



FCTC

WHO FRAMEWORK CONVENTION
ON TOBACCO CONTROL

WHO FCTC 2025

Australia (WPR)

Status: Review Finalized

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1. Reporting Party Details

1.2. *Reporting period*

1.2.1. Reporting period covered in the report:

1.2.1.1. From

[2023](#)

1.2.1.2. To

[2024](#)

2. Article 2: Relationship between this Convention and other agreements and legal instruments

2.1. *Progress in implementation*

2.1.1. -

2.1.1.1. Since the submission of your previous report, have you adopted or implemented any forward-looking measures that could be said to be contemplated by Article 2.1 “measures that go beyond this Convention and its protocols” (e.g. tobacco-free generation or other strategies)?

No

2.1.2. -

2.1.2.1. Please provide details on the forward-looking measures that you have adopted or implemented since the submission of your previous report that could be said to be contemplated by Article 2.1. Please specify proposed date(s) for implementation:

2.1.2.2. File upload

2.1.2.3. Webpage URL

3. Guiding principles; Article 5: General obligations; also in reference to Article 4.7 and products on national market

3.1. *Progress in implementation*

3.1.1. -

3.1.1.1. Has there been any significant change in the implementation of Article 5 in your country since the submission of your previous report?

Yes

3.1.1.2. Please briefly describe any significant changes to the implementation of Article 5 since the submission of your previous report:

On 2 May 2023, Australia released the National Tobacco Strategy 2023–2030, following endorsement by all Australian Health Ministers. The Strategy outlines a national policy framework for government and non-government organisations to work together to improve the health of all Australians by reducing tobacco use.

On 7 December 2023, the Australian Government passed the Public Health (Tobacco and Other Products) Act 2023 which will further strengthen gains made by Australia's tobacco control measures such as plain packaging. Amongst other things the legislation will provide for:

- expanded advertising prohibitions to reduce the public's exposure to the advertising and promotion of e-cigarettes;
- the continuation of plain packaging requirements with additional measures to enhance the regime such as standardising tobacco product size of packs and pouches and cigarette stick sizes;
- restrictions on the use of brand and variant names that falsely imply reduced harm;
- the mandatory reporting on a range of matters such as ingredients, volume and sales data and marketing and promotional expenditure;
- updated and improved health warnings on tobacco products;
- stronger regulation of product features such as prohibiting devices in tobacco products such as crush balls and flavour beads;
- restrictions on the use of ingredients additives that enhance the attractiveness and palatability of tobacco products; and
- requiring health promotion inserts that encourage and empower people who smoke to quit
- on-product health messages on cigarettes

The reforms commenced from 1 April 2024. Full compliance with the legislation is required from 1 July 2025.

3.1.1.3. If any of the significant changes to the implementation of Article 5 have occurred at the level of subnational jurisdictions since the submission of your previous report, please provide details here:

South Australia - On 31 August 2023, the Tobacco and E-Cigarette Products Act 1997 was amended to address the illicit trade of tobacco in South Australia. These new laws allow for suppliers and sellers of illicit tobacco products to be prosecuted by South Australian Authorised Officers. From 1 March 2024, new Regulations ban smoking and vaping in a variety of public outdoor areas in South Australia, including early childhood services premises, schools, kindergartens, non-residential building entrances, such as entrances to shopping centres, government and commercial buildings, hospitals, residential aged care facilities, within outdoor public swimming facilities, at major events venues declared under the Major Events Act 2013, at organised underage sporting event, training or practice sessions, and on beaches between and within fifty metres of red and yellow patrol flags, and under (and within five (5) metres of) jetties.

Victoria - Amendments were made to Victorian Tobacco Act 1987 to introduce a tobacco retail and wholesale licensing scheme which will commence in mid 2025, with enforcement to commence in early 2026.

3.2. National tobacco control plan or strategy

3.2.1. -

3.2.1.1. What is the status of your current national tobacco control plan or strategy?

A plan or strategy has been in place for several years and is currently being implemented

3.2.1.2. Please specify

3.2.1.3. Is your national tobacco control plan or strategy costed?

No

3.2.1.4. Is your costed national tobacco control plan or strategy fully funded?

3.2.2. Please attach your costed national tobacco control plan or strategy:

3.2.2.1. File upload

3.2.2.2. Webpage URL

3.3. Government expenditure on tobacco control

3.3.1. Please provide the national government's estimated expenditure on tobacco control, for the latest year available, in your country's currency:

- 3.3.1.1. Expenditure
- 3.3.1.2. Currency
- 3.3.1.3. Year
- 3.3.1.4. Don't know

Yes

3.4. Funding for tobacco control

3.4.1. Do you use any of the following to fund tobacco control activities? Please choose the most appropriate response for each of the below.

3.4.1.1. Licence fees for tobacco retailing, distribution, etc

No

3.4.1.2. Tobacco product registration fees

No

3.4.1.3. Fines for non-compliance with tobacco control measures

No

3.4.1.4. Designated tobacco taxes (earmarking)

No

3.4.1.5. Other fees, including those laid on the tobacco industry

No

3.4.1.6. Please specify

3.5. Participation of civil society

3.5.1. -

3.5.1.1. Since your previous report, have you included civil society members who are not affiliated with the tobacco industry, in the development and implementation of national tobacco control approaches?

Yes

3.6. Focal point for tobacco control

3.6.1. -

3.6.1.1. Do you have a focal point (s) for tobacco control?

Yes

3.7. National multisectoral coordinating mechanism for tobacco control

3.7.1. -

3.7.1.1. Do you have a national multisectoral coordinating mechanism for tobacco control?

Yes

3.7.1.2. Is your national multisectoral coordinating mechanism for tobacco control financed?

No

3.7.1.3. Is your national multisectoral coordinating mechanism for tobacco control functional?

Yes

3.7.1.4. Please provide details on the national multisectoral coordinating mechanism for tobacco control (e.g. description of the national coordinating mechanism, frequency of meetings, membership of the national coordinating mechanism, the institution that houses or hosts its secretariat):

Responsibility for tobacco control in Australia is shared between the national and sub-national governments. The national focal point for tobacco control is the Tobacco and E-cigarette Control Branch in the Australian Government Department of Health, Disability and Ageing. Each state and territory government health department also has a tobacco control unit. Australia takes a whole of government approach to tobacco control and the Department of Health has mechanisms to collaborate with state and territory government and other government agencies and non-government organisations.

3.7.1.5. Since your previous report, have you included civil society who are not affiliated with the tobacco industry in your national multisectoral coordinating mechanism for tobacco control?

No

3.8. Bilateral agreement with WHO

3.8.1. -

3.8.1.1. Is tobacco control or WHO FCTC implementation included in your current bilateral agreement (e.g. country cooperation strategy, bilateral cooperation strategy) with WHO?

Yes

3.9. Comprehensive national laws, legislation, or regulations on tobacco control

3.9.1. -

3.9.1.1. Do you have a comprehensive set of national laws, legislation, or regulations that specifically address tobacco control?

[Yes](#)

3.9.1.2. What year was the most recent tobacco control law, legislation or regulation adopted or amended?

[2023](#)

3.9.1.3. Since your previous report, what is the status of your current comprehensive set of national legislation, laws or regulations on tobacco control?

[There is a new, comprehensive law in place](#)

3.9.1.4. Please specify

3.9.2. Please upload a copy of your comprehensive set of national laws, legislation or regulations that specifically address tobacco control.

3.9.2.1. File upload

[1f6fbe1a-510b-458f-8a19-b7fd8fe3a7e7](#)

3.9.2.2. Webpage URL

<https://www.legislation.gov.au/C2023A00118/latest/text>

<https://www.legislation.gov.au/F2024L00415/latest/text>

3.9.3. Do any of the measures implemented at the national level covered under the following articles provide for a specific mechanism/infrastructure for enforcement? Please choose the most appropriate response for each of the below:

3.9.3.1. Article 6

[Yes](#)

3.9.3.2. Article 8

[Yes](#)

3.9.3.3. Article 11

[Yes](#)

3.9.3.4. Article 13

Yes

3.9.3.5. Article 15

Yes

3.9.3.6. Article 16

Yes

3.9.3.7. Other

3.9.3.8. Please specify

3.9.4. -

3.9.4.1. Please share details on any of these specific mechanisms/infrastructures for enforcement:

Chapter 6 of the Public Health (Tobacco and Other Products) Act 2023 outlines compliance and enforcement of plain packaging and advertising provisions (Article 11 and 13). Each sub national government has its own tobacco control legislation which contains enforcement provisions of Article 8 and 16. The Treasury Laws Amendment (Illicit Tobacco Offences) Act 2018 and Customs Amendment (Illicit Tobacco Offences) ACT 2018 outlines a tobacco offence regime in relation to illicit tobacco and unpaid duties (Article 6 and 15).

3.10. Availability and regulation of products

3.10.1. Are any of the following products legally available on your national market, whether for general sale or only under specific circumstances? Please choose the most appropriate response for each of the below.

3.10.1.1. Smokeless tobacco products

No, they are banned

3.10.1.2. Waterpipe tobacco

Yes, they are available

3.10.1.3. Electronic nicotine delivery systems (ENDS)

Yes, they are available

3.10.1.4. Electronic non-nicotine delivery systems (ENNDS)

Yes, they are available

3.10.1.5. Heated tobacco products (HTPs)

No, they are not available

3.10.1.6. Nicotine pouches

Yes, they are available

3.10.2. Are these products regulated in your laws or regulations? Please choose the most appropriate response for each of the below.

3.10.2.1. Smokeless tobacco products

Not applicable

3.10.2.2. Waterpipe tobacco

Yes, they are regulated

3.10.2.3. Electronic nicotine delivery systems (ENDS)

Yes, they are regulated

3.10.2.4. Electronic non-nicotine delivery systems (ENNDS)

Yes, they are regulated

3.10.2.5. Heated tobacco products (HTPs)

Not applicable

3.10.2.6. Nicotine pouches

Yes, they are regulated

3.10.3. Please upload a copy of laws or regulations that regulate these products.

3.10.3.1. File upload

3.10.3.2. Webpage URL

<https://www.legislation.gov.au/C2023A00118/latest/text>;

<https://www.legislation.gov.au/C2024A00050/asmade/text>

4. Article 5.3: Protection of public health policies with respect to tobacco control from commercial and other vested interests of the tobacco industry

4.1. *Progress in implementation*

4.1.1. -

4.1.1.1. Has there been any significant change in the implementation of Article 5.3 in your country since the submission of your previous report?

No

4.1.1.2. Please briefly describe any significant changes to the implementation of Article 5.3 since the submission of your previous report:

4.1.1.3. If any of the significant changes to the implementation of Article 5.3 have occurred at the level of subnational jurisdictions since the submission of your previous report, please provide details here:

4.2. *Measures under the Guidelines for implementation of Article 5.3*

4.2.1. Have you raised awareness among the public in the past two years about the following? Please choose the most appropriate responses for each of the below.

4.2.1.1. The addictive and harmful nature of tobacco products

Yes

4.2.1.2. Tobacco industry interference with Parties' tobacco control policies

No

4.2.1.3. The tobacco industry's practice of using individuals, front groups and affiliated organizations to act on their behalf (to further the interests of the tobacco industry)

No

4.2.1.4. The true purpose and scope of activities described as socially responsible performed by the tobacco industry

No

4.2.2. Have you raised awareness among branches of government in the past two years about the following?

Please choose the most appropriate responses for each of the below.

4.2.2.1. The addictive and harmful nature of tobacco products

Yes, among any branch of government

4.2.2.2. Tobacco industry interference with Parties' tobacco control policies

Yes, among any branch of government

4.2.2.3. The tobacco industry's practice of using individuals, front groups and affiliated organizations to act on their behalf (to further the interests of the tobacco industry)

Yes, among any branch of government

4.2.2.4. The true purpose and scope of activities described as socially responsible performed by the tobacco industry

Yes, among any branch of government

4.2.3. -

4.2.3.1. Have you established measures to limit unnecessary interactions between government bodies and persons working for these bodies with the tobacco industry?

Yes

4.2.4. -

4.2.4.1. Have you had any interactions with the tobacco industry NECESSARY FOR EFFECTIVE REGULATION OF THE INDUSTRY AND ITS PRODUCTS since the submission of your previous report?

Yes

4.2.5. Did you take the following measures to ensure transparency in necessary interactions with the tobacco industry since the submission of your previous report? Please choose the most appropriate response for each of the below.

