

# Policy challenges and research questions in the European Region – the case of the SARS-CoV-2 pandemic

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### The main policy challenge during the pandemic:

Weak evidence to help decision makers choose and prioritise control measures

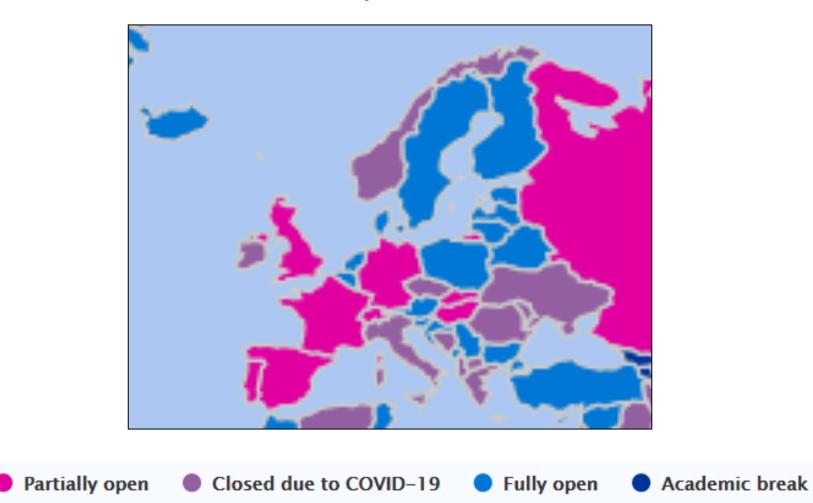


Lack of consensus on interpretation of available evidence on effects of meaures

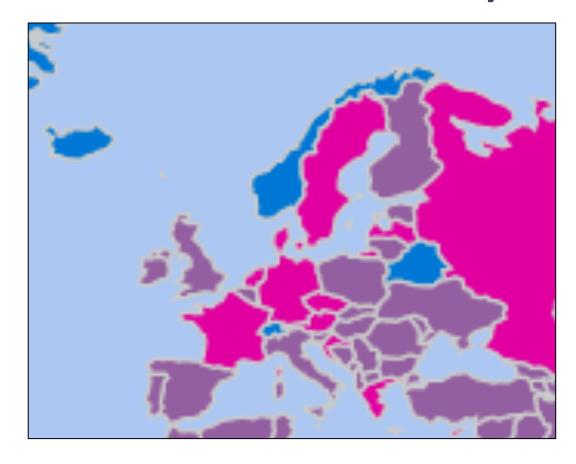


 Wide variation across countries in choice of public health and social measures during the pandemic

#### School closures, 12 March 2020

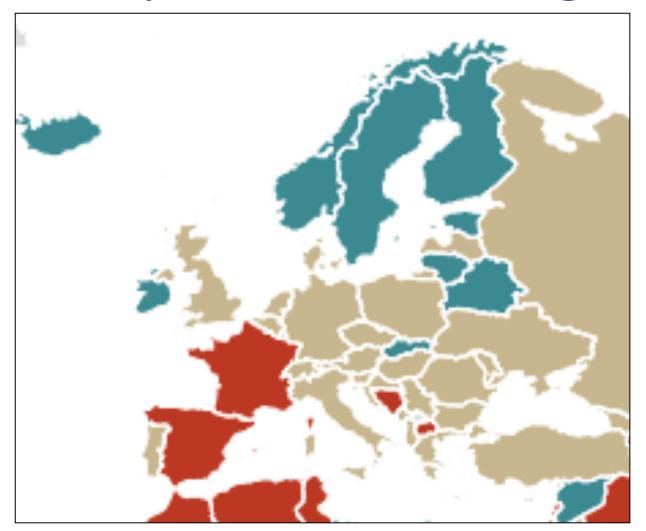


### School closures, 13 May 2020





### Mask requirements, 3 August 2020



### Mask requirements in 2023: still no consensus!

- Mandatory to wear a medical or FFP2-mask on public transport in Germany and Spain until February 2023
- Other European countries (e.g. Nordics) ended face mask mandates more than a year earlier (and rarely recommended FFP2-masks)

### Research question: How effective are these for reducing transmission in the community?





## Coronavirus: Germany improves ventilation to chase away Covid

19 Oct 2020 | Europe

The German government is investing €500m (£452m; \$488m) in improving ventilation systems in public buildings to help stop the spread of coronavirus.



Research question: How effective is improving air quality for reducing transmission of respiratory viruses?

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#### A paradox

- The weak evidence base for infection control measures was a big problem for decision makers during the COVID-19 pandemic,
- Still, very few trials of such measures have been conducted (10 or 20, vs. 1000 or 2000 trials of pharma-interventions!)

#### Too difficult to do?

- Not all trials are difficult to carry out and
- We could and should make it easier to carry out trials



### Too diffid

- Not all trials all and
- We could and .

WHO Guidance on Research Methods for Health Emergency and Disaster Risk Management



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