EDUCATION, TRAINING COMMUNICATION, AND PUBLIC AWARENESS ON SMOKELESS TOBACCO

PROFESSOR SAMAN WARNAKULASURIYA

PROFESSOR OF ORAL MEDICINE & EXPERIMENTAL PATHOLOGY KING'S COLLEGE LONDON

WHO COLLABORATING CENTRE FOR ORAL CANCER, LONDON UK.



WEBINAR SERIES ON SMOKELESS TOBACCO 24th SEPTEMBER 2018



ICMR- NATIONAL INSTITUTE OF CANCER PREVENTION & RESEARCH

WHO FCTC Global Knowledge Hub on Smokeless Tobacco (KH-SLT)

Smokeless Tobacco Webinar Series 2018

The WHO FCTC

A Landmark in Public Health



Article 12 Guidelines

Education, communication, training and public awareness



Guiding principles for implementation:

Providing an infrastructure to raise public awareness Running effective education, communication and training programs

Objectives- webinar series

Aimed at raising awareness on matters related to smokeless tobacco (SLT) use and control.

To scale up interventions to control SLT.

EDUCATION and TRAINING

Smokeless tobacco causes cancers of the oral cavity, Oesophagus and pancreas.

EDUCTION AND TRAINING

Medical and Dental School Curricula Continuing Professional Education: Doctors and Dentists

and Allied Health Professionals (Pharmacists) School Teachers & Adolescents

Special Groups Customs and Excise Officers SLT Traders Medical and dental education research has consistently reported schools only provide basic knowledge-based curricula that rarely incorporate more effective, behaviourallybased components needed to train professionals on tobacco issues.

Curriculum survey on tobacco education in European dental schools

C. A. Ramseier,¹ P. Aurich,² C. Bottini,³ S. Warnakulasuriya⁴ and J. M. Davis⁵

IN BRIEF

- Reveals that patients are asked about tobacco use in all responding schools.
- Reports a third of all responding schools refer smokers to a counselling clinic.

RESEARCH

- Highlights that dental students provide brief intervention counselling in only 16% of responding schools.
- Stresses that further practical training of dental students in tobacco use prevention and cessation skills still needs to be encouraged.

68 Dental Schools in 21 European Countries responded in the Survey

Only 10% of schools used a specific tobacco use history form to record

Patients' tobacco use

Dental students provided brief counselling to patients only in 16% of the schools

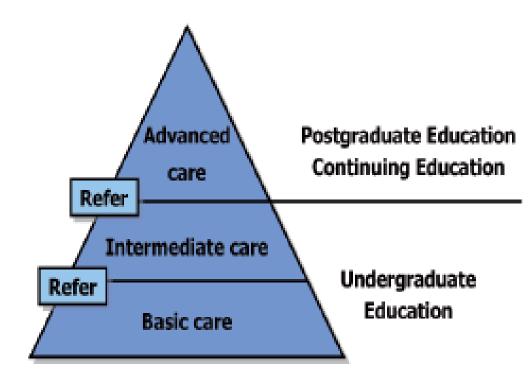
The limited training of dental students, is reflected in practising dental professionals inability to offer tobacco interventions

Education of tobacco use prevention and cessation for dental professionals a paradigm shift

Joan M Davis¹, Christoph A Ramseier², Nikos Mattheos³, Meta Schoonheim-Klein⁴, Sharon Compton⁵, Nadia Al-Hazmi⁶, Argy Polychronopoulou⁷, Jean Suvan⁸, Magda E. Antohé⁹, Doriana Forna⁹ and Nicki Radley¹⁰

International Dental Journal (2010) 60, 60-72

Education and training needed for Health Professionals



Both basic and intermediate interventions could easily be incorporated into the curricula for dentists, dental therapists/ hygienists and dental nurses/ assistants.

Figure 1. Levels of Intervention for a Tobacco Cessation Intervention. Adapted from Davis JM, Tobacco Education, In: Harris NR, editor. Primary Preventive Dentistry²⁸.