4.2.5.1. Conducted interactions in public, such as through public hearings

Yes

4.2.5.2. Provided public notice of interactions

Yes

4.2.5.3. Disclosed records of interactions to the public such as posting [records/minutes] of meetings on a government website

Yes

4.2.6. Since the submission of your previous report, whether or not you accepted or rejected them, were you offered any of the following partnerships or arrangements with the tobacco industry? Please choose the most appropriate response for each of the below.

4.2.6.1. Non-binding or non-enforceable agreement with the tobacco industry

No

4.2.6.2. Voluntary arrangement with the tobacco industry

No

4.2.6.3. Tobacco industry participation in youth, public education or any initiatives related to tobacco control

No

4.2.6.4. Voluntary code of conduct or instrument drafted by the tobacco industry

No

4.2.6.5. Proposed tobacco control legislation or policy drafted by or in collaboration with the tobacco industry

No

4.2.6.6. Any other partnership with the tobacco industry

No

4.2.7. Since the submission of your previous report, have you taken any action to reject the partnerships or arrangements offered by the tobacco industry? Please choose the most appropriate response for each of the below.

4.2.7.1. Non-binding or non-enforceable agreement with the tobacco industry

4.2.7.2. Voluntary arrangement with the tobacco industry

4.2.7.3. Tobacco industry participation in youth, public education or any initiatives related to tobacco control

4.2.7.4. Voluntary code of conduct or instrument drafted by the tobacco industry

4.2.7.5. Proposed tobacco control legislation or policy drafted by or in collaboration with the tobacco industry

4.2.7.6. Any other partnership with the tobacco industry

4.2.8. Have you adopted any of the following measures to avoid conflict of interest, including among government officials, employees, consultants and contractors? Please choose the most appropriate response for each of the below.

4.2.8.1. Policy on disclosure and management of conflicts of interest for persons involved in tobacco control policies

Yes

4.2.8.2. Code of conduct for public officials prescribing standards for dealings with the tobacco industry

Yes

4.2.8.3. Ban on awarding of contracts for any work related to tobacco control policies to candidates who have conflicts of interest

No

4.2.8.4. Policy to require public officials who have been involved in tobacco control policies to inform their institutions about any intention to engage in any occupational activity with the tobacco industry within a specified period

No

4.2.8.5. Policy to require applicants for government positions related to tobacco control policies to declare any current or previous occupational activity with the tobacco industry

No

4.2.8.6. Requirement on government officials to declare and divest themselves of direct interests in the tobacco industry

No

4.2.8.7. Ban/restriction on government institutions and their bodies from having any financial interest in the tobacco industry

No

4.2.8.8. Ban on any person employed by the tobacco industry or any front group to be a member of any government body, committee or advisory group involved in tobacco control or public health policy

No

4.2.8.9. Ban on nomination of any person employed by the tobacco industry or front group to serve on delegations to meetings of the Conference of the Parties (COP) or its subsidiary bodies

No

4.2.8.10. Ban on any public official or government employee to accept payments, gifts or services, monetary or in-kind, from the tobacco industry

No

4.2.8.11. Ban on contributions from the tobacco industry or any front group to political parties, candidates or campaigns

No

4.2.8.12. Do you require full disclosure of contributions to political parties, candidates or campaigns from the tobacco industry or any front group?

No

4.2.9. Do you require the tobacco industry to periodically submit information on the following to relevant authorities? Please choose the most appropriate response for each of the below.

4.2.9.1. Tobacco production and manufacture

Yes

4.2.9.2. Market share

Yes

4.2.9.3. Marketing expenditures

Yes

4.2.9.4. Revenues

No

4.2.9.5. Lobbying

Yes

4.2.9.6. Philanthropy and corporate social responsibilities activities

Yes

4.2.9.7. Political contributions

No

4.2.9.8. Any other activities not prohibited or not yet prohibited under Article 13 of the Convention

No

4.2.10. Do you require the disclosure or registration of the following to relevant authorities? Please choose the most appropriate response for each of the below.

4.2.10.1. Tobacco industry entities

No

4.2.10.2. Organizations affiliated with the tobacco industry

No

4.2.10.3. Individuals acting on behalf of the tobacco industry, including lobbyists

No

4.2.11. -

4.2.11.1. Is your government required to impose penalties on the tobacco industry if they issue or communicate false or misleading information to government or the public?

No

4.2.11.2. Have you adopted measures to ensure public access to a wide range of information on tobacco industry activities, such as in a public repository (e.g. a dedicated webpage or an openaccess website)?

Yes

4.2.11.3. Do you prohibit acceptance by any branch of government contributions (e.g. financial, community, etc.) from the tobacco industry or those working to further its interests?

No

4.2.11.4. Have you taken any action to remove or prohibit the granting of incentives, privileges, benefits or preferential tax exemptions to the tobacco industry?

Yes

4.2.12. -

4.2.12.1. Do you have any wholly or partially State-owned tobacco industry operating in your country?

No

4.2.12.2. Do you treat a state-owned tobacco company in the same way that you treat a non-State-owned tobacco company or companies in the setting and implementation of tobacco control policy?

4.2.12.3. Do you separate the setting and implementing of tobacco control policy from overseeing and managing the tobacco industry?

4.2.12.4. Do you prohibit representatives of State-owned tobacco industry from being members of delegations to meetings of the Conference of the Parties and its subsidiary bodies?

4.2.13. Have you taken any of the following measures to monitor and enforce implementation of Article 5.3?

Please choose the most appropriate response for each of the below.

4.2.13.1. Monitoring the tobacco industry, such as through a database on tobacco industry monitoring

No

4.2.13.2. "Whistleblower" protection in code of conduct or staff regulations

No

4.2.13.3. Complaint procedures such as an ombudsperson system

No

4.2.13.4. Measures to establish criminal/civil (including administrative) liability in relation to the implementation of Article 5.3

No

4.3. Implementation of measures under Article 5.3

4.3.1. -

4.3.1.1. Do the measures or actions referred to [in this Article 5.3 section] apply to the electronic nicotine delivery systems/electronic non-nicotine delivery systems (ENDS/ENNDS) industry?

Yes, all measures

5. Article 6: Price and tax measures to reduce the demand for tobacco

5.1. *Progress in implementation*

5.1.1. -

5.1.1.1. Has there been any significant change in the implementation of Article 6 in your country since the submission of your previous report?

Yes

5.1.1.2. Please briefly describe any significant changes in the implementation of Article 6 since the submission of your previous report:

Two sets of scheduled changes to tobacco excise were announced in the 2023–24 Federal budget:

1. Excise rates for all tobacco products are to be increased by 5% annually in addition to routine indexation, starting 1 September 2023 to 1 September 2025.
2. The equivalisation weight used to calculate the per kilogram excise rate on loose tobacco will reduce from 0.7 grams to 0.6 grams over four years: 0.675 grams in 2023, 0.6500 grams in 2024, 0.625 grams in 2025, and reaching 0.600 grams on 1 September 2026. This will progressively raise the excise on roll-your-own tobacco.

5.1.1.3. If any of the significant changes in the implementation of Article 6 have occurred at the level of subnational jurisdictions since the submission of your previous report, please provide details here:

5.2. *Laws and regulations on Article 6*

5.2.1. -

5.2.1.1. Do you have tax policies and, where appropriate, price policies on tobacco products so as to contribute to the health objectives aimed at reducing tobacco consumption?

Yes

5.2.2. Please upload a copy of laws and regulations relevant to Article 6. Where documents are voluminous, please upload only the applicable sections of laws and regulations relevant to Article 6.

5.2.2.1. File upload

[8f80ad10-5f2c-4deb-beeb-725df3e320c5](#)

5.2.2.2. Webpage URL

<https://www.legislation.gov.au/C1921A00026/latest/text>

6. Article 8: Protection from exposure to tobacco smoke

6.1. *Progress in implementation*

6.1.1. -

6.1.1.1. Has there been any significant change in the implementation of Article 8 in your country since the submission of your previous report?

Yes

6.1.1.2. Please briefly describe any significant changes in the implementation of Article 8 since the submission of your previous report:

Responsibility for measures under Article 8 are the responsibility of sub-national governments. See below response.

6.1.1.3. If any of the significant changes in the implementation of Article 8 have occurred at the level of subnational jurisdictions since the submission of your previous report, please provide details here:

South Australia introduced legislative changes from March 1 2024, banning smoking and vaping in a variety of outdoor areas. Regulations under the South Australian Tobacco and E-Cigarette Products Act 1997 are being introduced to address risks associated with passive tobacco smoking and passive inhalation of e-cigarette aerosol. This will occur through the creation of smoke-free and vape-free areas in the following areas:

- at early childhood services premises, and education and children's services facilities (including schools), and within ten (10) metres of their boundaries
- at and within ten (10) metres of non-residential building entrances, such as entrances to shopping centres, government and commercial buildings
- at public hospitals and health facilities, private hospitals, and within ten (10) metres of their boundaries
- (note: the regulation for residential aged care facilities will come into operation 12 months after the day on which the other regulations are made)
- within outdoor public swimming facilities
- at major events venues declared under the Major Events Act 2013
- at and within ten (10) metres of a sporting venue during an organised underage sporting event, training or practice session
- on beaches between and within fifty (50) metres of red and yellow patrol flags, and under (and within five (5) metres of) jetties.

Legislation can be found at: [https://www.legislation.sa.gov.au/__legislation/lz/v/r/2023/tobacco%20and%20e-cigarette%20products%20\(smoking%20bans\)%20amendment%20regulations%202023_119/2023.119.un.pdf](https://www.legislation.sa.gov.au/__legislation/lz/v/r/2023/tobacco%20and%20e-cigarette%20products%20(smoking%20bans)%20amendment%20regulations%202023_119/2023.119.un.pdf)

The Australian Capital Territory has implemented a smoke-free Corrections Facility Policy as of 18 September 2024. Legislation can be found at:

<https://www.legislation.act.gov.au/a/2007-15/>

6.2. *Laws and regulations on Article 8*

6.2.1. Please upload a copy of laws and regulations relevant to Article 8.

6.2.1.1. File upload

6.2.1.2. Webpage URL

7. Article 9: Regulation of the contents of tobacco products

7.1. *Progress in implementation*

7.1.1. -

7.1.1.1. Has there been any significant change in the implementation of Article 9 in your country since the submission of your previous report?

Yes

7.1.1.2. Please briefly describe any significant changes in the implementation of Article 9 since the submission of your previous report:

Australia's Public Health (Tobacco and Other Products) Act which came into effect on 1 April 2024 includes measures to reduce tobacco product attractiveness and palatability by restricting the use of additives. Specifically, it bans flavoured tobacco products, defined as those with a taste or smell other than tobacco. Products with features that allow the consumer to alter the taste or smell, such as crush balls or flavour beads are also prohibited.

7.1.1.3. If any of the significant changes in the implementation of Article 9 have occurred at the level of subnational jurisdictions since the submission of your previous report, please provide details here:

7.2. *Testing and measuring of contents and emissions of tobacco products*

7.2.1. For each of the following tobacco products, do you require testing and measuring of emissions? Please select the most appropriate response for each of the below.

7.2.1.1. Smokeless tobacco

No

7.2.1.2. Cigarettes

No

7.2.1.3. Rolling tobacco for cigarettes

No

7.2.1.4. Waterpipe tobacco

No

7.2.1.5. Heated tobacco products

No

7.2.1.6. Other smoked tobacco products

No

7.2.1.7. Please specify

7.2.1.8. Other

7.2.1.9. Please specify

7.2.1.10. Do you require the use of a laboratory approved by your government for testing and measuring the emissions of tobacco products?

7.2.2. For each of the following tobacco products, do you require the testing and measuring of contents? Please choose the most appropriate response for each of the below:

7.2.2.1. Smokeless tobacco

No

7.2.2.2. Cigarettes

No

7.2.2.3. Rolling tobacco for cigarettes

No

7.2.2.4. Waterpipe tobacco

No

7.2.2.5. Heated tobacco products

No

7.2.2.6. Other smoked tobacco products

No

7.2.2.7. Please specify

7.2.2.8. Other

No

7.2.2.9. Please specify

7.2.2.10. Do you require the use of a laboratory approved by your government for testing and measuring the contents of tobacco products?

7.3. Regulation of the contents and emissions of tobacco products

7.3.1. For each of the following tobacco products, do you regulate emissions (e.g. set maximum limits)? Please select the most appropriate response for each of the below.

