Mauritania

Global Youth Tobacco Survey (GYTS)



FACT SHEET

The Mauritania GYTS includes data on prevalence of cigarette and other tobacco use as well as information on five determinants of tobacco use: access/availability and price, environmental tobacco smoke exposure (ETS), cessation, media and advertising, and school curriculum. These determinants are components Mauritania could include in a comprehensive tobacco control program.

The Mauritania GYTS was a school-based survey of students in 1ere, 2eme, and 3eme Annee, conducted in 2001.

A two-stage cluster sample design was used to produce representative data for all of Mauritania. At the first stage, schools were selected with probability proportional to enrollment size. At the second stage, classes were randomly selected and all students in selected classes were eligible to participate. The school response rate was 88.5%, the student response rate was 85.2%, and the overall response rate was 75.4%. A total of 4085 students participated in the Mauritania GYTS.

Prevalence

31.8% of students had ever smoked cigarettes (Male = 38.9%, Female = 22.9%)

28.4% currently use any tobacco product (Male = 33.7%, Female = 22.7%)

17.7% currently smoke cigarettes (Male = 24.1%, Female = 10.6%)

17.7% currently use other tobacco products (Male = 18.9%, Female = 16.5%)

17.6% of never smokers are likely to initiate smoking next year

Knowledge and Attitudes

42.9% think boys and 40.1% think girls who smoke have more friends 35.5% think boys and 30.1% think girls who smoke look more attractive

Access and Availability - Current Smokers

24.1% usually smoke at home

52.0% buy cigarettes in a store

73.4% who bought cigarettes in a store were NOT refused purchase because of their age

Environmental Tobacco Smoke

47.6% live in homes where others smoke in their presence

53.6% are around others who smoke in places outside their home

60.9% think smoking should be banned from public places

45.3% think smoke from others is harmful to them

27.6% have one or more parents who smoke

12.9% have most or all friends who smoke

Cessation - Current Smokers

78.8% want to stop smoking

73.7% tried to stop smoking during the past year

Media and Advertising

78.6% saw anti-smoking media messages, in the past 30 days

76.0% saw pro-cigarette ads on billboards, in the past 30 days

67.0% saw pro-cigarette ads in newspapers or magazines, in the past 30 days

26.4% have an object with a cigarette brand logo

21.7% were offered free cigarettes by a tobacco company representative

School

46.5% had been taught in class, during the past year, about the dangers of smoking 37.0% had discussed in class, during the past year, reasons why people their age smoke

50.2% had been taught in class, during the past year, the effects of tobacco use

Highlights

- 28% of students currently use any form of tobacco; 18% currently smoke cigarettes; 18% currently use some other form of tobacco.
- ETS exposure is high half of students live in homes where others smoke in their presence; over half are exposed to smoke in public places; almost 3 in 10 have parents who smoke.
- Over 4 in 10 students think smoke from others is harmful to them.
- 6 in 10 students think smoking in public places should be banned.
- Almost 8 in 10 smokers want to quit.
- Almost 8 in 10 students saw antismoking media messages in the past 30 days; 7 in 10 students saw pro-cigarette ads in the past 30 days.