Islands District Council Action Plan for Improving the Age-friendliness of Islands District, Hong Kong

Background

In response to the global ageing population, the World Health Organization (the "WHO") devised the concept of "Global Age-friendly Cities" in 2005 to encourage cities all around the world to develop a healthy and comfortable living environment with age-friendly facilities and provide sufficient community support and health care services which benefit the older people, family and society. In order to proactively tackle the challenges of an ageing population and promote the concept of an age-friendly City the Hong Kong Jockey Club Charities Trust launched the Jockey Club Age-friendly City Project ("Project") in 2015 in partnership with four gerontology research institutes of local universities, including CUHK Jockey Club Institute of Ageing, Sau Po Centre on Ageing of the University of Hong Kong, Asia-Pacific Institute of Ageing Studies of Lingnan University. The four institutes have formed professional teams under this project to support eighteen districts in Hong Kong to adopt a bottom-up and district-based approach to develop age-friendly communities.

Under the Project, LU APIAS conducted a baseline assessment, which comprised questionnaire surveys, focus group interviews and field observation from July 2015 to February 2016 in order to provide relevant information to the Islands District Council and other district stakeholders on the existing age-friendliness of the Islands District, Hong Kong ("District"). Senior residents in the District have also been recruited as ambassadors to spread the messages of age-friendly city. Training workshops and seminars have been arranged to equip them with necessary skills and knowledge to perform qualitative research by making assessment in the District with reference to the eight domains of the "Age-friendly City". Meanwhile, the residents are encouraged to express their views regarding age-friendly facilities and measures in the community. LU APIAS has compiled the results of baseline assessment, including questionnaire surveys, focus groups and observations by the ambassadors, into a baseline assessment report. The report, together with this action plan for improving the age-friendly Cities and Communities.

Islands District as a member of WHO Global Network of Age-friendly Cities and Communities – Cycle of four stages

Stage 1: Planning (2016-2017)	 Kick-off of the Jockey Club Age-friendly City Project Recruit and train the elderly to be age-friendly city ambassadors Collect feedback and information from elderly participants Develop and implement a 3-year district-wide action plan Discuss baseline assessment findings and action plan through Islands Healthy City and Age-friendly Community Working Group under Islands District Council, and set indicators to monitor progress of the plan
Stage 2: Implementation (2017-2019)	 Implement action plan Monitor progress of action plan using specified indicators Establish appropriate mechanisms to involve older people Submit best practice to WHO annually
Stage 3: Progress Evaluation (2019-2020)	• District Council to review the action plan and draft a long-term action plan to continue the work of age-friendly city in the District
Stage 4: Continual Improvement (2020)	 Regular meetings of the Islands Healthy City and Age-friendly Community Working Group to review and discuss the age-friendly city development Regular report to WHO

The following four stages recommended by WHO will be implemented in the District:-

Age-friendly city in Islands District, Hong Kong

The *Global Age-friendly Cities: A Guide* outlines the following eight domains of an age-friendly city:

- (1) Outdoor spaces and buildings
- (2) Transportation
- (3) Housing
- (4) Social participation
- (5) Respect and social inclusion
- (6) Civic participation and employment
- (7) Communication and information
- (8) Community support and health services

Funded by the Hong Kong Jockey Club Charities Trust, a baseline assessment was conducted by LU APIAS from July 2015 to February 2016. A total of 500 residents were interviewed through questionnaire surveys and five focus groups were conducted. Comments on the progress of age-friendliness improvements and suggestions were collected. LU APIAS analysed the age-friendliness of the existing environment and services to the elderly and gave recommendations for future improvements. A bottom-up participatory approach has been adopted to involve older people in the District to give their feedback and suggestions since they are the ultimate beneficiaries under the Project.

Under the Project, elderly ambassadors attended a series of training workshops on the concept of age-friendly city and ways to assess the eight domains of age-friendly city which enabled them to conduct site investigations in the District. Results of questionnaire surveys, focus group interviews and observations by ambassadors have resulted in suggestions on enhancing the age-friendliness of the District, listed in accordance with the eight domains of age-friendly city. NGOs and government departments will be invited to provide updates on the action plan and follow-up actions taken, as the District continues to work towards being an age-friendly city.

Islands District Council Action Plan and Timeline for Improving Age-friendliness of Islands District, Hong Kong

Rating based on the questionnaire results (score from 1 to 6)

- \checkmark = Fair (scored 2.5 to 3.5 out of 6)
- $\checkmark \checkmark$ = Average (scored 3.51 to 4.5 out of 6)
- $\sqrt[4]{\sqrt{4}}$ = Good (scored 4.51 to 6 out of 6)
- = not applicable or cannot be indicated from the questionnaire survey

Remarks:

* The rating is based on the mean scores of corresponding items from the questionnaire results.