7.3.1.1. Smokeless tobacco

No

7.3.1.2. Cigarettes

No

7.3.1.3. Rolling tobacco for cigarettes

No

7.3.1.4. Waterpipe tobacco

No

7.3.1.5. Heated tobacco products

No

7.3.1.6. Other smoked tobacco products

No

7.3.1.7. Please specify

7.3.1.8. Other

No

7.3.1.9. Please specify

7.3.2. For each of the following emissions, please indicate whether it is regulated in tobacco products. Please select the most appropriate response for each of the below.

7.3.2.1. Nicotine

7.3.2.2. NNK, 4-(N-nitrosomethylamino)-1-(3-pyridyl)-1-butanone

7.3.2.3. NNN, N'-nitrosonornicotine

7.3.2.4. Acetaldehyde

7.3.2.5. Acrolein

- 7.3.2.6. Benzene
- 7.3.2.7. Benzo[a]pyrene
- 7.3.2.8. 1,3-Butadiene
- 7.3.2.9. Carbon monoxide
- 7.3.2.10. Formaldehyde

7.3.3. -

7.3.3.1. Do you regulate the contents of tobacco products?

Yes

7.3.4. Do you ban menthol in the following tobacco products? Please choose the most appropriate response for each of the products listed below.

7.3.4.1. Smokeless tobacco

This tobacco product is not legally sold on the national market

7.3.4.2. Please specify

7.3.4.3. Cigarettes

Yes

7.3.4.4. Please specify

7.3.4.5. Rolling tobacco for cigarettes

Yes

7.3.4.6. Please specify

7.3.4.7. Waterpipe tobacco

Yes

7.3.4.8. Please specify

7.3.4.9. Heated tobacco products

This tobacco product is not legally sold on the national market

7.3.4.10. Please specify

7.3.4.11. Other smoked tobacco products

Yes

7.3.4.12. Please specify

7.3.4.13. Other

Yes

7.3.4.14. Please specify

7.3.5. Do you ban menthol analogues, precursors and derivatives in the following tobacco products? Please choose the most appropriate response for each of the products listed below.

7.3.5.1. Smokeless tobacco

[This tobacco product is not legally sold on the national market](#)

7.3.5.2. Please provide details about the partial ban

7.3.5.3. Cigarettes

[Complete ban, covering all menthol analogues, precursors and derivatives](#)

7.3.5.4. Please provide details about the partial ban

7.3.5.5. Rolling tobacco for cigarettes

[Complete ban, covering all menthol analogues, precursors and derivatives](#)

7.3.5.6. Please provide details about the partial ban

7.3.5.7. Waterpipe tobacco

[Complete ban, covering all menthol analogues, precursors and derivatives](#)

7.3.5.8. Please provide details about the partial ban

7.3.5.9. Heated tobacco products

[This tobacco product is not legally sold on the national market](#)

7.3.5.10. Please provide details about the partial ban

7.3.5.11. Other smoked tobacco products

[Complete ban, covering all menthol analogues, precursors and derivatives](#)

7.3.5.12. Please specify which other smoked tobacco products

[This ban applies to all tobacco products](#)

7.3.5.13. Please provide details about the partial ban

7.3.5.14. Other

Complete ban, covering all menthol analogues, precursors and derivatives

7.3.5.15. Please specify which other tobacco products

This ban applies to all tobacco products

7.3.5.16. Please provide details about the partial ban

7.3.6. Do you ban other flavours or flavouring agents (other than menthol and menthol analogues, precursors and derivatives) in the following tobacco products? Please choose the most appropriate response for each of the products listed below.

7.3.6.1. Smokeless tobacco

This tobacco product is not legally sold on the national market

7.3.6.2. Please provide details about the partial ban

7.3.6.3. Cigarettes

Complete ban, covering all other flavours or flavouring agents

7.3.6.4. Please provide details about the partial ban

7.3.6.5. Rolling tobacco for cigarettes

Complete ban, covering all other flavours or flavouring agents

7.3.6.6. Please provide details about the partial ban

7.3.6.7. Waterpipe tobacco

Partial ban, covering some but not all other flavours or flavouring agents, or ban on characterizing flavours only

7.3.6.8. Please provide details about the partial ban

The ban does not apply to a shisha tobacco product insofar as that product contains molasses.

7.3.6.9. Heated tobacco products

This tobacco product is not legally sold on the national market

7.3.6.10. Please provide details about the partial ban

7.3.6.11. Other smoked tobacco products

Complete ban, covering all other flavours or flavouring agents

7.3.6.12. Please specify which other smoked tobacco products

This ban applies to all tobacco products

7.3.6.13. Please provide details about the partial ban

7.3.6.14. Other

[Complete ban, covering all other flavours or flavouring agents](#)

7.3.6.15. Please specify which other tobacco products

[This ban applies to all tobacco products](#)

7.3.6.16. Please provide details about the partial ban

7.3.6.17. Please give details on the specific other flavours or flavouring agents that are banned in tobacco products:

[As outlined in the Public Health \(Tobacco and Other Products\) Regulations 2024 table 121, the following ingredients are prohibited:](#)

[Additives that have flavouring properties or that enhance flavour \(except an ingredient listed in the table in section 122\)](#)

[Amino acids that have been added to the product](#)

[Caffeine](#)

[Cloves, clove oil, clove extract and eugenol](#)

[Essential fatty acids](#)

[Fruits, vegetables or any product obtained from the processing of fruit or vegetable, except activated charcoal or starch](#)

[Glucuronolactone](#)

[Menthol and menthol derivatives, including but not limited to:](#)

[\(a\) l-menthol; and](#)

[\(b\) l-menthone](#)

[Mineral nutrients, except those necessary to manufacture the tobacco product](#)

[Probiotics](#)

[Spices, seasonings or herbs](#)

[Sugars or sweeteners \(except starch\) that have been added to the product](#)

[Synthetic cooling or masking agents, including but not limited to:](#)

[\(a\) 2-Isopropyl-N,2,3-trimethylbutanamide \(WS-23\); and](#)

[\(b\) N-Ethyl-p-menthane-3-carboxamide \(WS-3\)](#)

[Taurine](#)

[Vitamins](#)

7.3.7. Do you ban other ingredients that may be used to increase the attractiveness/palatability or that may be used to mask tobacco harshness (e.g. sugars, sweeteners), in the following tobacco products? Please choose the most appropriate response for each of the products listed below.

7.3.7.1. Smokeless tobacco

This tobacco product is not legally sold on the national market

7.3.7.2. Please provide details about the partial ban

7.3.7.3. Cigarettes

Complete ban, covering all other ingredients that may be used to increase attractiveness/palatability or mask tobacco harshness

7.3.7.4. Please provide details about the partial ban

7.3.7.5. Rolling tobacco for cigarettes

Complete ban, covering all other ingredients that may be used to increase attractiveness/palatability or mask tobacco harshness

7.3.7.6. Please provide details about the partial ban

7.3.7.7. Waterpipe tobacco

Partial ban, covering some but not all other ingredients that may be used to increase attractiveness/palatability or mask tobacco harshness

7.3.7.8. Please provide details about the partial ban

The ban does not apply to a shisha tobacco product insofar as that product contains molasses.

7.3.7.9. Heated tobacco products

This tobacco product is not legally sold on the national market

7.3.7.10. Please provide details about the partial ban

7.3.7.11. Other smoked tobacco products

Complete ban, covering all other ingredients that may be used to increase attractiveness/palatability or mask tobacco harshness

7.3.7.12. Please specify

This ban applies to all tobacco products

7.3.7.13. Please provide details about the partial ban

7.3.7.14. Other

Complete ban, covering all other ingredients that may be used to increase attractiveness/palatability or mask tobacco harshness

7.3.7.15. Please specify

This ban applies to all tobacco products

7.3.7.16. Please provide details about the partial ban

7.4. Laws and regulations on Article 9

7.4.1. Please upload a copy of laws and regulations relevant to Article 9.

7.4.1.1. File upload

7.4.1.2. Webpage URL

<https://www.legislation.gov.au/F2024L00415/latest/text>

8. Article 10: Regulation of tobacco product disclosures

8.1. *Progress in implementation*

8.1.1. -

8.1.1.1. Has there been any significant change in the implementation of Article 10 in your country since the submission of your previous report?

Yes

8.1.1.2. Please briefly describe any significant changes in the implementation of Article 10 since the submission of your previous report:

Australia's new Public Health (Tobacco and Other Products) Act 2023 requires certain manufacturers and importers of tobacco products to provide to the government the following reports for each financial year (financial year is from 1 July to 30 June):

(a) a report identifying the ingredients used in manufacturing tobacco products;

(b) a report providing information relating to the volume of tobacco products imported into, or sold or supplied in, Australia;

(c) a report providing information about the entity's marketing and promotional expenditure.

8.1.1.3. If any of the significant changes in the implementation of Article 10 have occurred at the level of subnational jurisdictions since the submission of your previous report, please provide details here:

8.2. *Regulation of tobacco product disclosures*

8.2.1. -

8.2.1.1. Do you require manufacturers or importers of tobacco products to disclose information about the emissions of tobacco products to governmental authorities?

No

8.2.1.2. Do you disclose information about the toxic emissions in tobacco products to the public in a meaningful way (that is in a way that may be understood by the public)?

8.2.2. -

8.2.2.1. Do you require manufacturers or importers of tobacco products to disclose information about the contents of tobacco products to governmental authorities?

Yes

8.2.2.2. Do you disclose the information reported about the toxic constituents in tobacco products to the public in a meaningful way (that is in a way that may be understood by the public)?

No

8.3. *Laws and regulations on Article 10*

8.3.1. Please upload a copy of laws and regulations relevant to Article 10.

8.3.1.1. File upload

8.3.1.2. Webpage URL

<https://www.legislation.gov.au/C2023A00118/latest/text>

9. ENDS/ENNDS: Regulation of the product contents and product disclosures

9.1. *Regulation of ENDS/ENNDS product contents and disclosures*

9.1.1. Do you require the emissions of ENDS/ENNDS to be tested and measured? Please choose the most appropriate response for each of the below.

9.1.1.1. ENDS

Yes

9.1.1.2. ENNDS

Yes

9.1.2. Do you require the contents of ENDS/ENNDS to be tested and measured? Please choose the most appropriate response for each of the below.

9.1.2.1. ENDS

Yes

9.1.2.2. ENNDS

Yes

9.1.3. Do you require manufacturers or importers of ENDS/ENNDS products to disclose information about the emissions of ENDS/ENNDS products to governmental authorities? Please choose the most appropriate response for each of the below.

9.1.3.1. ENDS

No

9.1.3.2. ENNDS

No

9.1.4. Do you require manufacturers or importers of ENDS/ENNDS products to disclose information about the contents of ENDS/ENNDS products to governmental authorities? Please choose the most appropriate response for each of the below.

9.1.4.1. ENDS

Yes

9.1.4.2. ENNDS

Yes

9.2. Laws and regulations of contents, emissions and disclosures on ENDS/ENNDS

9.2.1. Please upload a copy of laws and regulations relevant to ENDS/ENNDS contents, emissions and disclosures regulations.

9.2.1.1. File upload

9.2.1.2. Webpage URL

URLs in comment due to character limit

10. Article 11: Packaging and labelling of tobacco products

10.1. *Progress in implementation*

10.1.1. -

10.1.1.1. Has there been any significant change in the implementation of Article 11 in your country since the submission of your previous report?

Yes

10.1.1.2. Please briefly describe any significant changes in the implementation of Article 11 since the submission of your previous report:

The Public Health (Tobacco and Other Products) Regulations 2024 commenced on 1 April 2024. The legislation mandates the display of updated (new) graphic health warnings (GHWs) on tobacco product packaging of cigarettes, cigars, bidis, pipe tobacco and shisha tobacco. It also requires the inclusion of health promotion inserts (HPIs) in the retail packaging of cigarettes and loose tobacco products. GHWs aim to inform smokers about health risks and support the intention to quit. HPIs promote the benefits of quitting and direct consumers to services, tools and strategies. The supportive tone of the HPIs are complementary to the more serious tone of GHWs. There are now 10 new GHWs and 10 HPIs in circulation.

On 13 December 2024, an amendment to the Public Health (Tobacco and Other Products) Regulations 2024 commenced which requires on-product health messages to be printed on the paper covering the filter of a cigarette. They provide information to help people understand the consequences of smoking and encourage people to stop smoking, or to not start at all. There are 8 on-product health messages. Each cigarette must have a message duplicated on opposite sides of the filter.