Education modules

:	Biological effects of tobacco use Genetic predisposition for nicotine dependence		
•	Tobacco culture and policy		
•	Psychological aspects of tobacco use		
•	Awareness of target groups		
	 Pregnant, adolescent, low social economic, etc. 		
•	Diagnosis of clinical effects of tobacco use		
•	Prevention and treatment of tobacco use and dependence		
	 Building rapport 	Knowledge	Clinical competencies
	 Interpersonal (social) skills 	8	Ĕ
	 Critically reflecting skills 	1.1	*
	Communication skills	è	<u> </u>
	 Open ended questions, affirming patient, reflective listenting, earen arizing 	2	東
	 Key principles of health behavior change interventions 		8
	 Express empathy, develop discrepacy, roll with resistance, support self-efficacy 		100
	 Levels of care 		~ 끝
	 Basic care 		一長
	 Brief intervention 		<u> </u>
	Intermediate care		
	 Health behavior change support, Pharmecotherapy 		
	 Advanced care 		
$+ \times = +$	 Advanced health behavior change intervention 		

Figure 2. Content Areas for Tobacco Education in Dental Education

Teaching Methods

- Knowledge:
 - Lecture, PBL, e-learning
- Clinical competence:
 - Pre-clinical and clinical instruction, peer mentoring
 - Patient care
 - Mentoring
 - Diagnostics:
 - Case presentations, PBL
 - TUPAC:
 - Building rapport:
 - Audiovisual demonstration (i.e. video of an interview)
 - Peer-to-peer role play with immediate feedback
 - · Levels of care:
 - Basic level: peer-to-peer role play, patient care
 - Intermediate level: peer-to-peer role play, standized patient role play, patient care
 - Advanced level (elective): CE, graduate training

Assessment Methods

- Knowledge:
 - · Multiple choice, other forms of assessments (written or oral exams)
- Clinical competence:
 - Portfolio
 - OSCE
 - Performance assessment
 - Clinical competency exam
 - Standardized patient
 - Role play feedback
 - Diagnostics:
 - Additional: case presentations and portfolio
 - TUPAC:
 - Building rapport:
 - Additional: assessment of communication skills and student's empathy
 - · Levels of care:
 - Assessment in a variety of formats on basic, intermediate, and advanced level to test the increasing complexity

Figure 3. TUPAC Teaching and Assessment methods

Continuing Professional Education to Doctors and Dentists

- Courses and Seminars
 - Journal Publications
 - WEB based learning





Oral health risks of tobacco use and effects of cessation

Saman Warnakulasuriya, Thomas Dietrich

Michael M. Bornstein et al

2011 Volume 60, Issue 1

https://doi.org/10.1922/IDJ 2532Warnakulasuriya24

IJMR_1793_17R3

Review Article

Indian J Med Res 148, July 2018, pp **-** DOI: 10.4103/ijmr.IJMR_1793_17



Oral health consequences of smokeless tobacco use

Arvind Muthukrishnan¹ & Saman Wamakulasuriya^{2,3}

¹Department of Oral Medicine, Radiology & Special Care Dentistry, Saveetha Dental College, Saveetha University, Chennai, India & ²WHO Collaborating Centre for Oral Cancer & ³King's College London, London, UK







E-learning tool, promoting smoking cession advice, accessible to Eu InformationTest knowledge

By carrying out an e-learning project transnationally, we will embrace

Smoking Cessation Advice

Healthcare professional training



essatias mouse magazina and the second se

, approximately 10 million cigarettes are purchased a minutes of the European Union

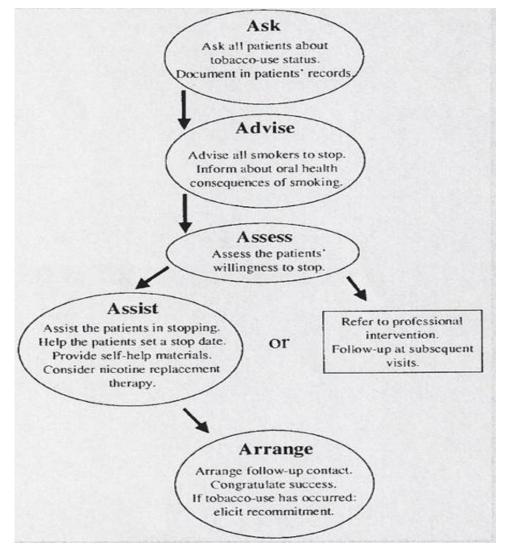
More facts

Project Details Partners Profiles **E-LEARNING PROJECT** Proiect Meetinas Dissemination and further learning Feedback Form How smoking cessation advice should be provided by health professionals to European citizens in different countries. Overview Withdrawal Orientated Approach FOR HEALTHCARE PROFESSIONAL Smoking Products The e-learning smoking cessation advice project is organized into several modules in the used by healthcare professionals such as hurses, pharmacists, dentists, oral hygienists, dental care professions and operativa de Ensino Superior Politécnico e Universitário, CRL, (CESPU) doctors. JNIVERSITA DEGLI STUDI DI MILANO **•UNIVERSIDAD DE SANTIAGO DE COMPOSTELA**

Coordinator UNIVERSITY OF BIRMINGHAM

Brief Interventions in Medical and Dental Practices





Young Dental Professionals Training in India Based on John Hopkins Global Tobacco Control Modules with on line Certification.