* Suggestions and follow-up actions are based on comments collected from focus groups.

	Age-friendly	WHO Checklist		Suggestions and I	Follow-up actions
	City Domains			Short Term	Long Term
1	Outdoor Spaces	1.1 Public areas are clean and pleasant.	$\checkmark\checkmark$	1. Provide suggestions for	1. Assess and review the
	and Buildings	 Green spaces and outdoor seating are sufficient in number, well-maintained and safe. Pavements are well-maintained, free of obstruction and reserved for pedestrians. Pavements are non-slip, wide enough for wheelchairs and have dropped curbs to road level. 	-	suitable minor works programmes, such as road repair works and installation of direction signs and shelters.	sufficiency of existing facilities and infrastructure in the district with relevant government bureaux/ departments to cater for residents' needs.

	Age-friendly		WHO Checklist			Suggestions and	Follow-up action			
	City Domains				Short Term			Long Term		
1	Outdoor Spaces and Buildings (Con't)	n le n a	Pedestrian crossings are sufficient in number and safe for people with different evels and types of disability, with nonslip narkings, visual and audio cues and idequate crossing time.		2.	Relay views to the Food and Environmental Hygiene Department (FEHD) with a view to improving the problem of shop front	2.	Provide suggestions of suitable locations for the "Universal Accessibility Programme" of the Government, through which		
			Drivers give way to pedestrians at ntersections and pedestrian crossings.	$\checkmark\checkmark$		extensions.		barrier-free access facilities will be installed at		
			Cycle paths are separate from pavements and other pedestrian walkways.	\checkmark				suitable locations.		
		li	Dutdoor safety is promoted by good street ighting, police patrol and community education.	$\checkmark\checkmark$			3.	Encourage and appeal to the private sector for providing specialised customer		
			Services are situated in close proximity and are accessible.	$\checkmark\checkmark$				services (e.g. banking services) for older people in		
		р	Special customer service arrangements are provided, such as separate queues or ervice counters for older people.	\checkmark				the district through appropriate publicity and public education		
		iı a	Buildings are well-signed outside and nside, with sufficient seating and toilets, accessible elevators, ramps, railings and tairs, and non-slip floors.	$\checkmark\checkmark$				programmes.		
		S	Public toilets outdoors and indoors are ufficient in number, clean, vell-maintained and accessible.	$\checkmark\checkmark$						

	Age-friendly		WHO Checklist			Suggestions and I	Suggestions and Follow-up action		
	City Domains				Short Term			Long Term	
2	Transportation	2.1	Public transportation is affordable and related information is consistent and clearly displayed.	$\checkmark\checkmark$	1.	Continue to provide advice on traffic and transport matters through the Traffic	1.	Discuss the possibility of introducing transportation service within	
		2.2	Public transportation is reliable and frequent, including at night and during weekends and holidays.	$\checkmark\checkmark$		and Transport Committee under the Islands District Council.		sub-communities and on outlying islands through the Traffic and Transport	
		2.3	All city areas and services are accessible by public transport, with good connections and well-marked routes and vehicles.	$\checkmark\checkmark$	2.	The Traffic and Transport Committee under the		Committee of the Islands District Council or meetings with the relevant	
		2.4	Vehicles are clean, well-maintained, accessible, not overcrowded and have recognized priority seating.	$\checkmark\checkmark$		Islands District Council to support community activities promoting road	2.	government departments. Work with the relevant	
		2.5	Specialized transportation is available for disabled people.	\checkmark		safety.		government departments to evaluate the capacity of	
		2.6	Drivers stop at designated stops and beside the curb to facilitate boarding. Drivers also wait for passengers to be seated before driving off.	$\checkmark\checkmark$				transportation on Lantau Island, especially in the restricted traffic zones during holidays.	
		2.7	Transport stops and stations are conveniently located, accessible, safe, clean, well-lit and well-marked, with adequate seating and shelter.	$\checkmark\checkmark$					

	Age-friendly	WHO Checklist			Suggestions a	nd Follow-up action
	City Domains				Short Term	Long Term
2	Transportation (Con't)	pr	omplete and accessible information is rovided to users about routes, schedules and special needs facilities.	\checkmark		
			voluntary transport service is available here public transportation is limited.	\checkmark		
			axis are accessible and affordable, and rivers are courteous and helpful	$\checkmark\checkmark$		
			oads are well-maintained, with covered rains and good lighting.	$\checkmark\checkmark$		
		2.12 Ti	raffic flow is well-regulated.	$\checkmark\checkmark$		
			oadways are free of obstruction that lock drivers' vision.	$\checkmark\checkmark$		
			raffic signs and intersections are visible nd well-placed.	$\checkmark\checkmark$		
			river education and refresher courses are romoted for all drivers.	-		
		su	arking and drop-off areas are safe, afficient in number and conveniently ocated.	-		
		pe	riority parking and drop-off spots for eople with special needs are available and espected.	-		