The legislation provides for a transition period for manufacturers (which ended 31 March 2025), followed by a 3-month transition period for retailers (from 1 April 2025 to 30 June 2025). From 1 July 2025, full compliance with the legislation is required.

The new legislation also prohibits brand or variant names which might imply no harm, reduced harm, or positive health effects such as "light" or "organic".

10.1.1.3. If any of the significant changes in the implementation of Article 11 have occurred at the level of subnational jurisdictions since the submission of your previous report, please provide details here:

10.2. *Laws and regulations on Article 11*

10.2.1. Please upload a copy of laws and regulations relevant to Article 11.

10.2.1.1. File upload

10.2.1.2. Webpage URL

<https://www.legislation.gov.au/C2023A00118/latest/text> ; <https://www.legislation.gov.au/F2024L00415/latest/text>

11. Article 12: Education, communication, training and public awareness

11.1. *Progress in implementation*

11.1.1. -

11.1.1.1. Has there been any significant change in the implementation of Article 12 in your country since the submission of your previous report?

Yes

11.1.1.2. Please briefly describe any significant changes in the implementation of Article 12 since the submission of your previous report:

Australia has recently undertaken a comprehensive package of public health campaign activity at the national level. Phase 1 of the National Tobacco and E-cigarette Campaign, 'Give Up For Good', launched on 9 June 2024 with advertising in market until 14 December 2025 and public relations and community engagement activities running into early 2025.

Some subnational jurisdictions have also undertaken campaign and educational activities. Further details below.

11.1.1.3. If any of the significant changes in the implementation of Article 12 have occurred at the level of subnational jurisdictions since the submission of your previous report, please provide details here:

South Australia ran a Statewide Vaping Harms Awareness campaign -

<https://www.sahealth.sa.gov.au/wps/wcm/connect/public+content/sa+health+internet/services/mental+health+and+drug+and+alcohol+services/drug+and+alcohol+services/drug+and+alcohol+information/vaping+information/learn+about+vaping/vaping+harms>

New South Wales (NSW) Health continues to support a range of activities to increase public awareness of the harms of tobacco smoking and e-cigarette use and encourage quitting. NSW Health launched the 'Every Vape is a Hit to Your Health' mass media campaign. The campaign targets 14-24 year olds in NSW to highlight the health harms of e-cigarettes. The campaign is informed by research and testing with the target audience, and includes additional materials tailored to Aboriginal and multicultural audiences. A Vaping Toolkit is available on the NSW Health website with education resources for young people, parents, and school staff: <https://www.health.nsw.gov.au/vaping>

The Northern Territory (NT) adapted NSW Health's "Do you know what you're vaping?" toolkit and has been educating young people (and families and teachers) on the harms associated with vaping, as a demand reduction measure. <https://nt.gov.au/wellbeing/healthy-living/vaping>

The Australian Capital Territory (ACT) Health Directorate has developed and delivered a Vaping, Youth and Health professional learning course for teachers. The course supports teachers of students in year 5 and 6 in the development and delivery of learning programs about e-cigarettes and vaping and is linked to the Australian curriculum. In 2023, the ACT Health Directorate developed and delivered a year 7 and 8 education course to upskill teachers in Vaping, Youth and Health.

11.2. *Anti-tobacco media campaigns*

11.2.1. In the past two years, has there been any anti-tobacco media campaign in your country, at the national or subnational level, that has? Please choose the appropriate response for each item.

11.2.1.1. Aired on television

Yes

11.2.1.2. Aired on radio

Yes

11.2.1.3. Displayed on billboards, transit or other outdoor advertising

Yes

11.2.1.4. Published in press (e.g. newspapers)

Yes

11.2.1.5. Published on social media

Yes

11.2.1.6. Published on a website

Yes

11.2.1.7. Other ads on the internet

Yes

11.2.1.8. Other

Yes

11.2.1.9. Please specify

Cinema, mobile, display, audio apps, online video, native, search

11.2.2. Please provide the name of one of your best anti-tobacco mass media campaigns in the past two years. Indicate websites or other details and upload the campaign materials used if available:

#	Campaign name	Campaign date (From)	Campaign date (to)	Campaign details	File upload	Webpage URL
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11.2.2.1	'Give Up For Good'	09-06-2024 00:00:00	30-06-2027 00:00:00	<p>The "Give up for Good" campaign will be delivered over a four-year period, to contribute to a reduction in smoking and vaping prevalence, particularly among priority and at-risk populations aged 18-55 years. Target audience</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> •Phase 1 of the campaign targeted adults aged 30-55 years who smoke, First Nations people aged 18 years and older who smoke, and adults aged 25-39 years who vape. •Secondary audiences included family and friends of people who smoke and/or vape, pregnant women and their partners and people with mental health conditions and/or dependence on alcohol and drugs. <p>Strategic approach and channels The campaign was being delivered alongside the national Youth Vaping Education Campaign and a suite of reforms that are working to reduce smoking rates and limit access to e-cigarettes so they are used only as a therapeutic aid to quit smoking or manage nicotine dependence. This campaign included separate but complementary streams that raise awareness of the health harms of</p>		http://www.health.gov.au/Giveupforgood
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				<p>smoking and vaping, and encourage Australians to take advantage of newly expanded quit support services. Phase 1 of the campaign ran across television, digital video and audio, social media, radio, cinema and out-of-home channels like in-venue coasters and panels in shopping centres, petrol stations and bus shelters. National coordination A Campaign Reference Group comprising state and territory health departments and public health organisations operates to coordinate and collaborate on tobacco and vaping communication nationally. Evaluation Phase 1 of the campaign performed well against both its smoking and vaping objectives, generating a favourable behavioural response amongst the target audience. The campaign successfully contributed to increasing quit attempts, access to quit support services, and awareness of cessation supports.</p>		
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11.2.3. Did any of the anti-tobacco media campaigns aired in your country in the past two years at the national or subnational level cover the topics below? Please choose the most appropriate response for each of the below.

11.2.3.1. Health risks of tobacco consumption

Yes

11.2.3.2. Health risks of exposure to tobacco smoke

Yes

11.2.3.3. Addictiveness of tobacco consumption

Yes

11.2.3.4. Benefits of tobacco cessation

Yes

11.2.3.5. Information on help to quit tobacco use (e.g. promotion of the quitline)

Yes

11.2.3.6. A national quit tobacco use month or day

Yes

11.2.3.7. Quit and Win tobacco cessation campaign/competition

No

11.2.3.8. Tobacco industry efforts to interfere with tobacco control policies

Yes

11.2.3.9. Adverse environmental consequences of tobacco agriculture, production and/or consumption

No

11.2.3.10. Adverse economic consequences of tobacco agriculture, production and/or consumption

No

11.2.3.11. Tobacco free generation

No

11.2.3.12. Other

No

11.2.3.13. Please specify

11.2.4. Were any of the anti-tobacco media campaigns at the national or subnational level, that aired in your country in the past two years? Please choose the appropriate response for each item.

11.2.4.1. Adapted from campaigns developed in other countries?

No

11.2.4.2. Guided by research?

Yes

11.2.4.3. Subject to pre-testing?

Yes

11.2.4.4. Subject to monitoring? (e.g. to measure reach and awareness?)

Yes

11.2.4.5. Subject to evaluation? (e.g. to measure impacts on beliefs, intentions, behaviour?)

Yes

11.2.5. Please briefly describe the process that was used to adapt, research, pre-test, monitor and evaluate the best anti-tobacco mass media campaign you ran in the past two years:

11.2.5.1. Description

Developmental research - Building on research undertaken by Australian, state and territory governments and other relevant organisations, the department commissioned an external research agency to conduct research to gain a deeper understanding of smoking and vaping behaviours to inform the campaign strategy.

Research was conducted with priority and at-risk populations aged 18-50 years who smoke, vape or both.

Advertising concept testing - Multiple stages of concept testing were conducted to guide the selection, refinement and validation of the advertising, reinforcing the strategic and creative direction for the campaign, including which advertising concepts would be most effective for First Nations audiences.

The research sessions were stratified by segments to ensure a mix of attitudes and behaviours in relation to tobacco and e-cigarette usage were considered. A mix of participants from metro, regional and remote locations, as well as socio-economic status was ensured across all sessions.

Monitoring and Evaluation - The campaign was independently evaluated in line with the Australian Government evaluation framework. Research tracked baseline measures through the campaign period and measured recognition of, and response to, campaign materials against the campaign objectives using the reach, response, impact model.

The evaluation also tracked movement along the quitting spectrum from pre-contemplation to action and maintenance as per the Transtheoretical Stages of Change Model.

The media buying agency analysed the campaign in real time and optimised paid media channels as the media buy progressed. The agency reported on paid media advertising analytics and metrics including video views, engagement rates, click through rates and sentiment via moderation.

Relevant data, such as website page views, dwell time, video views, resource downloads, social engagements, impressions, and unique reach were also used to inform the evaluation.

11.2.5.2. File upload

11.2.5.3. Webpage URL

<https://www.health.gov.au/resources/publications/national-tobacco-and-e-cigarette-and-youth-vaping-campaign-developmental-research-report>

11.3. *Interventions and training programmes to raise awareness*

11.3.1. In the past two years, have there been any of the following behavioural interventions at the national or subnational level? Please choose the most appropriate response for each item.

11.3.1.1. Behaviour change intervention to support cessation of tobacco use (e.g. incentives to quit)

Yes

11.3.1.2. Behaviour change intervention among a specific population to support cessation of tobacco use

Yes

11.3.1.3. Behaviour change intervention to reduce exposure of non-smokers (e.g. children) to tobacco smoke

Yes

11.3.1.4. Other

No

11.3.1.5. Please specify

11.3.2. Please briefly give details on the behavioural intervention that you ran at the national or subnational level in the past two years:

11.3.2.1. Description

WA: Two state-wide smoking cessation services funded by the Department of Health WA including:

oWA Quitline

oMake Smoking History program

NSW: NSW Health provides funding to the Aboriginal Health & Medical Research Council of NSW (AH&MRC) to provide free nicotine replacement therapy and tobacco and vaping cessation activities in Aboriginal communities throughout NSW.

NSW Health has a comprehensive set of resources and training programs to assist health professionals in support people to quit smoking and vaping.

In October 2022 NSW Health published a policy directive establishing minimum standards for midwives to provide evidence-based, high-quality smoking and vaping cessation support to women and their families during pregnancy.

TAS: Smoking Prevention Package for Young People to encourage young people to be smoke free and vape free, with a focus on support to quit.

NT: Brief counselling, telephone counselling, combined pharmacotherapy and behavioural treatment and brief motivational interventions

ACT: The Canberra Hospital operates a smoking cessation clinic where staff and patient's with a doctor's referral are able to access free one-to-one appointments with a Tobacco Treatment Specialist.

- Cancer Council ACT provides training to workplaces, community service organisations, and health professionals on reducing tobacco related harm including Quit Seminars and Brief Intervention Training Tobacco and E-cigarettes | Cancer Council ACT
- Intensive behavioural counselling is offered in some specialist alcohol and other drug treatment facilities (with subsidised NRT) as part of the We Can program, operated by Alcohol, Tobacco and Other Drug Association ACT Smoking Cessation Support - ATODA

11.3.2.2. File upload

11.3.2.3. Webpage URL

11.3.3. In the past two years, have any of the following groups received training or specialized sensitization and awareness programmes on tobacco control? Please choose the appropriate response for each of the below.

11.3.3.1. Physicians

Yes

11.3.3.2. Other health workers

Yes

11.3.3.3. Community workers

Yes

11.3.3.4. Social workers

Yes

11.3.3.5. Media professionals

No

11.3.3.6. Educators

Yes

11.3.3.7. Decision makers

Yes

11.3.3.8. Administrators and fiscal, customs, and justice officials

No

11.3.3.9. Other

No

11.3.3.10. Please specify

11.4. Youth, education or other initiatives by the tobacco industry

11.4.1. -

11.4.1.1. Are you aware of any youth, public education or other initiatives organized or promoted by the tobacco industry in your country since the submission of your previous report?

No

11.4.1.2. Have you made any efforts to counter these tobacco industry initiatives in your country since the submission of your previous report?

11.4.1.3. Please specify

12. Article 13: Tobacco advertising, promotion and sponsorship

12.1. *Progress in implementation*

12.1.1. -

12.1.1.1. Has there been any significant change in the implementation of Article 13 in your country since the submission of your previous report?

