1. Age-Friendly Assessment Survey

■ The survey results for the eight areas are as follows

- Housing (1st, 3.42) and outdoor spaces and buildings (2nd, 3.35) had the highest scores among the eight areas.
- The lowest scoring domains are social participation(8th, 3.15) and communication and information (7th, 3.16).
- The overall average is 3.27, indicating somewhat positive perceptions across the eight areas.

Pocheon City Age-Friendliness Survey Results in 8 Areas (Average)

Separation	Area	Average (5 points)	Ranking
1	Outdoor spaces and buildings	3,35	2
2	Transport	3,32	3
3	Housing	3.42	1
4	Community support and health services	3,26	5
5	Social participation	3.15	8
6	Civic participation and employment	3,27	4
7	Respect and social inclusion	3,22	6
8	Communication and information	3.16	7
Total	Average	3,27	

2. Focus Group Interview (FGI)

■ The results of the FGI conducted on the seniors and citizens of Pocheon-si are as follows.

Key findings from the FGI on seniors and citizens in Pocheon-si

Area	Details
Outdoor spaces and buildings	 Construction of unnecessary new playgrounds The number of actual local residents has decreased, causing various problems such as neighborhood becoming factory sites. Lack of infrastructure for senior citizens The need for sidewalk maintenance
Transport	 Inconsistent speed bump heights Need to attach a guide post on the bus schedule Insufficient parking spaces Positive opinions on the elderly driver's license return system Insufficient means of transportation for the elderly, need to expand the Sarang Taxi service
Housing	 Need to expand city gas supply Roofing work is too slow Need for a communal accommodation facility for the elderly living alone Need a support plan that enables you continue to live where you live, instead of moving to other areas
Community support and health services	 Low accessibility to health services Expansion of services support services with AI, IoT, and other technologies to address workforce shortage Workforce expansion and diversification
Social participation	 Lack of sports facilities for the elderly Difficulties with senior center activities for male seniors Lack of professional staff for leisure and culture programs
Civic participation and employment	 Use the senior-senior care area as a job project for the elderly Retirement from farming due to old age Need to improve job system for seniors
Respect and social inclusion	Respect for older adults in the community
Communication and information	 Need to revitalize senior colleges as input conduits from seniors Limited access to information on services and programs that older adults can participate in The number of seniors with access to smartphone is increasing, but regional disparities exist