source: WHO calculations based on data from Demographic and Health Surveys (DHS), 2003–2005.

Urban Health Equity Assessment & Response Tool (Urban HEART)



Urban HEART

Outlines the concepts and principles of Urban HEART

Urban HEART: User Manual

Leads users through a 6 step implementation process

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Urban HEART Core Indicators



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Urban HEART Assessment Tool

ULAANBAATAR		Bayanzurkh	Bayangol	Baganuur	Bagakhangai	Nalaikh	Sukhbaatar
PHYSICAL ENVIRONMENT & INFRASTRUCTURE	Safe water						
	Road traffic accidents						
SOCIAL AND HUMAN DEVELOPMENT	Literacy rate						
	Underweight children						
ECONOMICS	Unemployment rate						
	Access to credit						
GOVERNANCE	Health spending						
	Insurance coverage						





Geospatial analysis using Urban HEART







Developing an Urban Health Index

To create an urban health index which could capture the...

- LEVEL of health
- DETERMINANTS of health
- HEALTH DISPARITIES
- GEOSPATIAL distribution

of these characteristics







GHIFT A product and producer of synergy



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World Health Organization