Yes

12.1.1.2. Please briefly describe any significant changes in the implementation of Article 13 since the submission of your previous report:

The new Public Health (Tobacco and Other Products) Act consolidates previous tobacco control instruments, including the Tobacco Advertising Prohibition Act 1992 (TAP Act),

to expand the tobacco advertising regulations to capture e-cigarettes. The Act also bans any form of communication or activity that directly or indirectly promotes smoking or vaping, or the use of tobacco products. These can be:

- in writing, images, audio or video
- signs or symbols, such as trademarks
- published for the public to see and hear, including:
 - on the internet or other electronic media (such as mobile phones)
- in films, videos or radio programs
- on products such as t-shirts.

The Act also prohibits tobacco or e cigarette sponsorships and defines sponsorship as any form of contribution (financial or otherwise) to an event, activity, or person that promotes or is likely to promote smoking or vaping.

12.1.1.3. If any of the significant changes in the implementation of Article 13 have occurred at the level of subnational jurisdictions since the submission of your previous report, please provide details here:

12.2. *Constitutional principle(s) precluding a comprehensive ban*

12.2.1. -

12.2.1.1. Are you precluded by your constitution or constitutional principles from undertaking a comprehensive ban on tobacco advertising, promotion and sponsorship?

Yes

12.2.1.2. Do you have restrictions on ALL tobacco advertising, promotion and sponsorship?

12.2.2. If all/part of tobacco advertising, promotion and sponsorship are precluded due to constitution, please upload copy of the constitution/documents. Where documents are voluminous, please upload only the applicable sections of constitution/ documents relevant to the preclusion.

12.2.2.1. File upload

12.2.2.2. Webpage URL

12.3. *Cross-border tobacco advertising, promotion and sponsorship*

12.3.1. Do you ban cross-border tobacco advertising, promotion and sponsorship? Please select the most appropriate response for each of the below.

12.3.1.1. In-flowing advertising, promotion and sponsorship (entering your territory)?

Yes

12.3.1.2. Out-flowing advertising, promotion and sponsorship (originating from your territory)?

Yes

12.4. *Laws and regulations on Article 13*

12.4.1. Please upload a copy of laws and regulations relevant to Article 13.

12.4.1.1. File upload

12.4.1.2. Webpage URL

<https://www.legislation.gov.au/C2023A00118/latest/text>

13. Article 14: Demand reduction measures concerning tobacco dependence and cessation

13.1. *Progress in implementation*

13.1.1. -

13.1.1.1. Has there been any significant change in the implementation of Article 14 in your country since the submission of your previous report?

Yes

13.1.1.2. Please briefly describe any significant changes in the implementation of Article 14 since the submission of your previous report:

As part of Australia's tobacco reforms, a comprehensive suite of cessation support measures is being implemented. These include:

- A national cessation platform (quit.org.au) provides comprehensive evidence-based smoking and vaping cessation support, information and resources.
- The free My QuitBuddy app has been updated to include support for people quitting vaping, as well as smoking. This app is available internationally.
- Funding to states and territories has been provided to expand their Quitline and other quit services to meet increasing demand for support to quit smoking and vaping.
- New clinical guidance developed for health professionals on smoking and vaping cessation, building on clinical guidance being updated by the Royal Australian College of General Practitioners (RACGP).

13.1.1.3. If any of the significant changes in the implementation of Article 14 have occurred at the level of subnational jurisdictions since the submission of your previous report, please provide details here:

NSW: The NSW Government facilitates iCanQuit.com.au. This website supports cessation through increasing knowledge and an online community offering tips and advice on how to quit smoking and vaping.

The NSW Government has developed 'Pave' a smartphone app that supports cessation from vaping, targeting people aged 14 to 24 years. Launched in February 2025, Pave offers tips, motivations, tracking tools, articles and activities to increase knowledge and skills relating to quitting, and distractions to manage cravings.

13.2. *Telephone quitline*

13.2.1. -

13.2.1.1. Is there a telephone quitline number in your country?

Yes

13.2.2. Does the telephone quitline number have the features below? Please choose the most appropriate response for each of the below.

13.2.2.1. National coverage

Yes

13.2.2.2. Free to call or “toll-free”

No

13.2.2.3. Callers speak to a live person

Yes

13.2.2.4. Proactive quit line, makes planned calls to people who use tobacco

Yes

13.3. *Novel approaches to deliver behavioural support*

13.3.1. Are any of the novel approaches below used in your country to deliver behavioural support to quit tobacco use? Please choose the most appropriate response for each of the below.

13.3.1.1. Internet based behavioural support

Yes

13.3.1.2. Mobile phone text messaging behavioural support

Yes

13.3.1.3. Smartphone applications

Yes

13.3.1.4. Artificial Intelligence (AI) technology based behavioural support

No

13.3.1.5. Other

No

13.3.1.6. Please specify

13.4. *Actions that establish basic infrastructure for cessation*

13.4.1. To what extent, if at all, is training on tobacco cessation included in the curricula of each of the following health professional training schools? Please choose the most appropriate response for each of the below.

13.4.1.1. Medical

Some schools

13.4.1.2. Dental

Some schools

13.4.1.3. Nursing

Some schools

13.4.1.4. Pharmacy

Some schools

13.4.1.5. Other

No schools

13.4.1.6. Please specify

13.4.2. -

13.4.2.1. Is it mandatory to record tobacco use in all medical notes?

None

13.4.2.2. Is brief advice to stop using tobacco provided in health clinics or other primary care facilities?

Yes, in some

13.4.3. Is tobacco cessation support offered in the following places in your country? Please choose the most appropriate response for each of the below.

13.4.3.1. Health clinics or other primary care facilities

Yes, in most

13.4.3.2. Hospitals

Yes, in most

13.4.3.3. In the community

Yes, in some

13.4.3.4. Offices of other healthcare professionals

Yes, in some

13.4.4. Is the tobacco cessation support offered in the following places covered by the national/federal health insurance or the national health service in your country? Please choose the most appropriate response for each of the below.

13.4.4.1. Health clinics or other primary care facilities

Partially

13.4.4.2. Hospitals

Partially

13.4.4.3. In the community

Partially

13.4.4.4. Offices of other healthcare professionals

Partially

13.5. *Tobacco dependence treatment*

13.5.1. Can the following pharmaceutical products for the treatment of tobacco dependence be legally purchased in your country? Please choose the most appropriate response for each of the below.

13.5.1.1. Nicotine replacement therapy (NRT, e.g. patch, gum, lozenge, spray or inhaler)

Yes

13.5.1.2. Bupropion

Yes

13.5.1.3. Varenicline

Yes

13.5.1.4. Cytisine

Yes

13.5.1.5. Other

No

13.5.1.6. Please specify

13.5.2. Where and how can nicotine replacement therapy (NRT, e.g. patch, gum, lozenge, spray or inhaler) legally be purchased? Please choose the most appropriate response for each of the below.

13.5.2.1. Pharmacy with a prescription

Yes

13.5.2.2. Pharmacy without a prescription

Yes

13.5.2.3. General store or shop (e.g. supermarket, corner shop)

Yes

13.5.2.4. On the Internet

Yes

13.5.2.5. Other

No

13.5.2.6. Does the national/federal health insurance or the national health service cover the cost of nicotine replacement therapy (NRT, e.g. patch, gum, lozenge, spray, or inhaler)?

Partially

13.5.3. Where and how can bupropion legally be purchased? Please choose the most appropriate response for each of the below.

13.5.3.1. Pharmacy with a prescription

Yes

13.5.3.2. Pharmacy without a prescription

No

13.5.3.3. General store or shop (e.g. supermarket, corner shop)

No

13.5.3.4. On the Internet

No

13.5.3.5. Other

No

13.5.3.6. Does the national/federal health insurance or the national health service cover the cost of bupropion?

Partially

13.5.4. Where and how can varenicline legally be purchased? Please choose the most appropriate response for each of the below.

13.5.4.1. Pharmacy with a prescription

Yes

13.5.4.2. Pharmacy without a prescription

No

13.5.4.3. General store or shop (e.g. supermarket, corner shop)

No

13.5.4.4. On the Internet

No

13.5.4.5. Other

No

13.5.4.6. Does the national/federal health insurance or the national health service cover the cost of varenicline?

Partially

13.5.5. Where and how can cytisine legally be purchased? Please choose the most appropriate response for each of the below.

13.5.5.1. Pharmacy with a prescription

Yes

13.5.5.2. Pharmacy without a prescription

Yes

13.5.5.3. General store or shop (e.g. supermarket, corner shop)

No

13.5.5.4. On the Internet

No

13.5.5.5. Other

No

13.5.5.6. Does the national/federal health insurance or the national health service cover the cost of cytisine?

No

13.5.6. Are any of the following tobacco cessation medicines on the essential drugs list in your country? Please choose the most appropriate response for each of the below.

13.5.6.1. Nicotine replacement therapy (NRT, e.g. patch, gum, lozenge, spray or inhaler)

No

13.5.6.2. Bupropion

Yes

13.5.6.3. Varenicline

Yes

13.5.6.4. Cytisine

No

13.5.6.5. Other

No

13.5.6.6. Please specify

13.6. *Establishing system components*

13.6.1. -

13.6.1.1. Has your country developed and disseminated tobacco cessation clinical treatment guidelines?

Yes

13.6.2. Please upload a copy of the tobacco cessation clinical treatment guidelines.

13.6.2.1. File upload

[9f771265-ac55-429d-b83b-5c7e98bb01ea](#)

13.6.2.2. Webpage URL

<https://www.racgp.org.au/getmedia/924ba55d-dc47-41f9-bf5b-7a4cf9e19963/RACGP-NVP-and-Vaping-Cessation-September-2024.pdf.aspx> ;
<https://my.psa.org.au/s/article/Professional-practice-guidelines-for-pharmacists-nicotine-dependence-support>

13.6.3. -

13.6.3.1. Has your country developed and disseminated a national tobacco cessation strategy?

No

13.6.4. Please upload a copy of the national tobacco cessation strategy.

13.6.4.1. File upload

13.6.4.2. Webpage URL

13.6.5. -

13.6.5.1. Does your national cessation strategy include cessation of ENDS use?

14. Article 15: Illicit trade in tobacco products; Article 6.2b

14.1. *Progress in implementation*

14.1.1. -

14.1.1.1. Has there been any significant change in the implementation of Article 15 in your country since the submission of your previous report?

Yes

14.1.1.2. Please briefly describe any significant changes in the implementation of Article 15 since the submission of your previous report:

The Public Health (Tobacco and Other Products) Act 2023 establishes the Illicit Tobacco and E-cigarette Commissioner (ITEC) within the Australian Border Force. The ITEC Commissioner undertakes an essential role in unifying efforts across government to combat the trade of illicit tobacco and e-cigarettes. Funding has also been committed to Australian Border Force and Australian Federal Police to expand efforts to combat illicit trade in tobacco products.

14.1.1.3. If any of the significant changes in the implementation of Article 15 have occurred at the level of subnational jurisdictions since the submission of your previous report, please provide details here:

NSW - additional funding has recently been allocated for the recruitment of more enforcement officers to strengthen compliance efforts across the state.

TAS: Increased resourcing for compliance and monitoring, including for illicit tobacco and e-cigarettes

QLD: has strengthened controls on the supply of illicit tobacco and vapes with the introduction of significant new penalties for supply and commercial possession.

SA: On 31 August 2023, the Tobacco and E-Cigarette Products Act 1997 was amended to address the illicit trade of tobacco in South Australia. These new laws allow for suppliers and sellers of illicit tobacco products to be prosecuted by South Australian Authorised Officers.

14.2. *Marking of units of tobacco packaging*

14.2.1. -

14.2.1.1. Do you require the application of any markings to units of tobacco packaging, including any outside packaging?

Yes

14.2.2. Do the markings that you require to be applied to units of tobacco packaging, including any outside packaging? Please choose the most appropriate response for each.

14.2.2.1. Assist in determining the origin of the product?

Yes

14.2.2.2. Assist in determining whether the product is legally for sale on the domestic market?

No

14.2.2.3. For units sold on the domestic market, carry the statement: "Sales only allowed in ..." or carry any other effective marking indicating the final destination of the product?

No

14.2.2.4. Carry markings unique to each unit of tobacco packaging (e.g. each individual pack, carton, mastercase, or pallet) to allow the movement of the tobacco product to be traced and monitored through the supply chain?