	Age-friendly	WHO Checklist	Suggestions and Follow-up action
	City Domains		Short Term Long Term
3	Housing	 3.1 Sufficient, affordable housing is available √√ in areas that are safe and close in proximity to services and the rest of the community. 3.2 Sufficient and affordable home √ 	1.Provide home modification1.Relayviewstotheservices and promote the existingrelevantgovernmentexistingmaintenance services to older people indepartmentsregarding evaluation
		maintenance and support services are available.	need through appropriate design and policy for the elderly (e.g. promote the
		3.3 Housing is well-constructed and provides $\checkmark\checkmark$ safe and comfortable shelter from the weather.	2.Relay views to the relevant governmentHarmoniousFamiliesof Housing Department,
		3.4 Interior spaces and level surfaces allow \checkmark freedom of movement in all rooms and passageways.	regarding law enforcement which offers priority to on illegal dumping of waste. which offers priority to applicants of public rental housing with elderly
		3.5 Home modification options and supplies are \checkmark available and affordable, and providers understand the needs of older people.	family members, to live in one flat or two nearby flats according to their choice of district and the
		3.6 Public and commercial rental housing is - clean, well-maintained and safe.	number of flats available for their family situations;
		 3.7 Sufficient and affordable housing for frail ✓ and disabled older people, with appropriate services, is provided locally. 	provision of maintenance services to elderly residents) residing in public housing estates

	Age-friendly	WHO Checklist			Suggestions and I	Foll	low-up action
	City Domains				Short Term	Long Term	
4	Social Participation	4.1 Venues for events and activities are - conveniently located, accessible, well-lit and easily reached by public transport.		1.	Encourage NGOs to consider the preferences and needs of different	1.	Encourage the local elderly centres and NGOs to evaluate the existing
		4.2 Events are held at times convenient for older - people.			genders while planning social activities.		barrier-free facilities in the centres.
		4.3Activities and events can be attended alone $\checkmark\checkmark\checkmark$ or with a companion.		2.	Encourage service		Discuss with the relevant
		4.4Activities and attractions are affordable, with no hidden or additional participation costs. $\checkmark\checkmark$		_	providers and NGOs to continue the existing		government departments regarding the possibility of
		4.5 Good information about activities and events is provided, including details about accessibility of facilities and transportation options for older people.			promotion or activities to strengthen neighbourhood support networks.		establishing elderly centres and elderly gathering spots on outlying islands.
		4.6 A wide variety of activities is offered to appeal to a diverse population of older people.					
		 4.7 Gatherings engaging older people are held in various local community spots, such as recreation centres, schools, libraries, community centres and parks. 					
		4.8There is consistent outreach to include people at risk of social isolation. \checkmark					

	Age-friendly	WHO Checklist				Suggestions and	Follo	ow-up action
	City Domains					Short Term		Long Term
5	Respect and Social Inclusion	5.1	Older people are regularly consulted by public, voluntary and commercial services on how to serve them better.	$\checkmark\checkmark$	 2. Local NGOs to carry out more age-friendly city ambassador trainings for promoting respect and social inclusion. 	organise activities to	1.	EncouragecooperationbetweentheElderAcademy and schools to
		5.2	Services and products to suit varying needs and preferences are provided by public and commercial services.	$\checkmark\checkmark$			promote a spirit of respect among students	
		5.3	Service staff is courteous and helpful.	$\checkmark\checkmark$				
		5.4	Older people are visible in the media, and are depicted positively and without stereotyping.	$\checkmark\checkmark$				
		5.5	Community-wide settings, activities and events attract all generations by accommodating age-specific needs and preferences.	-				
		5.6	Older people are specifically included in community activities for "families".	-				
		5.7	Schools provide opportunities to learn about ageing and older people, and involve older people in school activities.	$\checkmark\checkmark$				
		5.8	Older people are recognized by the community for their past as well as present contributions.	$\checkmark \checkmark \checkmark$				
		5.9	Older people who are less well-off have good access to public, voluntary and private services.	-				