400 YOUNG DENTAL PROFESSIONALS HAVE COMPLETED.

TOBACCO CONTROL PROGRAM FOR YOUNG DENTAL PROFESSIONALS.

- Objectives. To train Young Dental Professsionals about
- MPOWER (WHO POLICY)
- Prevalence of Tobacco habits in India.
- Early detection of oral precancer & cancer -management and intervention.
- Role of Legislation (Cigarettes and Other Smokeless Tobacco Products Act 2003.)
- Tobacco cessation Training.
- To complete online courses on tobacco cessation & tobacco control (John Hopkins Global Tobacco Control Program.)
- Field assignments for community awareness.

PHARMACY VIDEO

http://clients.healthcare-learning.com.s3.amazonaws.com /jandj/module2/v0.01.002_module%202/story.html

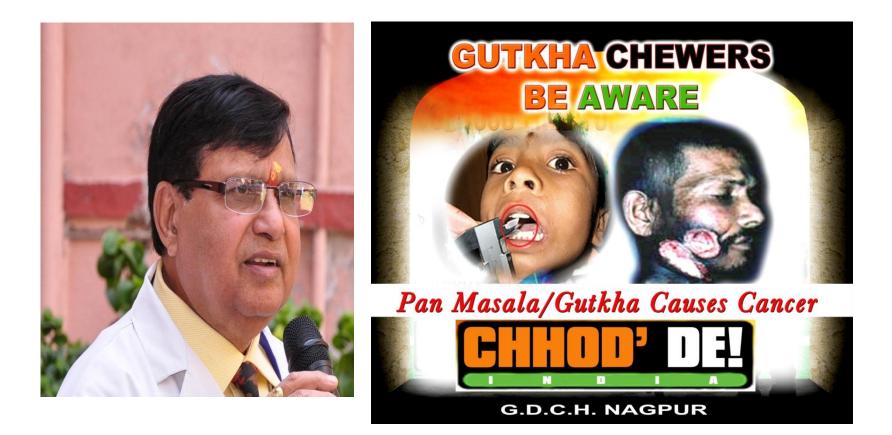
School Teachers & Adolescents

Mary Anne Charity Trust (MACT) NGO in Tamil Nadu state -2013

- to commemorate World No Tobacco Day NGO organised an event to produce art works at the government schools and educate the children about the danger of consuming tobacco.
- exhibitions conducted in schools across the state in an effort to educate the kids on the ill effects of tobacco.



EDUCATING VENDORS ON THE DANGERS OF ST



Educating Vendors About Smokeless Tobacco Products Regulations At Point Of Sale





2006 අංක 27 දරන ජාතික දුම්කොළ හා මද¤සාර අධිකාරිය පනතේ 33 වන වගන්තිය සමඟ කියවිය යුතු 30 වන වගන්තිය යටතේ සෞඛ¤, පෝෂණ සහ දේශීය වෛද¤ අමාත¤වරයා විසින් සාදන ලද නියෝග.

2016.09.01 දින නිකුත් කළ අති විශේෂ ගැසට් පතුයට අනුව



දුම් රහිත දුම්කොළ (හපන දුම්කොළ) අඩංගු නිෂ්පාදන නිෂ්පාදනය / ආනයනය / විකිණීම / විකිණීමට ඉදිරිපත් කිරීම දඬුවම් ලැබිය හැකි වරදක් බව.

දුම්කොළ, පුවක් සහ ඒ ආශිත නිෂ්පාදන මුබ පිළිකා ඇති කරයි.



දුම්කොළ හා මද¤සාර පිළිබඳ ජාතික අධිකාරිය



Major interventions against smokeless tobacco in Sri Lanka

- Social marketing campaign to raise public awareness of danger of smokeless tobacco and areca nut
- Advocacy programs for religious leaders
- Established victim group 'Voice of Blue Pea'

 Conduct capacity building and awareness programs Eg: Public, school children, Teachers, Bus drivers, factory workers and Estate sector interventions





Advocacy programs for religious leaders









Conclusion

Most users are still unaware of the dangers of ST use. We need to focus our efforts on education and training for facilitating cessation of ST use

Thank you

Ms. Anshika Chandra Project Officer

Mr. Kumar Chandan Project Technical Officer