No

14.2.2.5. Assist in determining the point of diversion and monitor the movement of the product?

No

14.2.3. Do you require that markings applied to each unit of tobacco packaging be: Please choose the most appropriate response for each of the below:

14.2.3.1. In legible form?

Yes

14.2.3.2. In the principal language(s) of the country?

Yes

14.3. *Collection and exchange of information on cross-border trade*

14.3.1. -

14.3.1.1. Do you require customs, tax and other authorities to COLLECT AND MONITOR data on cross-border trade in tobacco products, including illicit trade?

Yes

14.3.1.2. Do your customs, tax and other authorities COORDINATE AND EXCHANGE INFORMATION on cross-border trade in tobacco products, including illicit trade with authorities from other countries?

Yes

14.4. *Legislation to establish unlawful conduct*

14.4.1. -

14.4.1.1. Do you have legislation to establish conduct such as the non payment of taxes, smuggling and application of false markings on tobacco products as unlawful conduct?

Yes

14.5. *Destruction or disposal*

14.5.1. -

14.5.1.1. Do you destroy or dispose of all confiscated tobacco, tobacco products and manufacturing equipment in your country?

Yes

14.5.1.2. Do you destroy or dispose of all confiscated tobacco, tobacco products and manufacturing equipment in your country using environmentally friendly methods?

No

14.6. *Control of storage and distribution*

14.6.1. -

14.6.1.1. Do you have measures to monitor, document and control the storage and distribution of tobacco products held or moving under suspension of taxes or duties?

Yes

14.7. *Confiscation of proceeds from illicit trade*

14.7.1. -

14.7.1.1. Do you have measures to enable authorities to confiscate proceeds derived from illicit trade in tobacco products?

Yes

14.8. *Cooperation and exchange of information among national authorities*

14.8.1. -

14.8.1.1. Do your relevant national authorities cooperate and exchange information with each other to combat illicit trade in tobacco products?

Yes

14.8.1.2. Do your relevant national authorities cooperate with other WHO FCTC Parties and relevant regional and international intergovernmental organizations to combat illicit trade in tobacco products?

Yes

14.9. *Licensing system*

14.9.1. Do you require a licensing or equivalent approval system for any of the following activities? Please choose the most appropriate response for each of the below.

14.9.1.1. Manufacture of tobacco products

No

14.9.1.2. Import of tobacco products

Yes

14.9.1.3. Export of tobacco products

No

14.9.1.4. Retailing of tobacco products

Yes

14.9.1.5. Wholesaling, brokering, warehousing and distribution of tobacco products

No

14.9.1.6. Growing of tobacco, except for traditional small-scale growers, farmers and producers

No

14.9.1.7. Transporting commercial quantities of tobacco products

No

14.10. *Duty-free sales*

14.10.1. -

14.10.1.1. Are sales to international travellers of duty-free tobacco products allowed in stores in your country?

Yes

14.11. *Estimated percentage of illicit products on the market*

14.11.1. -

14.11.1.1. Do you have any information (from sources not affiliated with the tobacco industry) about the estimated percentage of illicit tobacco products on your national tobacco market?

Yes

14.11.2. What percentage of the national tobacco market are illicit tobacco products estimated to constitute for the most recent available year?

#	Number (%)	Year	Sources	File uploads	Webpage URL
14.11.2.1	18 %	2023	Australian Taxation Office - Tobacco tax gap		https://www.ato.gov.au/about-ato/research-and-statistics/in-detail/tax-gap/previous-years-analysis/q-z-tax-gaps/tobacco-tax-gap

14.11.3. -

14.11.3.1. Do you have any information (from sources not affiliated with commercial and other vested interests related to ENDS/ENNDS, including the tobacco industry and affiliated entities) about the estimated percentage of illicit ENDS/ENNDS on your national ENDS/ENNDS market?

No

14.11.4. What percentage of the national ENDS/ENNDS market are illicit ENDS/ENNDS products estimated to constitute for most recent available year?

#	Number (%)	Year	Sources	File uploads	Webpage URL
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14.12. Data on seizures of tobacco or nicotine products

14.12.1. -

14.12.1.1. Are you a Party to the Protocol?

No

14.12.2. Do you have aggregate data on seizures of tobacco or nicotine products from the past two years?

#	Tobacco and nicotine product categories (multiple rows allowed)	Product name	Year	Quantity of seizures	Unit of quantity	Value of seizures	Currency of value	Value of taxes evaded	Currency of value of taxes evaded	Data source
14.12.2.1	Cigarettes and other smoked tobacco products	Cigarette sticks and loose-leaf tobacco (combined)	2024	1 700.56	Tonnes			3 095.91	AUD	ABF databases
14.12.2.2	Other (e.g. devices, other novel tobacco and nicotine products, e-liquids)	Nicotine pouches	2024	13 800 000	Individual units	13.8	million AUD			Therapeutic Goods Administration
14.12.2.3	ENDS and ENNDS	Vapes	2024	7 300 000	Individual units	221.5	million AUD			Therapeutic Goods Administration

14.13. Laws and regulations on Article 15

14.13.1. Please upload a copy of laws and regulations relevant to Article 15.

14.13.1.1. File uploads

14.13.1.2. Webpage URL

<https://www.legislation.gov.au/C2024A00071/asmade/text>
<https://www.legislation.gov.au/F1996B03651/latest/text>

15. Article 16: Sales to and by minors

15.1. *Progress in implementation*

15.1.1. -

15.1.1.1. Has there been any significant change in the implementation of Article 16 in your country since the submission of your previous report?

Yes

15.1.1.2. Please briefly describe any significant changes in the implementation of Article 16 since the submission of your previous report:

[Sub-national governments have responsibility for Article 16. See below.](#)

15.1.1.3. If any of the significant changes in the implementation of Article 16 have occurred at the level of subnational jurisdictions since the submission of your previous report, please provide details here:

[SA- ban on tobacco vending machines](#)

NSW: in 2024 the maximum penalties for selling tobacco or non-tobacco smoking products to a person under the age of 18 were doubled.

- The maximum penalty for selling any of these products to minors is, in the case of an individual, \$22,000 for a first offence or \$110,000 for a second or subsequent offence.
- In the case of a corporation, the maximum penalty is \$110,000 for a first offence or \$220,000 for a second or subsequent offence.

15.2. *Sales of tobacco products to minors*

15.2.1. -

15.2.1.1. Do you prohibit the sales of tobacco products to minors in your country?

Yes

15.2.1.2. What is the minimum age at which a person may purchase tobacco products?

18

15.2.1.3. Do you require that all sellers of tobacco products place a clear and prominent indicator inside their point of sale about the full legal age for purchasing tobacco products?

No

15.2.1.4. Do you require, in case of doubt, that each seller of tobacco products requests that the purchaser provides appropriate evidence of having reached the full legal age to purchase tobacco products?

Yes

15.2.1.5. Do you ban the sale of tobacco products in any manner by which they are directly accessible, such as open store shelves?

Yes

15.2.2. Do you ban the sale and/or manufacture of imitation tobacco products which appeal to minors? Please choose the most appropriate responses for each of the below.

#	Imitation tobacco products	Manufacture	Sale
15.2.2.1	Sweets	No	Yes
15.2.2.2	Snacks	No	Yes
15.2.2.3	Toys	No	Yes
15.2.2.4	Any other objects	No	Yes

15.2.3. -

15.2.3.1. Do you ban the sale of tobacco products from vending machines?

No

15.2.4. Do you ensure that tobacco vending machines are: Please choose the most appropriate response for each of the below:

15.2.4.1. Not accessible to minors

Yes

15.2.4.2. Do not promote the sale of tobacco products to minors

Yes

15.3. *Free distribution of tobacco products*

15.3.1. Do you prohibit the free distribution of tobacco products to the following groups? Please choose the most appropriate response for each of the below.

15.3.1.1. Minors

Yes

15.3.1.2. People under the legal age to purchase tobacco

Yes

15.3.1.3. People who have reached the legal age to purchase tobacco

Yes

15.4. *Sale of individual cigarettes or small packets*

15.4.1. -

15.4.1.1. Do you ban the sale of single sticks of cigarettes?

Yes

15.4.1.2. What is the minimum number of cigarettes allowed to be sold in a packet?

20

15.5. *Penalties against sellers and distributors*

15.5.1. Have you established penalties against sellers and distributors in order to ensure implementation of obligations under Article 16.1–16.5 of the WHO FCTC? Please choose the most appropriate response for each of the below:

15.5.1.1. Requiring that all sellers of tobacco products place a clear and prominent indicator inside their point of sale about the prohibition of tobacco sales to minors

No

15.5.1.2. Requiring, in case of doubt, that all sellers request that each tobacco purchaser provide appropriate evidence of having reached full legal age

Yes

15.5.1.3. Banning the sale of tobacco products in any manner by which they are directly accessible, such as store shelves

Yes

15.5.1.4. Prohibiting the manufacture of sweets, snacks, toys or any other objects in the form of tobacco products which appeal to minors

Yes

15.5.1.5. Prohibiting the sale of sweets, snacks, toys or any other objects in the form of tobacco products which appeal to minors

Yes

15.5.1.6. Ensuring that tobacco vending machines under your jurisdiction are not accessible to minors

Yes

15.5.1.7. Ensuring that tobacco vending machines do not promote the sale of tobacco products to minors

Yes

15.5.1.8. Prohibit or promote the prohibition of the distribution of free tobacco products to the public and especially minors

Yes

15.5.1.9. Prohibiting the sale of cigarettes individually

Yes

15.5.1.10. Prohibiting the sale of cigarettes in small packets which increase the affordability of such products to minors

Yes

15.5.1.11. A total ban on tobacco vending machines

No

15.6. *Sales of tobacco products by minors*

15.6.1. -

15.6.1.1. Do you prohibit the sales of tobacco products by minors?

No

15.7. *Laws and regulations on Article 16*

15.7.1. Please upload a copy of laws and regulations relevant to Article 16.

15.7.1.1. Files

15.7.1.2. Webpage URL

16. Article 17: Provision of support for economically viable alternative activities

16.1. *Progress in implementation*

16.1.1. -

16.1.1.1. Has there been any significant change in the implementation of Article 17 in your country since the submission of your previous report?

No

16.1.1.2. Please briefly describe any significant changes in the implementation of Article 17 since the submission of your previous report:

16.1.1.3. If any of the significant changes in the implementation of Article 17 have occurred at the level of subnational jurisdictions since the submission of your previous report, please provide details here:

16.2. *Activities in the tobacco supply chain*

16.2.1. Are any of the following activities undertaken in your country? Please choose the most appropriate response for each of the below.

16.2.1.1. Tobacco growing

No

16.2.1.2. Tobacco processing

No

16.2.1.3. Tobacco product manufacturing

No

16.2.1.4. Small-scale or home industry manufacturing of tobacco products (e.g. bidis, hand-rolled tobacco, etc.)

No

16.2.2. -

16.2.2.1. Have you implemented programmes or measures in your country to promote economically viable and sustainable alternatives to tobacco growing?

16.2.3. What type(s) of mechanisms to support alternative livelihoods to tobacco growing have you implemented? Please choose the most appropriate response for each of the below.

16.2.3.1. Rural credit

16.2.3.2. Food acquisition for food security programmes

16.2.3.3. Family farming price assurance

16.2.3.4. Technical assistance and rural extension

16.2.3.5. Agrarian reform and credit

16.2.3.6. Social and economic organization

16.2.3.7. Infrastructure and services

16.2.3.8. Crop and income insurance

16.2.3.9. Cooperatives

16.2.3.10. Promotion activities

16.2.3.11. Other mechanisms to support alternative livelihoods

16.2.3.12. Please specify

16.2.4. Please give or upload any information you may have about mechanisms to support alternative livelihoods that have you implemented (e.g. types of initiative, brief descriptions of initiatives, number of persons covered):

16.2.4.1. Description

16.2.4.2. File upload

16.2.4.3. Webpage URL

16.2.5. -

16.2.5.1. Are tobacco growers provided with government subsidies (or public funds) to support tobacco growing/cultivation?

16.2.6. -

16.2.6.1. Have you implemented programmes or measures in your country to promote economically viable and sustainable alternatives for tobacco workers?

16.3. *Alternatives for tobacco individual sellers*

16.3.1. -

16.3.1.1. Have you implemented programmes or measures in your country to promote economically viable and sustainable alternatives for tobacco individual sellers?