	Age-friendly	WHO Checklist		Suggestions and Follow-up action
	City Domains			Short Term Long Term
6	Civic Participation and	6.1 A range of flexible options for older volunteers is available, with training, recognition, guidance and subsidies. ✓	 ✓ 	1.District Council members1.Toestablishantocontinuegatheringage-friendlyworkingcommentsfromlocalgroupunder the Islands
	Employment	6.2 The qualities of older employees are well \checkmark promoted.		residents, including older District Council, which people, through various has 1/4 of members as
		6.3 A range of flexible and appropriately paid ✓ opportunities for older people to work is promoted.	,	means, such as the Meet the Public Scheme.elderly, to serve as a platform to collect residents' opinion.
		6.4 Discrimination on the basis of age alone is forbidden in the hiring, retention, promotion and training of employees. ✓	Ń	 2. Cooperate with NGOs to promote the importance of the elderly's contribution to 2. Appeal to all sectors, with the assistance of relevant
		6.5 Workplaces are adapted to meet the needs - of disabled people.		the society.government departments, for promoting elderly3. Relay views to NGOs andemployment
		6.6 Self-employment options for older people - are promoted and supported.		other organisations, such as the Airport Authority, to 3. Collect local residents'
		6.7 Training in post-retirement options is - provided for older workers.		employ the elderly and views on any proposed create more suitable changes on land use
		6.8 Decision-making bodies in public, private - and voluntary sectors encourage and facilitate membership of older people.		part-time job opportunities through meetings with District Council members.

	Age-friendly		WHO Checklist			Suggestions and I	Follo	ow-up action	
	City Domains					Short Term	Long Term		
7	Communication and Information	7.1	A basic, effective communication system reaches residents of all ages in the community.	\checkmark	1.	Encourage NGOs to implement appropriate	Relay views to the relevant government departments and private		
		7.2	Regular and widespread distribution of information is assured and a coordinated, centralized access is provided.	-		community programmes to promote communication and information exchange		service providers regarding the coverage of	
		7.3	Regular information and programmes of interest to older people are offered.	$\checkmark\checkmark$		among older people (e.g. training for older people on		mobile network on Lantau Island	
		7.4	Oral communication accessible to older people is promoted.	-	the use of instant messaging apps on smartphones)				
		7.5	People at risk of social isolation get one-to-one information from trusted individuals.	$\checkmark\checkmark$		•••			
				2.	Encourage NGOs to form				
	7.6 7.7 7.8	7.6	Public and commercial services provide friendly, person-to-person service on request.	-		0 1	effective communication of		
		Printed information – including official forms, television subtitles and text on visual displays – is usually in large fonts and the main ideas are shown by clear headings and bold-face type.	-			older people.			
		7.8	Print and spoken communication uses simple, familiar words in short, straightforward sentences.	-					

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	City Domains			Short Term	Long Term
7	Communication and Information (Con't)	7.9 Telephone answering services give instructions slowly and clearly and offer options for callers to repeat the message.	$\checkmark \checkmark$		
		7.10 Electronic equipment, such as mobile telephones, radios, televisions, and bank and ticket machines, has large buttons and big lettering.	$\checkmark\checkmark$		
		7.11 There is wide public access to computers and the Internet, at no or minimal charge, in public places such as government offices, community centres and public libraries.	$\checkmark \checkmark$		

	Age-friendly		WHO Checklist		Suggestions and Follow-up action
	City Domains				Short Term Long Term
8	Community and Health Services	8.1 8.2	An adequate range of health and community support services is offered for promoting health. Home care services include health and		1. EncourageNGOsto1.Relay views to relevantorganizeappropriategovernmentcommunityprogrammes tobureaux/departmentsonenhancesupportforolder
		personal care and housekeeping.		people and their carers columbarium niches and related facilities.	
		8.3	Health and social services are conveniently located and accessible by all means of transport.	-	2. Appeal to the Hospital Authority to evaluate the 2. Appeal to the relevant

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8.4	Residential care facilities and designated older people's housing are located close to services and the rest of the community.	\checkmark	 existing services of North Lantau Hospital. 3. Appeal to the Hospital Authority for further improving the telephone appointment system for outpatient clinics 	government bureaux/departments to evaluate the existing supply of residential care services and day-care services for the elderly,
8.5	Health and community service facilities are safely constructed and fully accessible.	-		
8.6	Clear and accessible information on health and social services for older people is provided.	-		like increasing the quota of Community Service Voucher for the Elderly
8.7	Delivery of services is coordinated and administratively simple.	-		and Residential Care Service Voucher for the Elderly.
8.8	All staff are respectful, helpful and trained to serve older people.	-		3. Review the possibility of
8.9	Economic barriers impeding access to health and community support services are minimized.	$\checkmark\checkmark$		carrying out the concept of "medical and social integration" to provide
8.10	Voluntary services by people of all ages are encouraged and supported.	-		health care services.4. Relay views to the
8.11	There are sufficient and accessible burial sites.	 ✓ 		relevant government bureaux/departments to improve the existing
8.12	Community emergency planning takes into account the vulnerabilities and capacities of older people.	✓		transportation services between the district and service facilities.

Reference: World Health Organization. (2007). *Global age-friendly cities: A guide*. World Health Organization.