17. Article 18: Protection of the environment and the health of persons

17.1. *Progress in implementation*

17.1.1. -

17.1.1.1. Has there been any significant change in the implementation of Article 18 in your country since the submission of your previous report?

No

17.1.1.2. Please briefly describe any significant changes in the implementation of Article 18 since the submission of your previous report:

17.1.1.3. If any of the significant changes in the implementation of Article 18 have occurred at the level of subnational jurisdictions since the submission of your previous report, please provide details here:

17.2. *Protection of the environment and the health of persons in respect of tobacco cultivation*

17.2.1. -

17.2.1.1. Have you implemented programmes or measures in your country that take into consideration the protection of the environment in tobacco cultivation (e.g. measures to address soil degradation due to use of pesticides)?

17.2.1.2. Have you implemented programmes or measures in your country that take into consideration the protection of the health of persons in relation to the environment in tobacco cultivation (e.g. measures to address green tobacco sickness)?

17.3. *Protection of the environment and the health of persons in respect of tobacco manufacture*

17.3.1. -

17.3.1.1. Have you implemented programmes or measures in your country that take into consideration the protection of the environment in tobacco manufacturing (e.g. measures to address carbon emissions)?

17.3.1.2. Have you implemented programmes or measures in your country that take into consideration the protection of the health of persons in relation to the environment in tobacco manufacturing (e.g. measures to address health effects of exposure to tobacco dust)?

17.4. *Protection of the environment and human health in relation to tobacco consumption*

17.4.1. -

17.4.1.1. Have you implemented programmes or measures in your country that take into consideration the protection of the environment and human health in relation to tobacco consumption (e.g. plastics pollution)?

No

17.5. *Research initiatives*

17.5.1. Have you conducted studies or collected data on the following? Please choose the most appropriate response for each of the below.

17.5.1.1. Prevalence of green tobacco sickness

Not applicable

17.5.1.2. Social impact of tobacco growing (e.g. child labour, conditions of work involved in tobacco growing and production)

Not applicable

17.5.1.3. Extent to which deforestation or forest degradation is due to tobacco cultivation

Not applicable

17.5.1.4. Tobacco product waste

Yes

17.5.1.5. Other health/environmental harm related to tobacco cultivation and manufacturing

Not applicable

17.5.1.6. Please specify

17.5.2. Please upload any available documents on the studies or data collected.

17.5.2.1. File upload

17.5.2.2. Webpage URL

<https://www.epa.nsw.gov.au/sites/default/files/butt-litter-index-2022.pdf>

18. Article 19: Liability

18.1. *Progress in implementation*

18.1.1. -

18.1.1.1. Has there been any significant change in the implementation of Article 19 in your country since the submission of your previous report?

No

18.1.1.2. Please briefly describe any significant changes in the implementation of Article 19 since the submission of your previous report:

18.1.1.3. If any of the significant changes in the implementation of Article 19 have occurred at the level of subnational jurisdictions since the submission of your previous report, please provide details here:

18.2. *Criminal and civil liability*

18.2.1. -

18.2.1.1. Do you have measures to establish the criminal liability of individuals or corporate entities for any violations relevant to tobacco control?

Yes

18.2.2. Please indicate which of the following measures apply to establishing the criminal liability of individuals or corporate entities for any violations relevant to tobacco control. Please choose the most appropriate response for each of the below.

18.2.2.1. Tobacco control legislation containing measures for violations of such law

Yes

18.2.2.2. Separate criminal liability provisions in relation to tobacco control (arising from law other than the tobacco control legislation)

No

18.2.3. -

18.2.3.1. Do you have measures or remedies to establish the civil liability of the tobacco industry?

Yes

18.2.3.2. Please specify

18.2.4. Please indicate which of the following measures or remedies apply to establishing the civil liability of the tobacco industry. Please choose the most appropriate response for each of the below.

18.2.4.1. Legislation that allows recovery of tobacco-related health care costs

No

18.2.4.2. Class action procedures for tobacco-related claims

Yes

18.2.4.3. Liability standards that could apply to the manufacture, marketing and supply of tobacco products

No

18.2.4.4. Tobacco control legislation or general law that applies to the manufacture, supply, and marketing of tobacco products

Yes

18.2.5. -

18.2.5.1. Does your tobacco control legislation or your general law that applies to the manufacture, supply, and marketing of tobacco products include enforcement mechanisms such as fines and injunctions against the tobacco industry for violations of the law?

Yes

18.2.5.2. Does your tobacco control legislation or your general law that applies to the manufacture, supply, and marketing of tobacco products allow NGOs or the public to support [the enforcement] of tobacco control laws or relevant general laws (e.g. report violations directly via an official mechanism)?

Yes

18.2.6. -

18.2.6.1. Since the submission of your previous report, has there been any criminal and/or civil liability action taken, including for compensation where appropriate, against the tobacco industry?

No

18.2.7. Please give details on any criminal and/or civil liability action taken, including for compensation where appropriate, against the tobacco industry since the submission of your previous report:

18.2.7.1. Description

18.2.7.2. File upload

18.2.7.3. Webpage URL

18.2.8. -

18.2.8.1. Since the submission of your previous report, has any legislative, executive, administrative and/or other action been taken against the tobacco industry for full or partial reimbursement of medical, social and other relevant costs related to tobacco use?

No

18.2.9. Please give details on any legislative, executive, administrative and/or other action taken against the tobacco industry for full or partial reimbursement of medical, social and other relevant costs related to tobacco use since the submission of your previous report:

18.2.9.1. Description

18.2.9.2. File upload

18.2.9.3. Webpage URL

18.3. Assistance in legal proceedings relating to civil and criminal liability

18.3.1. -

18.3.1.1. In the past two years, have you provided or made assistance available to other Parties in legal proceedings relating to the civil and criminal liability of the tobacco industry?

No

18.4. *Laws and regulations on Article 19*

18.4.1. Please provide copies of legislation, regulations, policies or any other instruments relevant to your answers in this Section (Article 19) and indicate the relevant provisions or sections in the space below:

18.4.1.1. Description

The offence provisions in Australia's Public Health (Tobacco and Other Products) Act 2023 (the Tobacco Act) contain both criminal and civil penalties, including fault-based offences, strict liability offences and civil penalties.

The Tobacco Act utilises the Regulatory Powers (Standard Provisions) Act 2014 to enforce its provisions. The Tobacco Act triggers investigative powers provisions outlined in Part 3 of the Regulatory Powers Act. This enables an authorised officer (as defined in the Tobacco Act) to enter premises and exercise investigative powers where the authorised officer suspects on reasonable grounds that there may be material on the premises related to the contravention of an offence or civil penalty provision of the Act, or an offence against the Crimes Act 1914 or Criminal Code Act 1995 (Criminal Code) that relates to the Tobacco Act. Civil penalty clauses in the Tobacco Act are at 2.2-2.5, 3.4,3.5,4.2. 5.3 6.4.

18.4.1.2. File upload

18.4.1.3. Webpage URL

PUBLIC HEALTH (TOBACCO AND OTHER PRODUCTS) ACT 2023 - <https://www.legislation.gov.au/C2023A00118/latest/text>
REGULATORY POWERS (STANDARD PROVISIONS) ACT 2014 - <https://www.legislation.gov.au/C2014A00093/latest/text>

19. Article 20: Research, surveillance and exchange of information

19.1. *Progress in implementation*

19.1.1. -

19.1.1.1. Has there been any significant change in the implementation of Article 20 in your country since the submission of your previous report?

Yes

19.1.1.2. Please briefly describe any significant changes in the implementation of Article 20 since the submission of your previous report:

The Department of Health, Disability and Ageing has commissioned Cancer Council Victoria (CCV) to conduct research, commencing in November 2024, to gain a deeper understanding of smoking and vaping behaviours during the transition phase of the national tobacco and vaping legislative reforms. Baseline research was conducted with priority and at-risk populations aged 18-50 years who smoke, vape or both (dual users) or recently quit. The results are in draft as of April 2025 and are not publicly available.

In addition, the department is working with CCV for additional research focused on the remaining transition period and future impact of the reforms.

19.1.1.3. If any of the significant changes in the implementation of Article 20 have occurred at the level of subnational jurisdictions since the submission of your previous report, please provide details here:

19.2. *National system for monitoring or epidemiological surveillance*

19.2.1. Have you established or do you provide support for or maintain a national system for monitoring or epidemiological surveillance of? Please choose the most appropriate response for each of the below.

19.2.1.1. Patterns of tobacco consumption

Yes

19.2.1.2. Determinants of tobacco consumption

Yes

19.2.1.3. Health consequences of tobacco consumption

Yes

19.2.1.4. Patterns of exposure to tobacco smoke

Yes

19.2.1.5. Determinants of exposure to tobacco smoke

Yes

19.2.1.6. Health consequences of exposure to tobacco smoke

No

19.2.1.7. The use of novel and emerging tobacco and/or nicotine products

Yes

19.2.1.8. Tobacco-related costs

No

19.2.1.9. Tobacco-related mortality

Yes

19.2.1.10. Tobacco use among pregnant women

Yes

19.2.1.11. The use of tobacco cessation services and cessation (e.g. quit rates)

Yes

19.2.1.12. Illicit trade in tobacco products

Yes

19.2.1.13. Other monitoring and/or surveillance efforts relevant to tobacco control

19.2.1.14. Please specify

19.2.2. Please upload any major monitoring or epidemiological surveillance reports since the submission of your previous report.

#	-	File upload	Webpage URL
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19.2.2.1	Patterns of tobacco consumption		https://www.abs.gov.au/statistics/health/health-conditions-and-risks/smoking-and-vaping/latest-release ; https://www.aihw.gov.au/about-our-data/our-data-collections/national-drug-strategy-household-survey/2022-ndshs ; National Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Health Survey, 2022-23 financial year Australian Bureau of Statistics
19.2.2.2	Determinants of tobacco consumption		
19.2.2.3	Health consequences of tobacco consumption		https://www.aihw.gov.au/reports/burden-of-disease/australian-burden-of-disease-study-2024/contents/about
19.2.2.4	Patterns of exposure to tobacco smoke		
19.2.2.5	Determinants of exposure to tobacco smoke		
19.2.2.6	Health consequences of exposure to tobacco smoke		
19.2.2.7	The use of novel and emerging tobacco and/or nicotine products		https://www.cancercouncil.com.au/cancer-prevention/smoking/generation-vape/ ; https://openresearch-repository.anu.edu.au/server/api/core/bitstreams/d0a8ddd8-73d0-4b50-8456-7097711ac7ca/content
19.2.2.8	Tobacco-related costs		
19.2.2.9	Tobacco-related mortality		https://www.aihw.gov.au/reports/burden-of-disease/australian-burden-of-disease-study-2024/contents/about
19.2.2.10	Tobacco use among pregnant women		https://www.aihw.gov.au/reports/mothers-babies/national-core-maternity-indicators/contents/antenatal-period-indicators/smoking-during-pregnancy
19.2.2.11	The use of tobacco cessation services and cessation (e.g. quit rates)		
19.2.2.12	Illicit trade in tobacco products		https://www.ato.gov.au/about-ato/research-and-statistics/in-detail/tax-gap/q-z-tax-gaps/tobacco-tax-gap/latest-estimates-and-findings
19.2.2.13	Other monitoring and/or surveillance efforts relevant to tobacco control		

19.2.3. In the past five years has nationally representative prevalence data for the ADULT POPULATION been collected in your country for the following? Please choose the most appropriate response for each of the below.

19.2.3.1. Smoked tobacco product use

Yes

19.2.3.2. Smokeless tobacco use

Yes

19.2.3.3. Waterpipe tobacco use

Yes

19.2.3.4. Heated tobacco product use

Yes

19.2.3.5. ENDS and/or ENNDS use

Yes

19.2.3.6. Other tobacco or nicotine product use

Yes

19.2.3.7. Please specify

Shishas/Hookas/Nargillas and Bidis use.

19.2.4. Please give details on the survey(s) used to collect data in the ADULT POPULATION in the past five years:

#	Name of the survey	Link to survey information	Upload survey report/information	Does the survey report include a breakdown of prevalence rates by age for males and females separately?
19.2.4.1	National Drug Strategy Household Survey 2022-2023	https://www.aihw.gov.au/about-our-data/our-data-collections/national-drug-strategy-household-survey		Yes

19.2.4.2	Smoking and Vaping 2022 - Australian Bureau of Statistics	https://www.abs.gov.au/statistics/health/health-conditions-and-risks/smoking-and-vaping/latest-release#:~:text=in%20this%20article,-,Smoking%20rates,years%20from%2022.4%25%20in%202001.		Yes
19.2.4.3	Australian Burden of Disease Study 2024	https://www.aihw.gov.au/reports/burden-of-disease/australian-burden-of-disease-study-2024/contents/key-findings		Yes
19.2.4.4	Australian Bureau of Statistics National Health Survey	https://www.abs.gov.au/statistics/health/health-conditions-and-risks/national-health-survey/latest-release		Yes
19.2.4.5	Australian Bureau of Statistics National Health Survey (includes reports on adolescent cohort)	https://www.abs.gov.au/statistics/health/health-conditions-and-risks/national-health-survey/latest-release#data-downloads		Yes

19.2.5. In the past five years has nationally representative prevalence data for the ADOLESCENT POPULATION been collected in your country for the following? Please choose the most appropriate response for each of the below.

19.2.5.1. Smoked tobacco product use

Yes

19.2.5.2. Smokeless tobacco use

Yes

19.2.5.3. Waterpipe tobacco use

Yes

19.2.5.4. Heated tobacco product use

Yes

19.2.5.5. ENDS and/or ENNDS use

Yes

19.2.5.6. Other tobacco or nicotine product use

Yes

19.2.5.7. Please specify

Nicotine pouch use is included in the Generation Vape Research Project.

19.2.6. Please give details on the survey(s) used to collect data in the ADOLESCENT POPULATION in the past five years:

#	Name of the survey	Age of survey (from)	Age of survey (to)	Link to survey information	Upload survey report/information
19.2.6.1	Australian Bureau of Statistics - National Health Survey - Smoking and vaping 2022 (whole population but reports on adolescent cohort)	15		https://www.abs.gov.au/statistics/health/health-conditions-and-risks/smoking-and-vaping/latest-release	
19.2.6.2	Australian Institute of Health and Welfare National Drug Strategy Household Survey (whole population but reports on adolescent cohort)	14		https://www.aihw.gov.au/about-our-data/our-data-collections/national-drug-strategy-household-survey	
19.2.6.3	Australian secondary school students alcohol and drug (ASSAD) survey	12	17	https://www.health.gov.au/resources/publications/australian-secondary-school-students-use-of-tobacco-and-e-cigarettes-2022-2023?language=en	9e2fe92b-376a-45c7-844c-f9582790f7f9
19.2.6.4	Generation Vape Research Project	14	24	https://www.cancercouncil.com.au/cancer-prevention/smoking/generation-vape/	

19.3. *Research on tobacco control*

19.3.1. Since the submission of your previous report, have you funded and/or supported research that addresses: Please choose the most appropriate response for each of the below:

19.3.1.1. Patterns, determinants, and health consequences of tobacco consumption

Yes

19.3.1.2. Patterns, determinants, and health consequences of exposure to tobacco smoke

Yes

19.3.1.3. Novel and emerging tobacco or nicotine products

Yes

19.3.1.4. Tobacco-related costs

Yes

19.3.1.5. Tobacco-related mortality

Yes

19.3.1.6. Tobacco use among pregnant women

Yes

19.3.1.7. Tobacco dependence and cessation

Yes

19.3.1.8. Alternative crops to tobacco

No

19.3.1.9. Illicit trade in tobacco products

Yes

19.3.1.10. Patterns, determinants and health consequences of ENDS or ENNDS use

Yes

19.3.1.11. Other research relevant to tobacco control e.g. measuring impact of tobacco control policies or interventions

Yes

19.3.1.12. Please specify

19.3.2. Please upload any major research reports since the submission of your previous report.

#	-	File upload	Webpage URL
19.3.2.1	Patterns, determinants, and health consequences of tobacco consumption		

19.3.2.2	Patterns, determinants, and health consequences of exposure to tobacco smoke		
19.3.2.3	Novel and emerging tobacco or nicotine products		https://www.cancerouncil.com.au/cancer-prevention/smoking/generation-vape/
19.3.2.4	Tobacco-related costs		https://www.aihw.gov.au/reports/alcohol/alcohol-tobacco-other-drugs-australia/contents/impacts/economic-impacts
19.3.2.5	Tobacco-related mortality		https://www.aihw.gov.au/reports/burden-of-disease/australian-burden-of-disease-study-2024/contents/about
19.3.2.6	Tobacco use among pregnant women		
19.3.2.7	Tobacco dependence and cessation		
19.3.2.8	Alternative crops to tobacco		
19.3.2.9	Illicit trade in tobacco products		
19.3.2.10	Patterns, determinants and health consequences of ENDS or ENNDS use		
19.3.2.11	Other research relevant to tobacco control e.g. measuring impact of tobacco control policies or interventions		https://www.tobaccoinaustralia.org.au/

19.4. *Voluntary National Review on the Sustainable Development Goals*

19.4.1. -

19.4.1.1. Have you submitted a Voluntary National Review (VNR) on the Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs) since the submission of your previous report?

No

19.4.2. Was the information below included in your most recent Voluntary National Review (VNR) on the Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs)? Please choose the most appropriate response for each of below.

19.4.2.1. Target 3.a: Information on progress in strengthening the implementation of the WHO Framework Convention on Tobacco Control

19.4.2.2. Indicator 3.a.1: Age-standardized prevalence of current tobacco use among persons aged 15 years and older

19.4.2.3. Information on tobacco control under other SDG targets

19.4.2.4. Please specify

20. Article 22: Cooperation in the scientific, technical, and legal fields and provision of related expertise

20.1. *Progress in implementation*

20.1.1. -

20.1.1.1. Has there been any significant change in the implementation of Article 22 in your country since the submission of your previous report?

Yes

20.1.1.2. Please briefly describe any significant changes in the implementation of Article 22 since the submission of your previous report:

Australia has shared its experience in implementing new tobacco control legislation and reform measures with a number of Parties via email and bilateral engagement, responded to numerous requests for information from other Parties, and shared its experience through WHO Western Pacific Regional Office webinars as well as requests from other countries regarding tobacco and e-cigarettes.

20.1.1.3. If any of the significant changes in the implementation of Article 22 have occurred at the level of subnational jurisdictions since the submission of your previous report, please provide details here:

20.2. *Financial assistance for the implementation of the WHO FCTC*

20.2.1. -

20.2.1.1. In the past two years, have you provided financial assistance to help strengthen the implementation of the WHO FCTC?

Yes

20.2.2. In the past two years, to whom did you provide financial assistance to help strengthen the implementation of the WHO FCTC? Please choose the most appropriate response for each of the below:

20.2.2.1. Civil society organization

Yes

20.2.2.2. International intergovernmental organization

No

20.2.2.3. Regional intergovernmental organization

No

20.2.2.4. Party to the WHO FCTC

No

20.2.2.5. WHO FCTC Knowledge Hub

Yes

20.2.2.6. Convention Secretariat

Yes

20.2.2.7. WHO

No

20.2.2.8. Other

No

20.2.2.9. Please specify

20.2.3. -

20.2.3.1. In the past two years, have you received financial assistance to help strengthen the implementation of the WHO FCTC in your country?

No

20.2.4. In the past two years, from whom did you receive financial assistance to help strengthen the implementation of the WHO FCTC in your country? Please choose the most appropriate response for each of the below.

20.2.4.1. Civil society organization

20.2.4.2. International intergovernmental organization

20.2.4.3. Regional intergovernmental organization

20.2.4.4. Financial institution

- 20.2.4.5. Development institution
- 20.2.4.6. Party to the WHO FCTC
- 20.2.4.7. WHO FCTC Knowledge Hub
- 20.2.4.8. Convention Secretariat
- 20.2.4.9. Philanthropic organization
- 20.2.4.10. WHO
- 20.2.4.11. Other
- 20.2.4.12. Please specify

20.3. Technical assistance for the implementation of the WHO FCTC

20.3.1. -

20.3.1.1. In the past two years, have you provided technical assistance to help strengthen the implementation of the WHO FCTC?

Yes

20.3.2. In the past two years, to whom did you provide technical assistance to help strengthen the implementation of the WHO FCTC? Please choose the most appropriate response for each of the below.

20.3.2.1. Civil society organization

Yes

20.3.2.2. International intergovernmental organization

No

20.3.2.3. Regional intergovernmental organization

No

20.3.2.4. Financial institution

No

20.3.2.5. Development institution

No

20.3.2.6. Party to the WHO FCTC

Yes

20.3.2.7. WHO FCTC Knowledge Hub

Yes

20.3.2.8. Convention Secretariat

No

20.3.2.9. Philanthropic organization

No

20.3.2.10. Other

Yes

20.3.2.11. Please specify

WHO Western Pacific Regional Office Tobacco Free Initiative team

20.3.3. -

20.3.3.1. In the past two years, have you received technical assistance to help strengthen the implementation of the WHO FCTC in your country?

Yes

20.3.4. In the past two years, from whom did you receive technical assistance to help strengthen the implementation of the WHO FCTC in your country? Please choose the most appropriate response for each of the below.

20.3.4.1. Civil society organization

Yes

20.3.4.2. International intergovernmental organization

20.3.4.3. Regional intergovernmental organization

20.3.4.4. Financial institution

20.3.4.5. Development institution

20.3.4.6. Party to the WHO FCTC

Yes

20.3.4.7. WHO FCTC Knowledge Hub

Yes

20.3.4.8. Convention Secretariat

20.3.4.9. Philanthropic organization

20.3.4.10. WHO

Yes

20.3.4.11. Other

20.3.4.12. Please specify

21. Priorities, constraints, barriers, needs and final comments

21.1. *Priorities*

21.1.1. -

21.1.1.1. What are the priorities for implementation of the WHO Framework Convention on Tobacco Control in your jurisdiction?

The Australian Government's tobacco control priorities for implementation are contained in the National Tobacco Strategy 2022-2030

(<https://www.health.gov.au/sites/default/files/2023-05/national-tobacco-strategy-2023-2030.pdf>). Compliance and enforcement of measures under the Public Health (Tobacco and Other Products) Act 2023, which comes into full effect on 1 July 2025, will also be a priority.

21.2. *Constraints or barriers*

21.2.1. What, if any, of the following major constraints or barriers to WHO FCTC implementation have you encountered in the past two years? Please choose the most appropriate response for each of the below:

21.2.1.1. Lack of political will

No

21.2.1.2. Interference by the tobacco industry and its allies

Yes

21.2.1.3. Lack of intersectoral or subnational coordination

No

21.2.1.4. Low priority given to tobacco control

No

21.2.1.5. Political instability

No

21.2.1.6. Lack of civil society participation in tobacco control

No

21.2.1.7. Lack of technical knowledge

No

21.2.1.8. Lack of financial resources

No

21.2.1.9. Lack of staff/human resources

Yes

21.2.1.10. Lack of or ineffective enforcement

No

21.2.1.11. Lack of national data or research

No

21.2.1.12. Lack of awareness of the WHO FCTC among decision makers

Yes

21.2.1.13. Lack of or gaps in national legislation

No

21.2.1.14. Constraints and barriers related to individual articles

No

21.2.1.15. Please specify

21.2.1.16. Other

21.2.1.17. Please specify

21.2.2. -

21.2.2.1. Was interference by the tobacco industry and its allies your main barrier to WHO FCTC implementation in the past two years?

21.2.3. -

21.2.3.1. Were you able to overcome any constraints or barriers to the implementation of the WHO FCTC in your country in the past two years?

21.2.3.2. Please describe how you overcame any major constraints or barriers to the implementation of the WHO FCTC in your country in the past two years, and, if appropriate, how other Parties might learn from your experience:

21.3. *Benefit from technical assistance to implement the WHO FCTC*

21.3.1. -

21.3.1.1. Would you benefit from any technical assistance to help implement the WHO FCTC?

No

21.3.1.2. Please describe the technical assistance you could benefit from to help implement the WHO FCTC:

21.4. *Any other relevant information*

21.4.1. -

21.4.1.1. Please provide any other relevant information not covered elsewhere in the reporting instrument that you consider important:

21.5. *Suggestions on the reporting instrument*

21.5.1. -

21.5.1.1. Please provide any suggestions for further development and revision of the reporting instrument:

22. User Manual of the online reporting platform (FCTCData)

[User Manual of the online reporting platform \(FCTCData\)](https://fctc.who.int/resources/publications/m/item/online-reporting-platform-(fctcdata)-user-manual)